

Southbound Interface Network Resources APIs Version 1.0 03 October 2022

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1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

The Operator Platform's (OP) Network Integration Support Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) are mainly related to the Telco network interfaces, e.g. the Southbound Interface-Network Resources (SBI-NR), but also aiming to provide the end-to-end fulfilment of the specific topic, hence including any other OP Interface as described in GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1].

The list of the topics and the associated APIs in the SBI-NR interface are presented in the Table 1 below. Grey items are still under analysis and will be available in a later release.

No	OPAG APIs in SBI-NR Interface (Phase 1)	OP Interface		
1	Network Events	SBI-NR		
2	QoS Management	SBI-NR		
3	Traffic Influence	SNI-NR		
4	Application Relocation SBI-N			
5	Confirm User Location	SBI-NR		
6	Mobility Triggers SBI-NR			
7	Mobility Control	SBI-NR		
8	Managing Service Availability in LADN	SBI-NR		
9	User Location Privacy Indicator SBI-NR			
10	User Authentication and Authorisation (defined in Block D) SBI-NR			

Table 1Table 1. List of APIs in SBI-NR Interface

The purpose of this document is to provide the API requirements and the Standards Developing Organisation (SDO) reference mapping for each API listed.

The structure to document each API consists of:

- 1. Descriptions: summary of the purpose and expected use of the API
- 2. Requirements and Service Aspects: References to requirements related to the API identified in GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1].
- 3. Procedures: References to procedures and flows from an SDO's specifications (e.g. 3GPP) that match with the OP's view for the API.
- 4. API: References to API (API parameters, HTTP implementation and YAML file) located in SDOs specifications.

The main reference source of the API Requirements is the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1]. Other sources for the API Requirements are found in the relevant SDO's reference documents definitions.

1.2 Scope

The present document aims to define OP APIs that are related to SBI-NR Interface in the OP architecture. This set of APIs define the Network Integration Support APIs.

1.3 Definitions

Term	Description
Network Events	The OP in the role of Application Function (AF) would need to manage network events and notifications over the SBI-NR interface (NEF APIs) and orchestrate edge Application Instances in target Cloudlets and synchronise the associated application states to provide application Session Continuity. [1]
Application Relocation	The Operator Platform shall be able to consider the application-specific requirements for managing mobility over different edge nodes. [1]
MobilityMany different elements shall monitor and control the end-to-end service delive detecting any modification and trigger a change on the path. [1]	
Mobility Control	Because of this User Equipment (UE) mobility, or because of the OP's measurements or knowledge, or hints from the application about performance degradations, the OP may decide that a different edge compute resource can better host the Edge Application. An OP may be able to negotiate the UE data plane mobility process based on the application instance relocation process. An OP may be able to specify the request for routing, influencing network mobility and routing. [1]
Traffic Influence	Based on some of the events on the SBI-NR interface, e.g. location monitoring events, QoS status notification events etc., the OP may determine the level of QoS provided by the mobile network to application sessions against the Quality of Service (QoS) level requested by the application. In such cases, the OP may initiate the user plane relocation (e.g., by using Traffic Influence APIs) services on the SBI-NR interface. Possibly this may result in the triggering of session mobility procedures in the mobile network. [1]

1.4 Abbreviations

Term	Description		
5QI	5G QoS Identifiers		
AF	Application Function		
API	Application Programming Interface		
AS	Application Server		
EAC	Edge Application Client		
EAS	Edge Application Server		
EEC	Edge Enabled Client		
EES Edge Enabled Server			
EWBI East West Bound Interface			
DDN Downlink Data Notification			
HTTP Hypertext Transfer Protocol			
IMEI International Mobile Equipment Identity			
IMEI(SV)	International Mobile Equipment Identity (Software Version)		
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity		
NBI Northbound Interface			
NEF	Network Exposure Function		
OP Operator Platform			

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Term	Description		
OPG	Operator Platform Group		
PDN	Packet Data Network		
PRD	Permanent Reference Document		
QoE	Quality of Experience		
QoS	Quality of Service		
SBI-NR	Southbound Interface – Network Resources		
SCEF	Service Capability Exposure Function		
SDO	Standards Developing Organisation		
UE	User Equipment		
YMAL	YMAL Ain't Markup Language. YAML is a human-readable data serialization standard that can be used in conjunction with all programming languages		
V2X	Vehicle to X (anything)		

1.5 References

Ref	Doc Number	Title	
[1]	OP PRD	GSMA PRD OPG.02, 14 April 2022	
[2]	RFC 2119	"Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", S. Bradner, March 1997. Available at http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt	
[3]	3GPP TS 29.522	5GS, Network Exposure Function Northbound APIs, Stage 3, Release 17.6, June 2022	
[4]	3GPP TS 23.558	5GS, Architecture for enabling Edge Applications, Release 17, June 2022	
[5]	3GPP TS 29.558	5GS, Enabling Edge Applications API Specifications, Stage 3, Release 17, June 2022	
[6]	3GPP TS 29.591	5GS, Network Exposure Function Southbound Services, Stage 3, Release 17, June 2022	
[7]	3GPP TS 23.502	Procedures for the 5G Systems (5GS), Stage 2, Release 17, June 2022	

1.6 Conventions

The key words "must", "must not", "required", "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "recommended", "may", and "optional" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC2119 [2].

