

Singapore

02 - 03 August 2022

Spectrum Vision 2030

Ensuring digital inclusion through affordable connectivity





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Luiz Felippe Zoghbi Senior Spectrum Policy Manager GSMA







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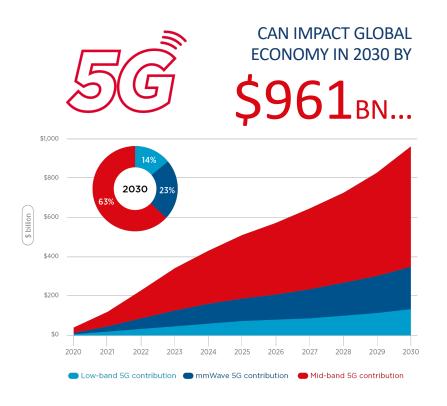
Luiz Felippe Zoghbi Senior Spectrum Policy Manager GSMA







Economic Power of 5G



... BUT SPECTRUM CONSTRAINTS RESTRICT VALUE



The Socio-Economic Benefits of Mid-band 5G GSMA Intelligence 2022

#MOBILE360



Low-band Needs

Benefits of low-band spectrum:



Reduce cost of covering roads for 5G-connected vehicles



Improve digital equality with 5G speed in rural areas



Consistent speeds: deep indoors and in hard-to-reach urban areas





Improve the business case for 5G fixed wireless access (FWA)



Enable smart agriculture, notably precision farming

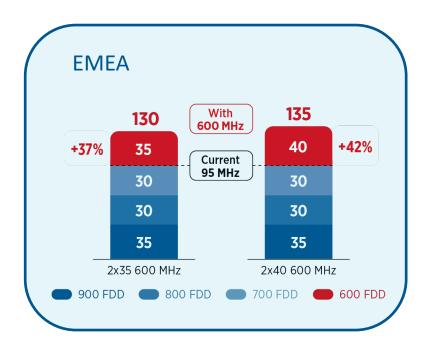


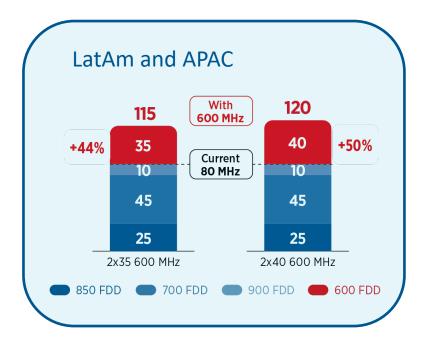
5G capacity solution for areas where mid-bands do not reach





600 MHz Development







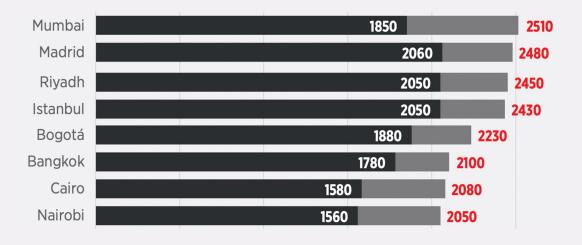
2 GHz of mid-band

needed for 5G in each market





Mid-band Needs

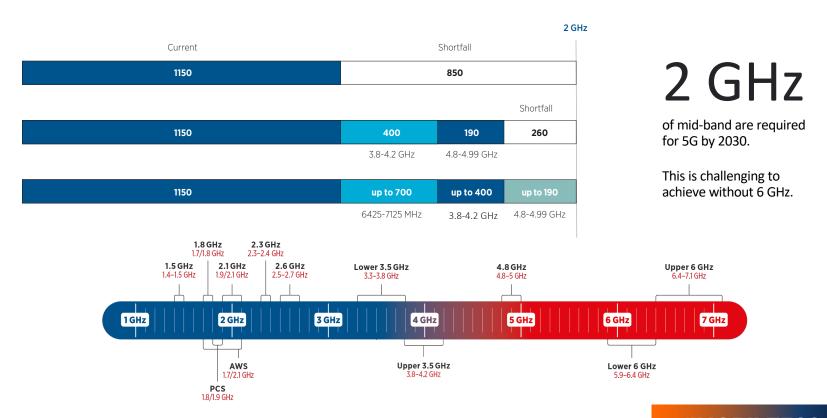


- On a global basis, an average of 2 GHz of mid-band spectrum will be required for 5G
- Cities require similar amounts everywhere in the world

