



East-Westbound Interface APIs

Version 2.0

29 March 2023

This is a Non-binding Permanent Reference Document of the GSMA

Security Classification: Non-confidential

Access to and distribution of this document is restricted to the persons permitted by the security classification. This document is subject to copyright protection. This document is to be used only for the purposes for which it has been supplied and information contained in it must not be disclosed or in any other way made available, in whole or in part, to persons other than those permitted under the security classification without the prior written approval of the Association.

Copyright Notice

Copyright © 2023 GSM Association

Disclaimer

The GSM Association ("Association") makes no representation, warranty or undertaking (express or implied) with respect to and does not accept any responsibility for, and hereby disclaims liability for the accuracy or completeness or timeliness of the information contained in this document. The information contained in this document may be subject to change without prior notice.

Compliance Notice

The information contain herein is in full compliance with the GSM Association's antitrust compliance policy.

This Permanent Reference Document is classified by GSMA as an Industry Specification, as such it has been developed and is maintained by GSMA in accordance with the provisions set out in GSMA AA.35 - Procedures for Industry Specifications.

Table of Contents

1	Introduction	4
1.1	Overview	4
1.2	Scope	4
1.3	Definitions	4
1.4	Abbreviations	5
1.5	References	6
1.6	Conventions	6
2	Procedures over OP East/West Bound Interface	6
2.1	General	6
2.1.1	Federation	6
2.1.2	Directed Federation	7
2.1.3	Federation Identifier	7
2.1.4	Originating OP	7
2.1.5	Partner OP	7
2.1.6	Offered Zones	7
2.1.7	Accepted Zones	8
2.1.8	Mobile Country Codes	8
2.1.9	Mobile Network Codes	8
2.1.10	Zone Meta-information	8
2.1.11	Edge Discovery Service	8
2.1.12	Mobility Strategy	8
2.1.13	Latency Constraints	9
2.1.14	Application Identifier	9
2.1.15	Artefact Identifier	9
2.1.16	Edge Node	9
2.1.17	QoS Profiles	9
2.1.18	QoS Reference	9
2.1.19	Service Level Objectives	9
2.1.20	Service Level Indicators	10
2.1.21	Service APIs	10
2.1.22	Service API Federation	10
2.2	Generic E/WBI Procedures	10
2.2.1	Procedures for federation establishment between OP partners	10
2.2.2	Procedures for Availability Zone information synchronization	17
2.2.3	Procedures for registration and authorization of end users in a federated OP partner	20
2.3	Application Services Procedures	21
2.3.1	Edge Service Procedures	21
2.3.2	Service API Usage on E/WBI	36
3	OP East/West Bound APIs	43
3.1	Generic East/West Bound Service APIs	44
3.1.1	East/West Bound Interface Management - API	44
3.1.2	Availability Zone Information Synchronization Service – API	58

4	Application Service APIs	69
4.1	Edge Service APIs	69
4.1.1	Application Artefacts Management - APIs	69
4.1.2	Application Provider Resource Management - APIs	84
4.1.3	Application Onboarding Management - API	92
4.1.4	Application Instance Lifecycle Management - API	102
4.1.5	Edge Node Sharing - API	110
4.1.6	LBO Roaming Authentication – API	113
4.2	Service APIs Federation	114
4.2.1	Service APIs Forwarding Methods	114
5	Security	122
Annex A	OpenAPI Specification Sample	123
Annex B	Document Management	194
B.1	Document History	194
B.2	Other Information	194

1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

This document specifies RESTful Application Programming Interface (APIs) that allow an Operator Platform (OP) to share the edge cloud resources and capabilities securely to other Partner OPs over the East/West Bound Interface (E/WBI).

1.2 Scope

The present specification describes the APIs, sequence flows and the representation of the API and parameters in REpresentational State Transfer (REST) for the E/WBI between the two OPs. The E/WBI related stage 1 functional requirements are defined in the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1].

