

Electromagnetic Fields: Science and Standards Jack Rowley, PhD Senior Director Research & Sustainability GSMA WRC 2019, Sharm el-Sheikh, Egypt, 8 November 2019



Overview of the scientific evidence

• Radiofrequency EMF exposures and health



Electromagnetic Fields



- Radio signals are a form of non-ionizing electromagnetic energy
- Very strong radio signals can cause heating of the body
- Protection standards developed to limit exposure



Large body of EMF research



- Approaching 30,000 EMF publications
- Almost 3,000 specific to mobile communications
- About 350 specific to mmWaves





WHO International EMF Project





Collaborating

Institutions

International Organizations National

Authorities



Meetings





Everyday RF-EMF exposures

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www.nature.com/jes

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Radiofrequency electromagnetic field exposure in everyday microenvironments in Europe: A systematic literature review



Typical RF-EMF levels substantially below limits

Sagar et al., 2017



No significant change in overall RF-EMF levels





Median values (blue bars) and 99% percentiles (black bars) versus year of measurement

Median level 4,500 times below limit



GSMA

No significant change in network exposure levels

Figure 2. Minimum (•), maximum (•) and average of the narrowband measurements for the UK (•), Spain (-), Greece (4) and Ireland (*); and the broadband measurements for the US (•), with the year of measurement data on the horizontal axis. Note that not all years were available in all countries. For comparison, the ICNIRP reference level for the public at 900 MHz and 1800 MHz are included.





No significant change in personal exposure

International Limits Restrictive Limits

Not included

Data from 47 measurement studies⁶

Measurements in sixteen countries: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Spain, Poland, the Netherlands, Serbia, Slovenia, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom

Measurements made 2002 to 2017

There was no indication of distinct differences between countries, exposure levels were similar with the international or restrictive limits.



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Personal measurement with volunteers studies do not indicate a notable increase in personal RF-EMF exposure, as mean levels are comparable to those reported in a previous review.





No risk increase near broadcast transmitters

- Radio about 100 years, TV for 50 years:
 - AM radio 50,000 W FM radio 100,000 W
 - UHF TV 1,000,000 W
- Epidemiological studies: Australia, Germany, Italy, South Korea, Switzerland, UK, USA
- No increase of illness among nearby populations

Selvin et al., 1992; Maskarinec et al., 1994; Hocking et al., 1996; Dolk et al, 1997; McKenzie et al., 1998; Michelozzi et al. 2002; Park et al, 2004; Ha et al, 2007; Schuz et al., 2008; Merzenich et al., 2008; Hauri et al, 2014







What are the health risks associated with mobile phones and their base stations?

Online Q&A 20 September 2013

"Studies to date provide no indication that environmental exposure to RF fields, such as from base stations, increases the risk of cancer or any other disease."

مريى

http://www.who.int/features/qa/30/en/



Mobile device exposures

Better connection, longer talk time and lower output power

Higher data rates require nearby antennas





Handset power low when network coverage is good





 '...[evidence] <u>limited</u> among users of <u>wireless telephones for glioma and acoustic</u> <u>neuroma</u>, and <u>inadequate</u> to draw conclusions for other types of <u>cancers</u>. The evidence from the <u>occupational and environmental</u> exposures mentioned above was similarly judged <u>inadequate</u>.'



INTERPHONE – combined results



Adapted from The INTERPHONE Study Group, 2010



Population studies do not support link between cell phone use and brain cancer

Glioma (long-term use)									
STUDY	SEX	CASES		RR (95% CI)					
Cohort									
Frei et al. 2011	Μ	117	+	1.04 (0.85, 1.26)					
Frei et al. 2011	F	10	_ _	1.04 (0.56, 1.95)					
Benson et al. 2014	F	135	*	0.77 (0.62, 0.96)					
Subtotal (<i>I</i> ² = 52.2%, <i>p</i> =	0.124)		•	0.92 (0.72, 1.16)					
Case control									
Interphone 2010	M + F	252	4	0.98 (0.76, 1.26)					
Coureau et al. 2014	M + F	22	+ •	1.61 (0.85, 3.09)					
Yoon et al. 2015	M + F	100	_ _	1.04 (0.52, 2.09)					
Hardell & Carlberg 2015b	M + F	382		1.69 (1.40, 2.03)					
Subtotal (<i>I</i> ² = 76.0%, <i>p</i> =	0.006)		\diamond	1.30 (0.90, 1.87)					
Overall (<i>I</i> ² = 82.0%, <i>p</i> < 0	.001)		•	1.11 (0.85, 1.46)					
0.2 1.0 5.0 Deletine viele									
	neialive fisk								

`...epidemiological studies do not suggest increased brain or salivary gland tumor risk with MP use, although some uncertainty remains...'