1.7 Summary SDO Reference Mapping Table

The OP's SBI-NR Interface is linking with the 3GPP 5G Core Network Exposure Function (NEF). Table below summarises the SDO Reference mapping between the OP SBI-NR and 3GPP NEF in its Northbound Interface (NBI) and associated APIs.

N	o APIs in SI Interface	BI-NR	OP Interface	SDO Reference Mapping - 3GPP
1	Network Ev	vents	SBI-NR	3GPP TS 29.522

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No	APIs in SBI-NR Interface	OP Interface	SDO Reference Mapping - 3GPP
2	QoS Management	SBI-NR	3GPP TS 29.522/29.122
3	Traffic Influence	SNI-NR	3GPP TS 29 522
4	Application Relocation	SBI-NR	3GPP TS 29 558
5	Confirm User Location	SBI-NR	3GPP TS 29.522/29.122
			3GPP TS 29.558
6	Mobility Triggers	SBI-NR	3GPP TS 29.522/29.122
7	Mobility Control	SBI-NR	3GPP TS 29.522

2 Network Integration Support APIs in SBI-NR Interface

2.1 Network Events API

2.1.1 Description

Goal of the OP's Network Events service is to provide interface for Operators and Application Providers to support enhanced application-aware exposure for 5G network events including federated topologies. Two interfaces between 5G System, Edge System and Application Client should be described:

- Collecting Network Status Events SBI-NR which supports User Plane related notifications (Session Establish, UE IP address allocation, Access and Mobility with Registration, Connection, Reachability and Mobility Management) and other events related to application traffic. Those events are mostly exposed by the 4G Service Capability Exposure Function (SCEF)/5G NEF.
- Network Events NBI exposed by an OP to an Application Provider allowing introducing context awareness regarding occurred network events and provide support for quality, performance and security to ensure the required Quality of Experience (QoE) of the OP's customers.

2.1.2 Requirements and Service Aspects

The requirements for the API are specified in the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1]. in the following sections:

Section	Document	Reference Section Title	
3.5.1.7.3	OPG.02	Network Event Support (*User Equipment (UE) location information and events; * UE network connection events; *Application to UE connection)	
3.5.2.2.1	OPG.02	Network (*Collecting radio network information, e.g. cell change notification, measurement reports etc. for mobility decisions)	

2.1.3 Procedures

The following procedures defined in 3GPP shall apply to the OP Network Events capabilities:

NF	Section	TS	Procedure Name
NEF/SCEF	4.11.6.3	3GPP 23.502	Nnef_EventExposure_Subscribe
			(*Configuration of monitoring events for common network exposure)

2.1.4 API

The following API as defined in 3GPP shall be endorsed for Operator Platform

NF	Section	TS	API name
SCEF	4.4.2	29.122	Procedures over T8 reference point / Monitoring Procedures) (*Loss of connectivity; UE reachability; Location Reporting; Change of IMSI-IMEI(SV) Association; Roaming Status; Communication Failure; PDN connectivity status; Availability after DDN Failure; API support capability.)
SCEF	Annex A (pp. 323)	29.122	Monitoring Event API - YAML

The following API parameters have been identified as missing in 3GPP

NF	Section	TS	API name
NEF	4.4.2	29.522	NEF Northbound Interface / Procedures for Monitoring (*29.122 emphasizes SCEF-T8-Procedures can be applied in the NEF as well)

2.2 QoS Management API

2.2.1 Description

The purpose of the Quality of Service (QoS) Management API is to enable an OP the ability to expose the network driven capabilities related to 5G QoS Identifiers (5QI). With this API, the OP provides to 3rd party consumer the capability to adapt the quality and capacity of the network based on its application requirements. This kind of customization can be applied to many Business-to-Business (V2X drone control, etc.) and Business-to-Consumer (immersive communications, gaming, etc.) use cases where the quality can be adapted and configured in the network to guarantee the best user experience.