- With less spectrum, IMT-2020 requirements are under risk or 5x more base stations are needed
- 4. Agenda Item 1.1, 1.2 and 1.3 will all help raise harmonised mid-band capacity



Mid-band Options





5 GHz of mmWave

spectrum are required per market for eMBB, FWA and enterprise





eMBB

Dense urban area deployment to complement low bands and midbands



FWA

FWA deployment to complement low bands and mid-bands in urban, suburban and rural areas



Enterprise networks

mmWave-only enterprise network deployment on large Industry 4.0 factory floors to enable high-bandwidth, low-latency applications



eMBB 4.5 GHz



350 MHz - 1.2 GHz

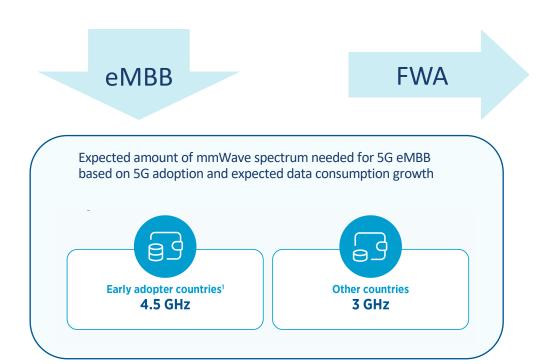


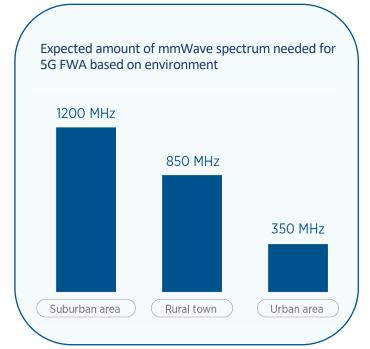
Enterprise networks 150 MHz





Impacts on mmWave Needs







5G can deliver economic growth, social development and industrial agility... but will require timely access to spectrum in low-, mid- and high-bands.





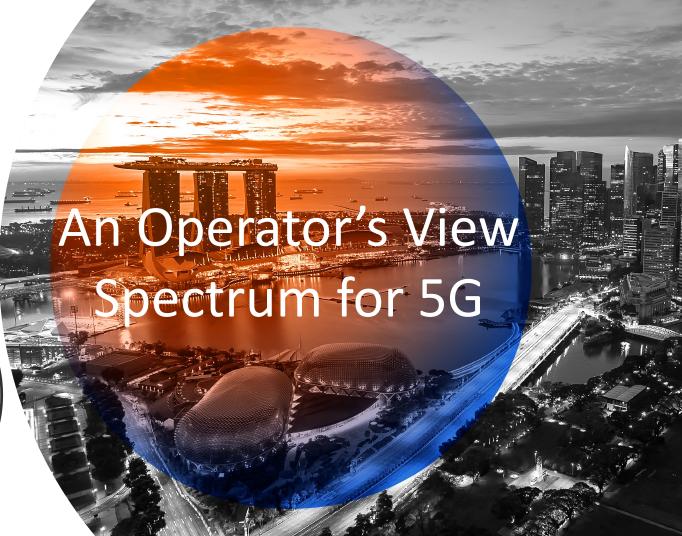
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Chee Kheong FOONG

Group Head of Regulatory Affairs Axiata







Spectrum Vision 2030 – Ensuring digital inclusion through affordable connectivity

