



mHealth



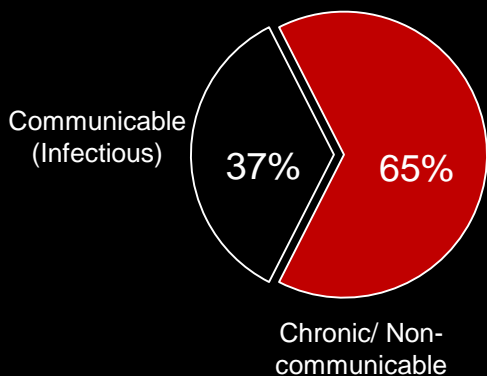
# The Diabetes Programme

## Michael Morgan-Curran

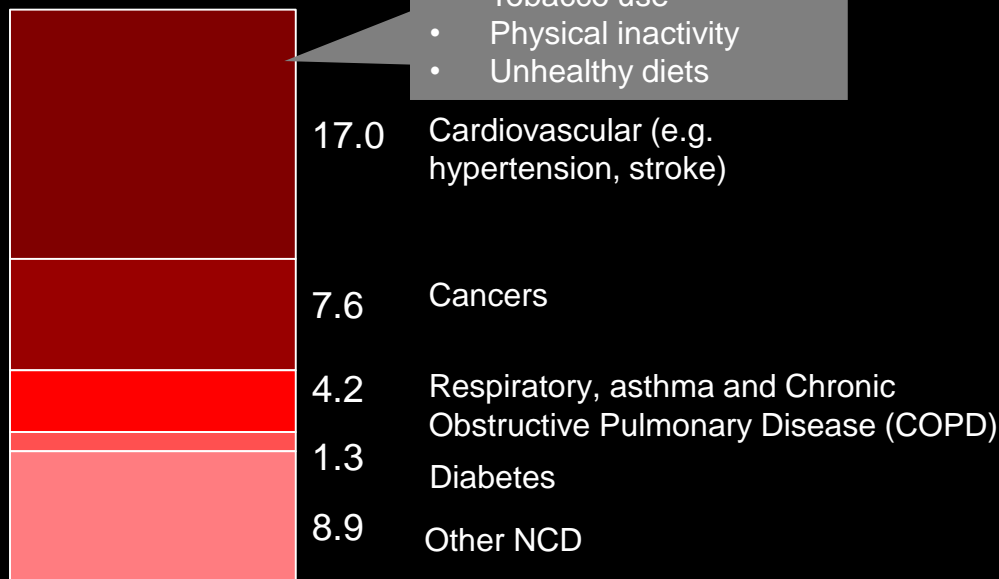
# Chronic diseases - long duration and generally slow progression