1.3 Definitions

Term	Description
API Initiator	API Initiator is the entity that originates the first message in the API sequences
Application Provider	The provider of the application that accesses the OP to deploy its application on the Edge Cloud, thereby using the Edge Cloud Resources and Network Resources as detailed in GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1]
Federation	Federation refers to relationship among member OPs who agrees to offer OP PRD defined services and capabilities to the application providers and end users of member OPs
Directed Federation	A Federation between two OP instances A and B, in which edge compute resources are shared by B to A, but not from A to B.
Federation Creation	Refers to the process for the establishment of the federation relationship between originating OP and partner OP on request by originating OP over the E/WBI
Discovery Service	OP service identified by a well-defined Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) or IP:Port and protocol pair to assist User Clients (UCs) over User Network Interface (UNI) to discover adequate edge cloud in the current location of the end users
Edge Cloud	Refers to cloud-like capabilities located at the network edge including, from the Application Provider's perspective, access to elastically allocated compute, data storage and network resources as defined in the GSMA PRD OPG.02
Home OP	The OP instance belonging to the subscriber's Operator; that is, whose PLMN identity Mobile Country Code ((MCC) and Mobile Network Code (MNC)) matches with the MCC and MNC of the subscriber's International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI),
LCM Service	Lifecycle Management (LCM) Service to enable UCs for requesting dynamic application instantiation or termination
Leading OP	The Operator Platform instance as defined in GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1] connected to the Application Provider and receiving the onboarding requests, sharing them to the selected federated platforms/operators.

Term	Description
Originating OP	The OP instance initiating the federation creation request to selected federated platforms/operators. Both leading OP and Home OP will be acting as Originating OP while creating the federation with Partner OP.
OP Id	Operator id is a uniquely identifier assigned to each OP instance of the federation to identify the member OP
OP Administrator	Refers to person(s) responsible for the functions e.g., management, configuration, monitoring etc. of an OP instance
Mobility Strategy	It refers to defining an application mobility strategy that includes QoE, geographical store and privacy policies intent
Zone	Zone refers to an Availability Zone as defined in GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1]

1.4 Abbreviations

Term	Description
API	Application Programming Interface
CPU	Central Processing Unit
DNS	Domain Name System
DPDK	Data Plane Development Kit
E/WBI	East/West Bound Interface
FPGA	Field Programmable Gate Array
FQDN	Fully Qualified Domain Name
GPU	Graphical Processing Unit
HTTP	HyperText Transfer Protocol
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
ISA	Instruction Set Architecture
ISV	Independent Software Vendor
KPI	Key Performance Indicator
LBO	Local Break Out (also defined in PRD as Local BreakOut)
LCM	LifeCycle Management
MCC	Mobile Country Code
MNC	Mobile Network Code
NBI	NorthBound Interface
NIC	Network Interface Card
OP	Operator Platform
OPG	Operator Platform Group
OS	Operating System
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
PRD	Permanent Reference Document
QoS	Quality of Service
RAM	Random Access Memory

Term	Description
REST	REpresentational State Transfer
SRIOV	Single Root Input Output Virtualisation
TLS	Transport Level Security
UC	User Client
UNI	User Network Interface
URI	Uniform Resource Identifier
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
SDK	Software Development Kit
SLI	Service Level Indicator
SLO	Service Level Objective
vCPU	Virtual CPU
VM	Virtual Machine
VPU	Visual Processing Unit
YAML	YAML Ain't Markup Language

1.5 References

Ref	Doc Number	Title
[1]	OPG.02	Operator Platform Telco Edge Requirements", Version 2.0 14 April 2022
[2]	RFC 2119	"Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", S. Bradner, March 1997. Available at http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt
[3]	Telco Edge Cloud	Telco Edge Cloud: Edge Service Description & Commercial Principles Whitepaper, version 1.0, 27 October 2020 https://www.gsma.com/futurenetworks/resources/telco-edge-cloud-october-2020-download/
[4]	RFC 6749	"The OAuth 2.0 Authorization Framework", D. Hardt, Ed., October 2012. Available at http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc6749.txt

1.6 Conventions

The key words "must", "must not", "required", "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "recommended", "may", and "optional" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC2119 [2].

2 Procedures over OP East/West Bound Interface

2.1 General

This section describes some of the key concepts and terms which applies to E/WBI procedures.

2.1.1 Federation

A federation between two OPs conceptually refers an agreement to allow exposure of Edge Cloud resources and Network capabilities by the other OP. The procedures which enable the

establishment or creation of a federation between the OPs are referred as E/WBI procedures. These procedures can be initiated by an OP towards the Partner OP using the set of APIs corresponding to the E/WBI.

2.1.2 Directed Federation

A federation relationship in context of OPs is a directional relationship wherein a federation creation request initiated by an OP to a partner OP results in the partner OP exposing their edge cloud resources and network capabilities to the requesting OP. Thus, if two OPs want to expose edge cloud resources and network capabilities with each other, then both the OPs would need to initiate a directional federation creation request towards each other.