CK Foong Group Head of Regulatory Affairs

Mobile 360 Asia Pacific 02/08/2022



Digital Telco











PAT

Digital





Ncel

NEPAL



2021 RESULTS

Businesses

BANGLADESH SRI LANKA **PAKISTAN**

MYR **25.9** B **REVENUE**

MYR **1.3** B

Over **163** M **CUSTOMERS**

Over 13,181 **EMPLOYEES**

11

MYR 38.2 B **MARKET CAP***

COUNTRIES*

Infrastructure

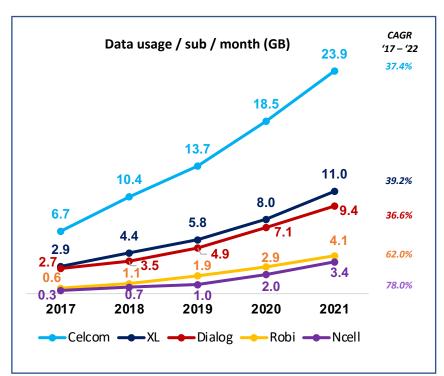


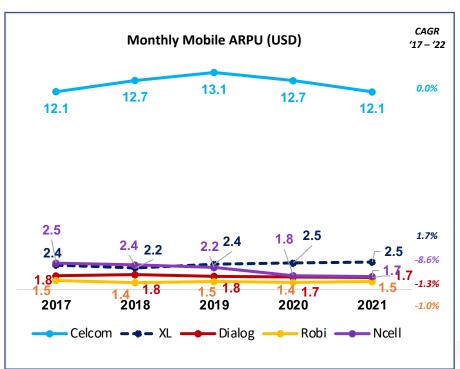
MALAYSIA CAMBODIA THAILAND **LAOS PHILLIPINES MYANMAR**

* As at 31 Dec 2020

Exponential mobile traffic growth in recent years, but ARPU has been flattish or declining







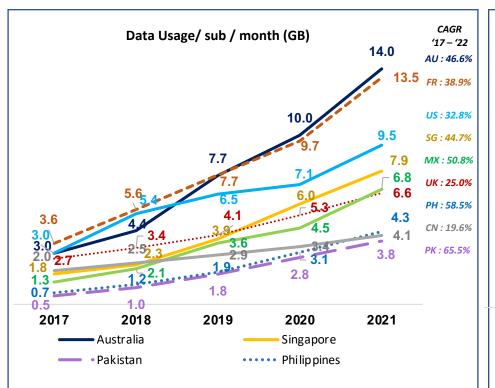
Source : Axiata IR disclosures

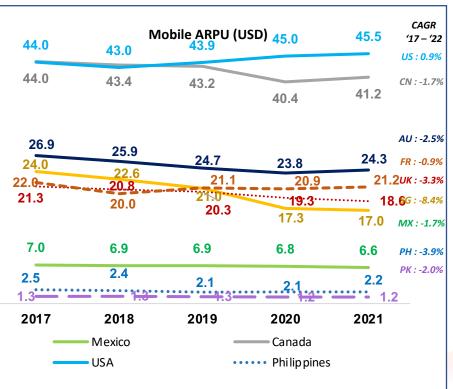
Data usage for Smart Axiata (Cambodia) is not
disclosed

Source: GSMA Intelligence

Not just an issue in Axiata's footprint alone, the same trends also observed elsewhere







Source : OECD Database & Analysys Mason datahub

1

To cope with the increased traffic and optimize networks, several strategies are normally deployed



Site densification

- Limited effectiveness in urban/metro areas
- Site-to-site minimal distance reached
- Higher energy/carbon footprint