For this API definition it makes sense to reuse existing 3GPP NEF/SCEF API for QoS management. The corresponding API in the NBI interface will be defined by the Linux Foundation's CAMARA project considering mapping to the references included in the following sections.

2.2.2 Requirement and Service Aspects

The requirements for the API are specified in the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1]. in the following section(s).

Section	Document	Reference Section Title	
5.1.4	OPG.02	Southbound Interface to Network Resources	

2.2.3 Procedures

The following procedures defined in 3GPP shall apply to the OP's QoS Management capabilities:

NF	Section	TS	Procedure Name
NEF	4.15.6.6/6a	23.502	Setting up an Application Function (AF) session with required QoS procedure
SCEF	4.4.13	29.122	Procedures for setting up an Application Server (AS) session with required QoS
NEF	4.4.9	29.522	Procedures for setting up an AF session with required QoS

NOTE: The AsSessionWithQoS API is define in the NEF 3GPP spec as a reused API (section 5.3 TS 29.522). It adapts the development and definition from the SCEF API (4G architecture) to the NEF (5G Architecture).

2.2.4 API

The following API as defined in 3GPP shall be endorsed for Operator Platform.

NF	Section	TS	API name
NEF	5.3	29.522	AsSessionWithQoS (Reused APIs Table)
SCEF	5.14	29.122	AsSessionWithQoS

2.3 Traffic Influence API

2.3.1 Description

The purpose of the Traffic Influence API is to enable OP the ability to expose the network driven capabilities to influence on the traffic transport paths between the UE and the Application Server hosted at the Cloud Resources. The selected API is based on 3GPP definitions. Some modifications the API would be required in the East-West Bound Interface (EWBI) interface to be usable in the federated environment. The corresponding API in the NBI interface will be defined by the Linux Foundation's CAMARA project's specifications for the Service APIs in the NBI interface.

2.3.2 Requirement and Service Aspects

The requirements for the API are specified in the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1]. in the following section(s).

Section	Document	Reference Section Title	
5.1.4	OPG.02	Southbound Interface to Network Resources	

2.3.3 Procedures

The following procedures defined in 3GPP shall apply to the OP Traffic Influence capabilities.

NF	Section	TS	Procedure Name
NEF	4.3.6	23.502 R 17	Application Function influence on traffic routing
NEF	5.2.6.7	23.502 R 17	Nnef_TrafficInfluence Service
NEF	5.4	23.502 R 17	TrafficInfluence
NEF	4.4.7	29.522 R 17	Procedures for Traffic Influence

2.3.4 API

The following API as defined in 3GPP shall be endorsed for Operator Platform.

NF	Section	TS	API name
NEF	5.4	29.522 R 17	TrafficInfluence

2.4 Application Relocation API

2.4.1 Description

The purpose of the Application Relocation API is to enable the OP to manage and maintain inter- and intra-connectivity between applications as they move between different cloud and network resources. This concept is aligned with the architecture and definitions descrired in 3GPP TS 23.558 [4].

2.4.2 Requirement and Service Aspects

The requirements for the API are specified in the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1]. in the following section(s).

Section	Document	Reference Section Title
4.7	OPG.02	Applications deployment in the Federated Operator Domain (Figure 15 and text)
5.1.6.2.6	OPG.02	Service Provisioning
5.2.2.3.6	OPG.02	Mobility Enforcements
5.2.2.6.3	OPG.02	Network and OP responsibilities for application session continuity
5.2.2.6.5	OPG.02	Edge Applications Role in Session Continuity Process
Annex F	OPG.02	5G Core Network Application Session Continuity Enabler Services

2.4.3 Procedures

The following procedures defined in 3GPP shall apply to the Application Relocation capabilities:

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NF	Section	TS	Procedure Name
	8.8	23.558	Service Continuity
EES	5.8	29.558	Eees_ACRManagementEvent Service
EES	5.9	29.558	Eees_AppContextRelocation Service
EES	5.11	29.558	Eees_EELManagedACR Service
EES	5.12	29.558	Eees_ACRStatusUpdate Service
EES	5.8.2.3	29.558	Eees_ACRManagementEvent_UpdateSubscription
EES	5.8.2.4	29.558	Eees_ACRManagementEvent_Unsubscribe
EES	5.8.2.5	29.558	Eees_ACRManagementEvent_Notify
EES	5.9.2.3	29.558	Eees_AppContextRelocation_ACRDetermination_Request
EES	5.11.2.2	29.558	Eees_EELManagedACR_Request
EES	5.11.2.3	29.558	Eees_EELManagedACR_Subscribe
EES	5.11.2.4	29.558	Eees_EELManagedACR_Notify
EES	5.12.2.2	29.558	Eees_ACRStatusUpdate_Request

2.4.4 API

The following API as defined in 3GPP shall be endorsed for Operator Platform.