More people die of Chronic NCD than communicable diseases

## Causes of global mortality (Total: 57 million in 2008)

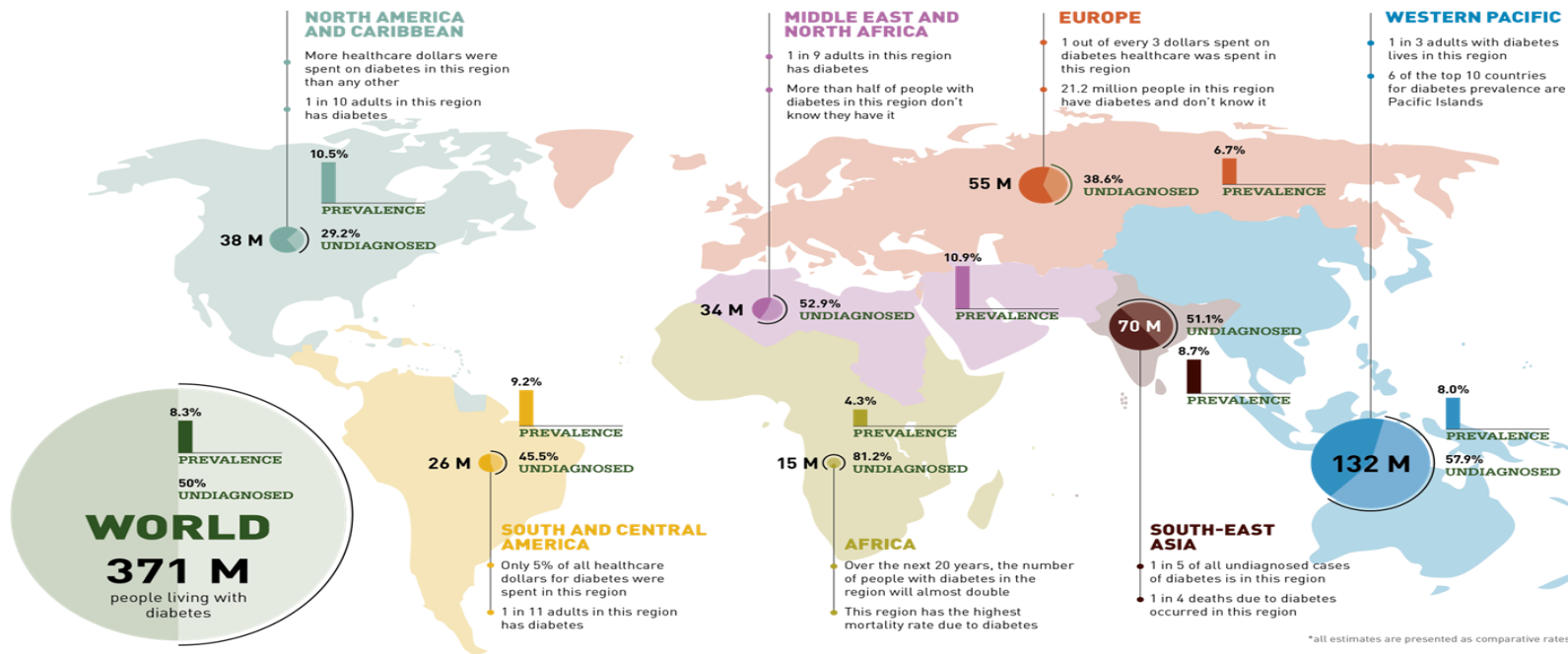


\*Includes maternal, perinatal and nutritional conditions



Source: WHO

# 552 million individuals will suffer from diabetes by 2030 up by >150%



# The majority of the world diabetes patients live in the region



- 202 million patients living with diabetes
- Will rise to 308 million by 2020
- 75.8 USD billion spend
- 2.8 million unnecessary deaths