2.1.3 Federation Identifier

A federation identifier is a dynamically generated identifier created by the OP which receives the federation creation request from its partner OPs. Based on the prior information if the OP accepts the federation creation request, then the federation identifier is generated and returned to the requesting OP to represent the successful creation of the federation.

This federation identifier shall be included in all the subsequent E/WBI APIs invocations having operations associated to this federation.

2.1.4 Originating OP

The creation of a directed federation from an OP to a Partner OP may be initiated by an administrative action by the OP administrator. Procedures like E/WBI interconnect management as defined in the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1] are independent of any application management procedures and any OP can independently initiate such requests towards the Partner OP.

The OP initiating the federation creation request towards the Partner OP is defined as the Originating OP. GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1] defines the term “Leading OP” which can be interpreted as a role an OP instance is playing when it is serving applications providers on the NorthBound Interface (NBI).

As described, the OP when initiating federation creation request without any dependency to the NBI, requires an additional identification which in this document is termed as “Originating OP”.

2.1.5 Partner OP

The partner OP, also defined as Operator Platform which offers exposure of its Edge Cloud and network capabilities to other Operator Platforms via E/WBI. In this document the E/WBI procedure considers that the partner OP on receiving a federation creation request from an Originating OP may validate, authenticate (requirements have been described in section 5), and authorize the request and the initiating OP's identity and accepts the federation request by generating and sharing the federation identifier with the Originating OP.

2.1.6 Offered Zones

The Partner OP may offer to expose one or more Availability Zone(s) and associated Edge Cloud resources to the Originating OP based on the prior agreement and local configuration. These zone(s) are defined as “Offered Zones” wherein the applications from Originating OP

(also Leading OP here) can be orchestrated on requests from the application providers of the Originating OP.

2.1.7 Accepted Zones

Based on the offered zone(s) from a Partner OP, the Originating OP may accept one or more Availability Zone(s) from the Partner OP and subscribe the accepted zone(s) over E/WBI to the Partner OP by initiating the Availability Zone subscription procedures.

2.1.8 Mobile Country Codes

Mobile Country Code (MCC) represents the serving country of the OP when it is shared in federation establishment procedures. For any of the E/WBI APIs, the MCC associated to an OP shall have a single value and it is a non-modifiable parameter.

2.1.9 Mobile Network Codes

Mobile Network Code (MNC) represents the serving network code(s) of the OP when it is shared in federation establishment procedures. For any of the E/WBI APIs, there can one or more instances of MNC and its E/WBI procedures consider the MNCs to be a modifiable parameter.

MNCs are having a significant role for determination of the roaming users in visited OP networks and in conjunction with MCC they can be used by home OPs to determine the roaming in partner OPs footprints.

2.1.10 Zone Meta-information

Zone or Availability Zone meta-information refers to the attributes associated to a group of edge cloud which an OP can define as zone with a unique zone identifier and other locality information e.g., city, latitude/longitude, country, locality etc.

Zone related meta-information can be shared by an OP with a partner OP for various purposes e.g., in an Availability Zone offer during federation create procedure, in application onboarding requests to indicate intended Availability Zone(s) for app deployment etc.

2.1.11 Edge Discovery Service

The Edge discovery service is defined as a HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP)-based API endpoint identified by a well-defined FQDN or IP-address, Port pair to assist UCs to discover adequate Edge Cloud in the current location of the end users. Every OP may host a publicly accessible discovery service which can be reached by the UCs over the UNI to enquire about the nearby application instance(s).

The Home OP can also use the edge discovery service to redirect the edge discovery requests from roaming users on partner OP networks to be redirected to that partner OP's edge discovery service based on the network identification.

2.1.12 Mobility Strategy

An Application Provider may be able to provide the mobility strategy (refer GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1]) over the NBI for their applications and it may additionally include the application sensitivity to a UC's mobility events.

The Mobility strategy may cause an OP to take application session relocation decisions based on the end users' mobility events and taking into account the mobility strategy provided by the Application Provider.

2.1.13 Latency Constraints

The latency constraints refer to the limits on end-to-end latency between the UC and an edge application which if exceeded may result in degradation of user experience or quality of experience as requested by the application provider. An OP may provide information about different latency profiles for the Availability Zone(s) to Application Providers and such information can be used to define the latency constraints for an application on the NBI.

2.1.14 Application Identifier

While communicating with a Partner OP, the Leading OP uses application identifiers to refer uniquely to an application from the Leading OP in the context of a federation relationship with the Partner OP. The application identifier can be used to ensure uniqueness among the applications, application instances, application monitoring information etc.