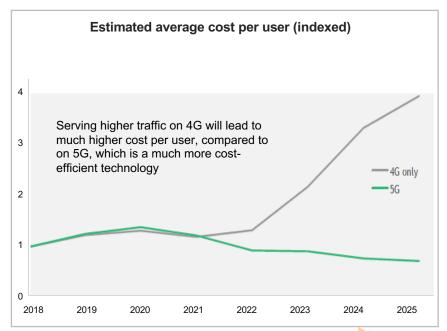
2G/3G Shutdowns

- Optimizes technology
- Proven but likely short-term solution
- Consumer readiness is key concern

Shifting to 5G can allow a step-change in lowering cost of production

Build more layers on new spectrum

- Higher capex and complexity managing multiple RAN layer
- Ensure all harmonized IMT spectrum is made available

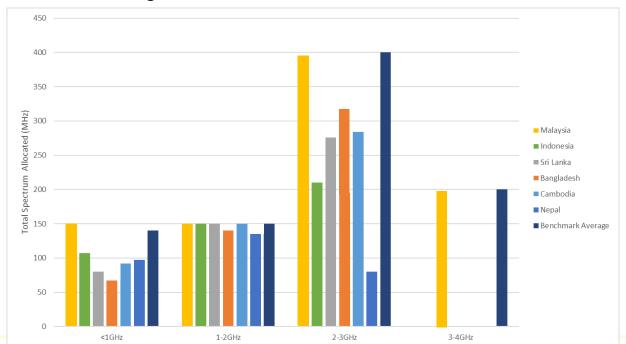


Note: Graph represents three-year moving average network spend

Source: Analysys Mason, Internal analysis, BCG Network Model

Availability of harmonized IMT spectrum: Axiata markets generally have lesser spectrum than benchmarks

Comparison of the total assigned spectrum in each Axiata market versus the average amount in the 10 benchmark countries in APAC.

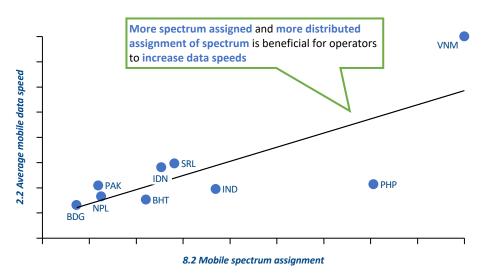




More spectrum assigned facilitates increased data speeds for operators

Avg. mobile data speed¹ vs. Mobile spectrum assignment²





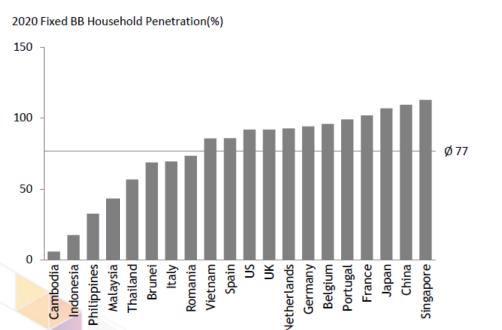
More spectrum assigned, distributed assignment of spectrum is highly beneficial to increase data speed

Source: Arthur D. Little analysis

¹⁾ Avg. mobile data speeds is measured using avg. mobile download speed, 2) Mobile spectrum assignment measures both amount of spectrum assigned and distribution of spectrum across operators

In mobile-first emerging markets, more spectrum, including for 5G could potentially enable cost-efficient fibre-like connectivity to homes and businesses





ASIA

Telstra weaponizes 5G against NBN





Telstra has thrown down the gauntlet on 5G – and NBN Co has picked it up. After months of foreshadowing a move into fixed wireless, the big operator unveiled its first 5G home service three months ago, promising to progressively expand its availability.

With downlink speeds of between 50Mbps and 300Mbps at around A\$85 (\$65.60), it's highly competitive against the copper-centric NBN (see Telstra launches 5G fixed wireless).

News Analysis ROBERT CLARK

Now it's signaled it will double down. Regulator ACMA will hold its first mmWave auction in April. allowing each bidder to acquire up to 1GHz of the 26GHz band.