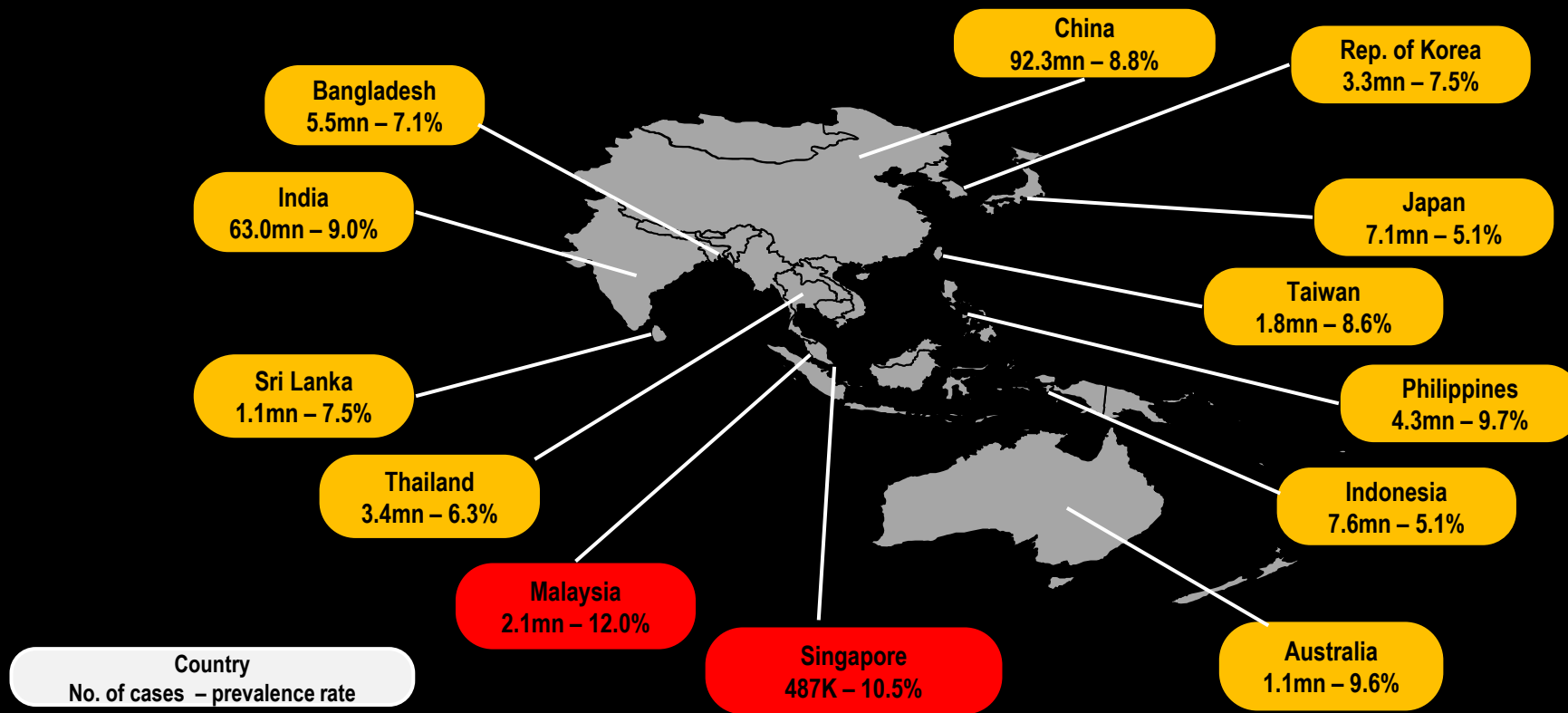


## Top 5 countries

- India 63.0 m
- China 92.3 m
- Indonesia 7.6 m
- Japan 7.1 m
- Bangladesh 5.5 m

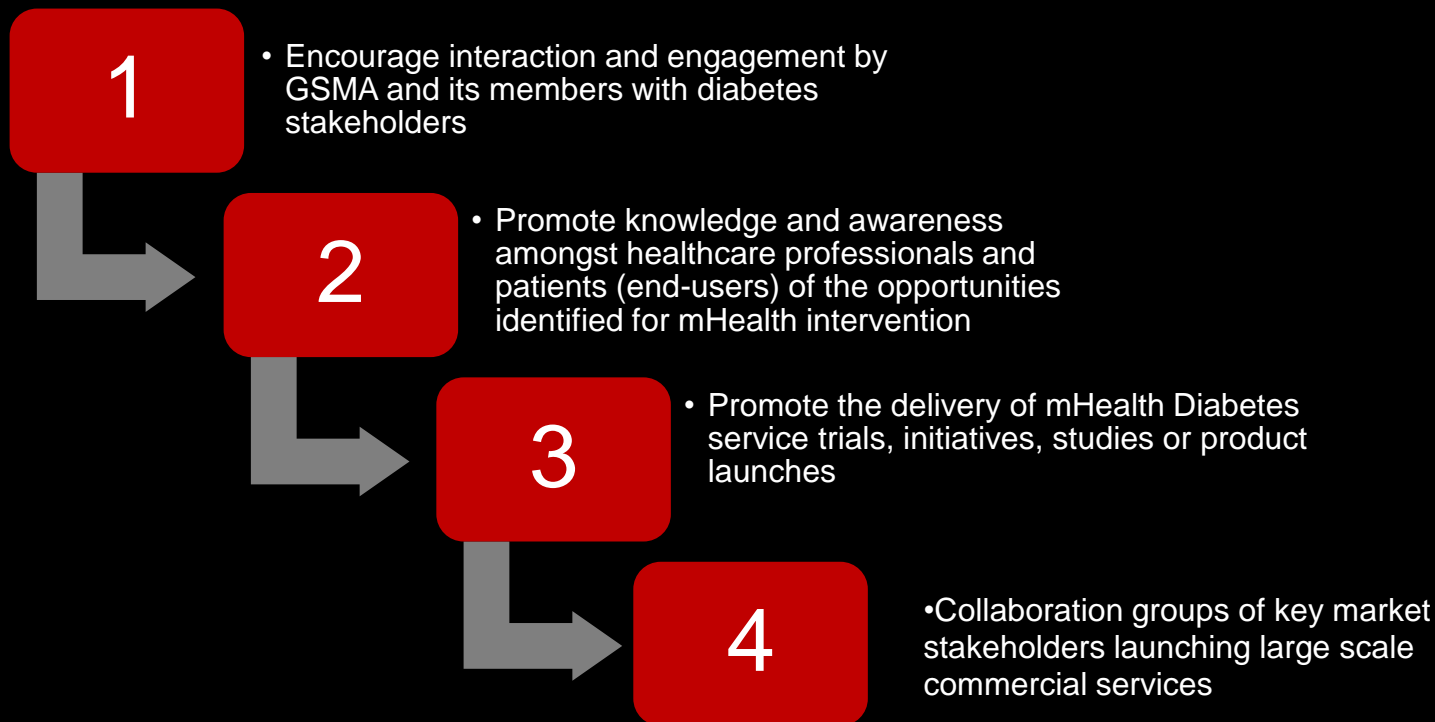
IDF Atlas 5<sup>th</sup> edition

# Diabetes: cases and prevalence across SE Asia & W Pacific



Source: IDF Diabetes Atlas 2012

# mDiabetes campaign objectives



# mDiabetes campaign



.....Act and collaborate locally



# Alignment with strategic partners



*WHO & ITU launch m-Health initiative to combat non-communicable diseases - 17th Oct 2012*

The screenshot shows the WHO Media Centre website. The header includes the WHO logo and navigation tabs for 'Media centre', 'Publications', 'Countries', and 'Programmes and projects'. A search bar is present. The main content area features the headline 'ITU and WHO launch mHealth initiative to combat noncommunicable diseases' with a sub-headline 'Plan to save lives and reduce costs agreed at ITU Telecom World 2012'. Below this is a 'Joint ITU/WHO news release' dated 17 OCTOBER 2012 | DUBAI, UNITED ARAB EMIRATES. The text describes the launch of the 'mHealth' initiative by the International Telecommunication Union (ITU) and WHO to use mobile technology to combat noncommunicable diseases (NCDs) such as diabetes, cancer, cardiovascular diseases and chronic respiratory diseases. It notes that NCDs are leading causes of death and disease globally, contributing to an estimated 36 million deaths every year, including 14 million people dying between the ages of 30 and 70. The initiative aims to help save lives, reduce illness and disability, and reduce healthcare costs significantly.