`...elevated risks are not coherent with observed incidence time trends

Röösli et al, 2019











What are the health risks associated with mobile phones and their base stations?

Online Q&A 20 September 2013

'While an increased risk of brain tumours from the use of mobile phones is not established, the increasing use of mobile phones and the lack of data for mobile phone use over time periods longer than 15 years warrant further research of mobile phone use and brain cancer risk.'

http://www.who.int/features/qa/30/en/

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Overview of RF-EMF standards

• Human exposure limits



Basis for policy in most countries

ICNIRP GUIDELINES

FOR LIMITING EXPOSURE TO TIME-VARYING ELECTRIC, MAGNETIC AND ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS (UP TO 300 GHz)



The exposure that 5G will produce has been considered in great depth by ICNIRP, with the restrictions set well below the lowest level of 5G-related radio frequency that has been shown to cause harm.

International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP)³





International limits are protective of health

EMF and Health - Expert Reports

Index of Reports and Statements

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	• 2014	• 2007	• 2000	• 1993	• 1979

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The main conclusion from the WHO reviews is that EMF exposures below the limits recommended in the ICNIRP international guidelines do not appear to have any known consequence on health.

World Health Organization: EMF Standards and Guidelines²



https://www.gsma.com/publicpolicy/consumer-affairs/emf-and-health/expert-reports



Update to international RF-EMF guidelines



PUBLIC CONSULTATION

The draft of the ICNIRP Guidelines on Limiting Exposure to Time-Varying Electric, Magnetic and Electromagnetic Fields (100 kHz to 300 GHz) is now ready for public consultation. The draft is comprised of the main guidelines document, and two appendices.

- Draft limits provide 'a high level of protection for all people against known adverse health effects from direct, non-medical exposures to both short and long-term, continuous and discontinuous radiofrequency EMFs.'
- Final expected November/December 2019



5G RF-EMF

• Radiofrequency exposures and health



Existing RF-EMF exposure limits apply to 5G



Europe Union:

'The strict and safe exposure limits for electromagnetic fields recommended at EU level apply for all frequency bands currently envisaged for 5G.' (European Commission, 2017).



Norway:

'Measurements show that the total exposure from mobile and radio transmitters that we are exposed to today is weak and is far below the limits for what is harmful to health. We have no reason to believe that the introduction of 5G will change this.' (DSA, 2019)



United Kingdom:

'...point-to-point microwave links and some other types of transmitters that have been present in the environment for many years. ICNIRP guidelines apply up to 300 GHz, well beyond the maximum (few tens of GHz) frequencies proposed for 5G.' (PHE, 2019)



Australia:

'Although the 5G mobile phone network is new, limits set in safety standards, our understanding of the evidence of health effects and the need for more research have not changed.' (ARPANSA, 2019)



Small cell exposure levels similar to macro sites

Final analysis (December 2018) showed that 4G small cells:

- Increased data rates, with uplink
 >20 Mb/s in 75% of cases and downlink >50 Mb/s in 50% of cases
- Reduced mobile phone output power at comparable data rates
- Exposure level was about the same as that of the "macro" network





Source: ANFR, 2018



Increased deployment of smart antenna technologies



- Maintain high data throughput in more efficient ways
- Reduce network interference and electromagnetic energy in unintended directions
- More variability in space and time in the exposure levels



5G exposure levels similar to existing technologies

4G	Actuelle	Future	5G	Hypothèse basse	Hypothèse haute
Puissance maximale	60 W	160 W	Puissance	80 W	200 W
Gain maximal de l'antenne	18 dBi	18 dBi	Gain	24 dBi	24 dBi
			Atténuation sur 6	- 13,5 dB	- 13,5 dB
Atténuation sur 6 minutes	- 4 dB	- 4 dB	minutes		
			Vitrage	- 2 dB	- 2 dB
Vitrage	- 2 dB	- 2 dB	TDD	- 1,25 dB	- 1,25 dB
E estimé à 100 m	1,7 V/m	2,8 V/m	E estimé à 100 m	1,1 V/m	1,8 V/m

Note: Estimated exposures at 100 m in the interior of a building.