NBN v 5G: The broadband battle is about to heat up

By Supratim Adhikari and Zoe Samios
September 26, 2020 – 12.00am







Source: Light Reading (19/1/21), SMH (11/12/21)



Thank You



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Sean Xu CMO Carrier Business Group Huawei APAC









5G Era Has Come With Large-scale Networks And Mature Terminal Ecosystem

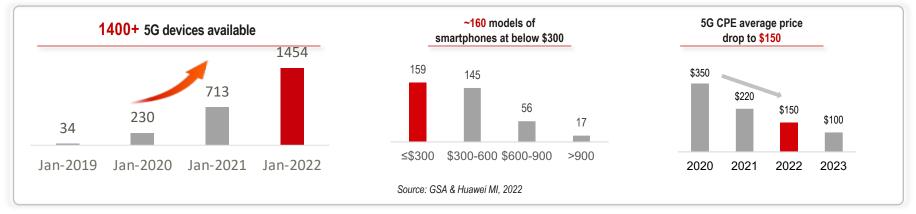
70+ countries have launched 5G service

220+ 700+ Mi (X) 2.2+ Mi 960 Bi 5G networks 5G users 5G base stations 5G economy in 2030 Source: GSA & GSMA & Huawei MI, 2022

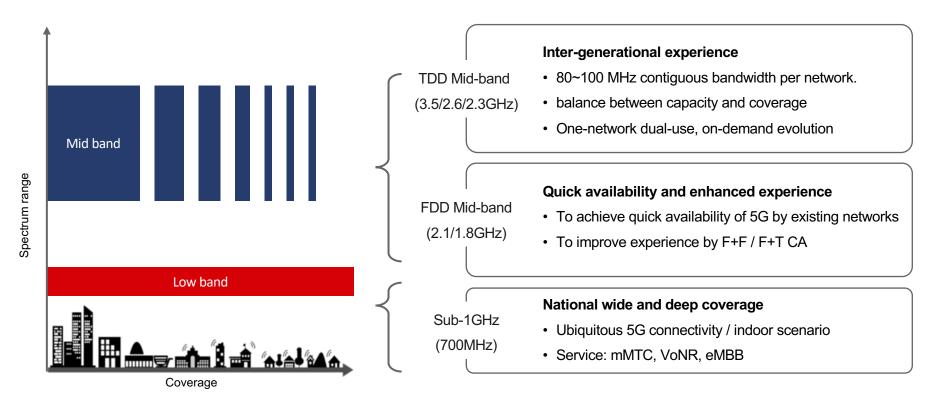
Mid-band become the preferred spectrum for 5G deployment



Mature ecosystem supports the rapid development of 5G



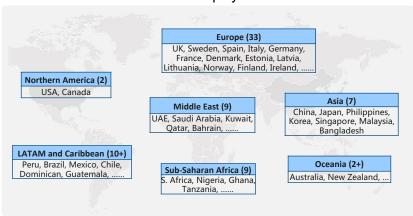
Spectrum Strategy Helps Accelerate 5G Deployment and Usage



Coordination of Mid-band and Low-band is the prime spectrum strategy for high-quality and ubiquitous 5G

C-band is the Most Selected Mid-Band for 5G Capacity

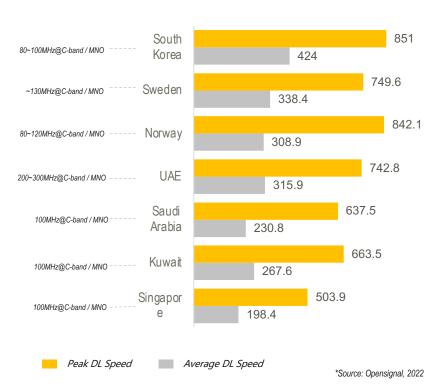
70+ countries/territories allocated C-band spectrum209 5G networks deployed on C-band