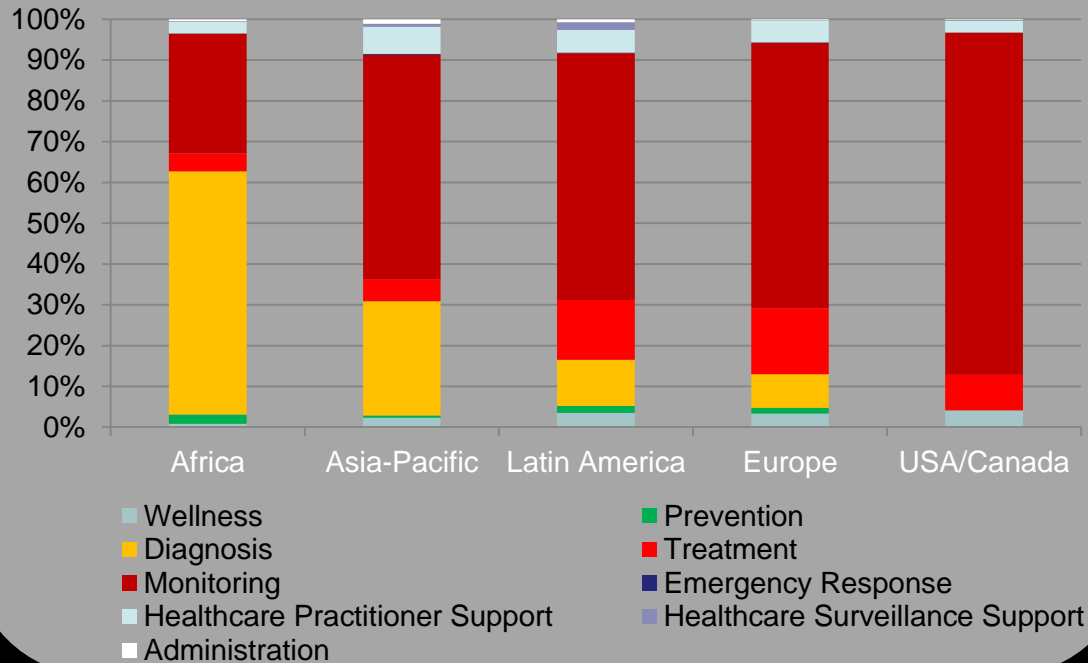


Source: WHO, 1<sup>st</sup> Intl Forum, IDF

The Diabetes Education Study Group (DESG) of EASD, in collaboration with IDF--MENA Regional Committee for Diabetes and Ramadan (DAR) Diabetes And Ramadan (DAR) 1<sup>st</sup> International Forum