NF	Section	TS	API name
EES	8.7	29.558	Eees_ACRManagementEvent API
EES	8.9	29.558	Eees_EECContextRelocation API
EES	8.10	29.558	Eees_EELManagedACR API
EES	8.11	29.558	Eees_ACRStatusUpdate API

2.5 Confirm User Location API

2.5.1 Description

The purpose of the Confirm User Location API is to enable an OP with the ability to provide user location information to consumers. This can be used in combination with other network driven capabilities to trigger configurations within the network to provide services based on the location of the final users (e.g., to deploy resources and applications closer to the user so that latency can be reduced to the minimum and improve the user experience).

2.5.2 Requirement and Service Aspect

The requirements for the API are specified in the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1]. in the following section(s).

Section	Document	Reference Section Title	
3.5.2.2.1	OPG.02	UC Location Retrieval	
5.1.6.2.4	OPG.02	Cloudlet selection	

2.5.3 Procedures

The following procedures defined in 3GPP shall apply to the OP's user location information capabilities.

NF	Section	TS	Procedure Name
NEF	4.4.2	29.522	Procedures for Monitoring
SCEF	4.4.2	29.122	Monitoring Procedures
EES	8.6.2	23.558	UE Location

2.5.4 API

The following API as defined in 3GPP shall be endorsed for Operator Platform

NF	Section	TS	API name
SCEF	5.3	29.122	MonitoringEvent
NEF	5.3	29.522	MonitoringEvent (Reused APIs Table)
EES	8.2	29.558	Eees_UELocation

2.6 Mobility Triggers API

2.6.1 Description

This API provides the required support from the network so that the OP can be informed about the need to move an application session to a different anchor point or of the actual move. A possible use case is when the user moves to a new location. By means of this API, the network alerts the OP about the change, so that the OP can perform the required new configurations for the user to access the applications in the new location.

2.6.2 Requirement and Service Aspects

The requirements for the API are specified in the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1]. in the following section(s).

Section	Document	Reference Section Title
2.2.7	OPG.02	Mobility Requirements (*5G Connectivity Models for Edge; *Roaming Requirements; *Geographic Conditions on Mobility)
5.2.2.3.2	OPG.02	Mobility Management

2.6.3 Procedures

The following procedures defined in 3GPP shall apply to the Mobility Management capabilities.

NF	Section	TS	Procedure Name
NEF	4.4.2	29.522	Procedures for Monitoring
SCEF	4.4.2	29.122	Monitoring Procedures

2.6.4 API

The following API as defined in 3GPP shall be endorsed for Operator platform.

NF	Section	TS	API name
NEF	5.3	29.522	MonitoringEvent API (Reused API Table)
SCEF	5.3	29.122	MonitoringEvent API

These APIs, defined in 3GPP, provides support to retrieve information related to different events related to the OP's Mobility Triggers concept. For instance:

- LOSS_OF_CONNECTIVITY
- UE_REACHABILITY
- LOCATION_REPORTING
- AREA_OF_INTEREST

2.7 Mobility Control API

2.7.1 Description

The Mobility Control API is responsible for controlling when an application session is to be moved to a different anchor point. For instance, due to a failure an application relocation occurs. After relocating an application, a change of anchor point may be required, if this is the case, the OP can use this API to adjust in the network the most appropriate configuration to access the application new endpoint.

2.7.2 Requirements and Service Aspects

The requirements for the API is specified in the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1]. in the following sections:

Section	Document	Reference Section Title
2.2.7.3	OPG.02	Requirements for Application Session Continuity

2.7.3 Procedures

The following procedures defined in 3GPP shall apply to the OP's traffic influence capabilities:

NF	Section	TS	Procedure Name
NEF	4.3.6	23.502 R 17	Application Function influence on traffic routing
NEF	5.2.6.7	23.502 R 17	Nnef_TrafficInfluence Service
NEF	5.4	23.502 R 17	TrafficInfluence
NEF	4.4.7	29.522 R 17	Procedures for Traffic Influence

2.7.4 API

The following API as defined in 3GPP shall be endorsed for Operator Platform

NF	Section	TS	API name
NEF	5.4	29.522 R 17	TrafficInfluence

Annex A Document Management

A.1 Document History

Version	Date	Brief Description of Change	Approval Authority	Editor / Company
1.0	03 Oct 2022	New PRD defining the Soutbound Interface of the Operator Platform to the network resources	ISAG	Milan Lalovic / British Telecom

A.2 Other Information

Туре	Description
Document Owner	Operator Platform Group
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