976 devices support C-band (N78/N77), providing the most mature device ecosystem

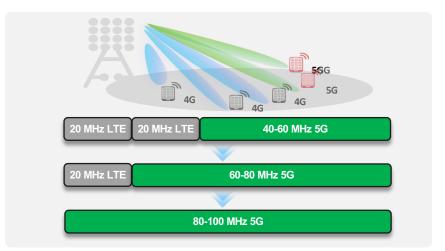


Intergenerational experience based on 80-100MHz + M-MIMO

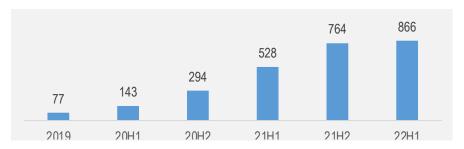


2.3 & 2.6GHz TDD are Primary with Advantages of 4/5G Sharing and Evolution

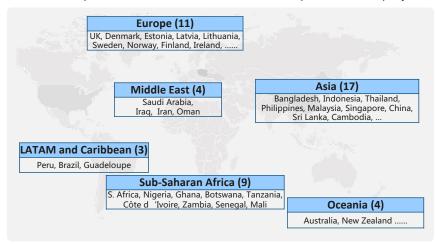
2.6/2.3GHz: DUAL services via ONE network



N41 2.6GHz has the similar scale of supporting devices with C-Band



2.3G: 73 operators in 49 countries/Areas acquired and deployed



N40 2.3GHz devices grow fast with live network penetration of ~80%

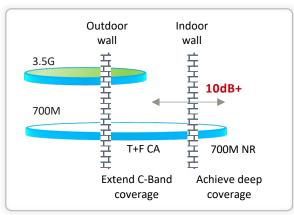


700MHz for Wide & Deep Coverage; 2.1/1.8GHz for 5G Quick ON

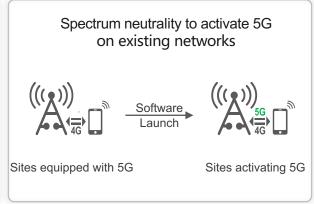


900MHz → 3.7x distance 2.9x distance 700MHz: ~3x coverage range v.s. mid-band

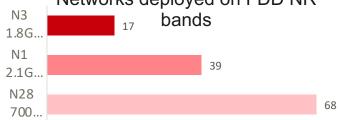
Deep Coverage



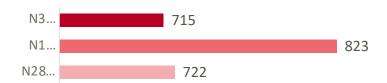
5G Quick On



Networks deployed on FDD NR



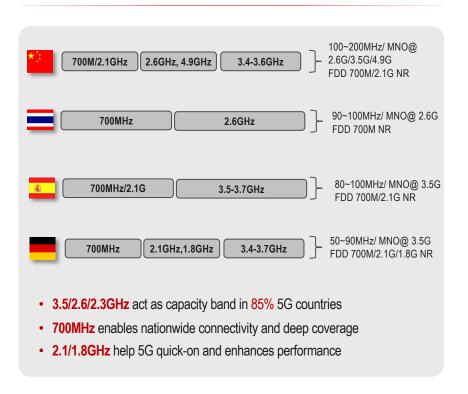
Terminal Devices that support FDD NR bands



Source: GSA, July 2022

Harmonious Spectrum Strategy to Unlock the 5G Benefit

Combinate band solution for both coverage and capacity



Suggestions on 5G Spectrum Provisioning

- Primary bands: TDD 3.5/2.6/2.3GHz, FDD 700MHz which are most supported by devices
- At least 80-100 MHz/MNO contiguous spectrum @ mid-band for capacity
- Technology neutrality for smooth evolution to 5G

Affordable spectrum cost, giving full play to the enabling role of 5G for socio-economic benefit

Thank you.

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Bring digital to every person, home, and organization for a fully connected, intelligent world.

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