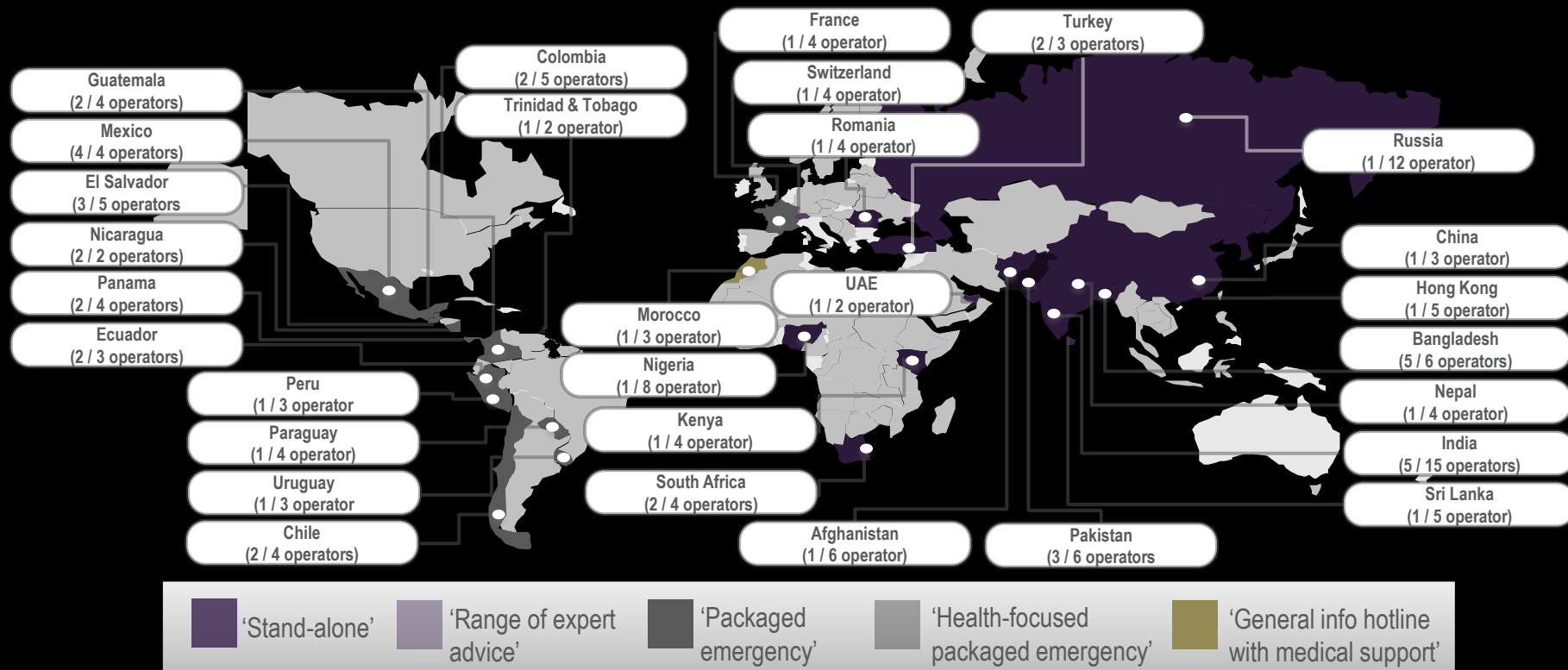
# mHealth opportunities in Asia



Source: Touching lives through mobile health, PwC February 2012

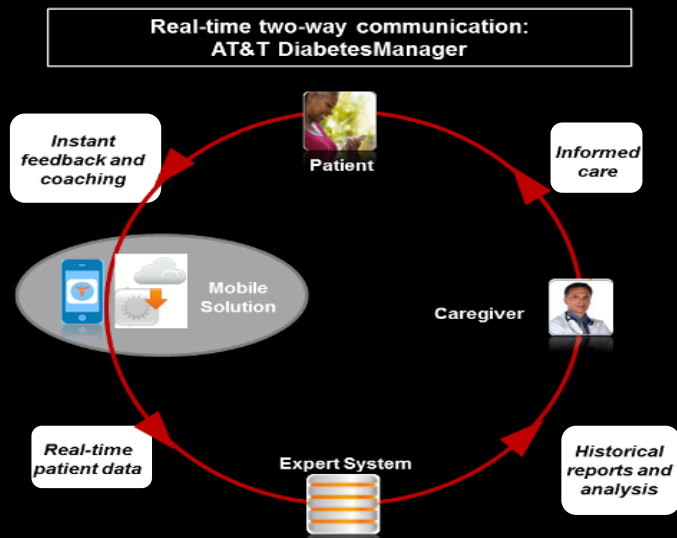
# Health hotlines feature as a key prevention and diagnosis service

There are at least 53 deployments globally, with 'stand-alone' the most popular type



# Case study: US - AT&T & WellDoc's 'DiabetesManager'

Integrated patient coaching and nurse case management system to improve diabetes care



## Solution Features

- FDA approved
- Real-time, clinically-based feedback and coaching, instruction or intervention
- Promotes self-care
- Fully scalable solution backed by
- Secure network infrastructure
- Compliant with HIPAA Privacy and Security Rules

## Benefits

- A1c levels reduced by 1.9
- 37% decrease in losing - limbs/blindness
- 14% decrease all-cause mortality
- 58% reduction in hospital stays
- 100% increase in self management
- On-going engagement and drives down costs

# How the initiative was achieved

## mHealth ecosystem

Inspiration

Customers

Ideation &  
Realisation

Technology

Funders

Enablement

Industry  
Players

Policy



Source Progress in Cardiovascular Diseases 53 (2010)