Source: ANFR, 2019



Millimetre waves

• Already in use, expanding for 5G



Millimetre-waves are well studied

- Existing applications in communications, radar, security scanners, medical therapies (Eastern Europe), non-lethal crowd control.
 - Roughly 30 GHz to 100 GHz (in biological literature)
 - Significant body of western scientific literature, more in the former Soviet Union
- Main biological effects are skin and eye heating at levels of exposure above levels allowed by limits



mmWaves mostly absorbed in outer skin layers





Active Denial Technology (1/2)

- Operates at 95 GHz
- Penetrates the skin to a depth equivalent to three sheets of paper
- Minimal risk of injury due to the shallow energy penetration and normal human instinctive reactions



Active Denial System 2 Official Department of Defense Image



Active Denial Technology (2/2)

- Exposures significantly higher than exposure guidelines
- Health risk assessment:
 - 15 years of studies
 - 13,000 exposures on volunteer subjects
 - No promotion or co-promotion of skin cancer in animal study
 - No effect on male or female reproduction



Active Denial System 2 Official Department of Defense Image



Resources

• GSMA and others



GSMA - 5G EMF Information



5G, the Internet of Things (IoT) and Wearable Devices

What do the new uses of wireless technologies mean for radio frequency exposure? September 2017





5G is the next generation of mobile technology that will transform the role of mobile connectivity in society, enabling changes in the way we live and do business. The radio signals used for 5G are similar to those used by current technologies and are covered by the same international safety guidelines that protect all members of the public and the environment.

5G is an evolutionary mobile technology that supports many new capabilities

SG is the next generation of mobile technology. It is designed to support new applications through Gipabit data rates, low attemy and high neibility. It will also provide efficient support for large numbers of connections, enabling the internet of Things (01). 5G will deliver smarter and more convenient living and working. Initial SG networks launched in 2018 and SG connections will grow to around 15% of global connections the providence of the second s SG is covered by existing international safety guidelines The radio signals used by mobile technologies have been extensively studied for decades. This is centific evidence is the basis for the international safety guidelines for radio signals.¹ These guidelines include all the frequencies under consideration for SG.

The consistent conclusion of public health agencies and expert groups is that compliance with the international guidelines is protective for all persons (including children) against all established health risks.

Public health agencies confirm no health risks expected from 5G

24. "Although the 5G mobile phone network is new, limits set in safety standards, our understanding of the evidence of health effects and the need for more research have not changed." (ARPANSA, 2019)

Europ

"The strict and safe exposure limits for electromagnetic fields recommended at EU level apply for all frequency bands currently envisaged for 5G," (European Commission, 2017).



"Measurements show that the total exposure from mobile and radio transmitters that we are exposed to today is weak and is far below the limits for what is harmful to health. We have no reason to believe that the introduction of 5G will change this' (ISA, 2019)

Many Initial 5G deployments will be at frequencies similar to 3G/4G mobile networks and Wi-Fi. This also means that many existing antennas sites can be reused for 5G. The same limit values that protect people also protect the environment. The responsible German government agency² says that there is no scientifically reliable evidence of a risk to animais and plants exposed to radio signals at levels below limits in the international guidelines.

To achieve higher capacity 5G can also use frequencies that are today used for fixed radio links. These frequencies are known as millimetre-waves (mmW or mmWaves) and they are covered by the safety audelines.

Source: GSMA, 2019

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Source: GSMA, 2019



ITU - 5G EMF Information

Series K

Supplement 9

(11/2017)

ITU-T TELECOMMUNICATION STANDARDIZATION SECTOR OF ITU SERIES K: PROTECTION AGAINST INTERFERENCE 5G technology and human exposure to RF EMF



- ITU-R activities on RF-EMF measurement.
- ITU-D activities on RF-EMF policy:
 - Regional workshop in Jordan, December 2019







- International RF-EMF limits cover the frequencies and modulations relevant to 5G and health agencies say that no health hazards are expected at levels below the limits
- 5G assessments show levels similar to 4G meaning that overall exposures will not change by much, remaining a small fraction of the limit values
- mmWave frequencies are used today by the mobile and satellite industries, they have been extensively researched and are covered by the international safety guidelines



Thanks for listening

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http://www.gsma.com/emf