2.1.15 Artefact Identifier

While communicating with a Partner OP, the Leading OP uses an artefact identifier to refer uniquely to an artefact from the Leading OP in the context of a federation relationship with the partner OP. The artefact identifier can be used to distinguish artefacts for all the Application Providers of the Leading OP on the E/WBI. Artefacts of an Application Provider can be reused by other applications of the same Application Provider.

2.1.16 Edge Node

A resource in a physical data centre. The term Edge Node used in context with the Edge Node Sharing refers to the compute resources offered by the Partner OP to the Leading OP. The Leading OP may use such resources to serve its own end users in scenarios such as not having the edge clouds footprint in locations where the end users requesting access to edge services, but a Partner OP is offering edge cloud resources in those locations.

2.1.17 QoS Profiles

Quality of Service (QoS) Profile refers to a set of network characteristics e.g., end-to-end latency, packet loss, bandwidth etc. and the associated values between UCs and the edge applications that a mobile network can provide.

2.1.18 QoS Reference

It is an identifier which refers to a pre-defined QoS profile configured in the mobile core network by the operator and which can be requested by an application function to request specified QoS for application sessions.

2.1.19 Service Level Objectives

Service Level Objectives (SLOs) are specific measurable characteristics such as throughput, jitter, latency etc. SLOs provide a quantitative means to define the level of service a leading OP can expect from the Partner OP.

2.1.20 Service Level Indicators

Service Level Indicators (SLIs) are the metrics used to measure the level of service provided against the SLOs as agreed between the OPs.

2.1.21 Service APIs

Service APIs in context of OP refers to set of REST APIs exposed by an OP on the NBI to expose mobile network capabilities in a secure and authorized manner to external applications or enterprise customers of the OP.

2.1.22 Service API Federation

Service API Federation in context of OP refers to the process for forwarding Service API request from a Leading OP to the Partner OP who shall be executing the given service capability requested by the customers of the Leading OP via the Service APIs.

2.2 Generic E/WBI Procedures

These procedures generically cover the federation interconnect and Availability Zone management functions to support application deployment and lifecycle management capabilities across Partner OPs.

The E/WBI communications from security perspectives would require the OPs identification, authentication and authorisation which shall be in accordance with the mechanisms described in section 5 and the details of obtaining credentials are outside the scope of this document.

2.2.1 Procedures for federation establishment between OP partners

These procedures will provide key functionalities to establish federation between two OP partners as described in the section 3.5.4.1 of the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1].

Basic functionalities must cover:

- Create federation between OP partners
- Update an already establish federation between OP partners
- Remove a federation establishment between OP partners.

2.2.1.1 Create Federation between OP partners

The Create Federation Operation is initiated by the Originating OP towards the Partner OP to establish a directed federation relationship between the two partners. By invoking this operation, the API initiator say 'OP-A' requests partner OP-B permission to consume the OP-B resources and network capabilities on edge sites of 'OP-B'.

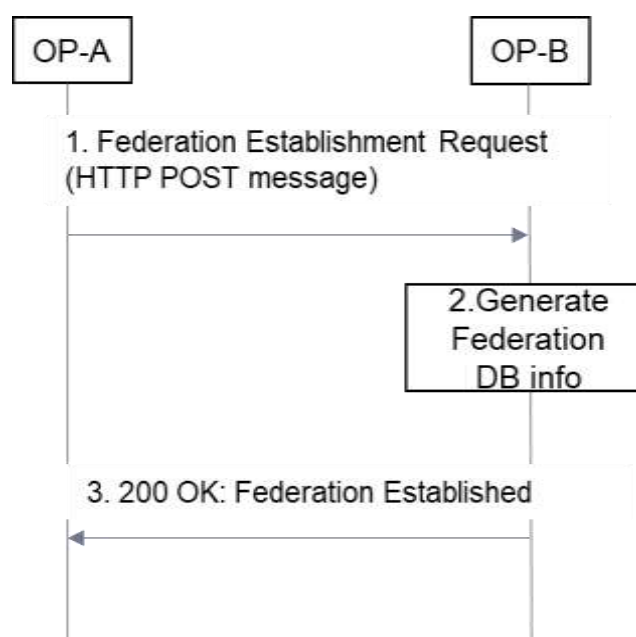


Figure 1: Create Federation

The message flow for creating a one-way (directed) federation relationship is as follows:

1. A Federation create request (HTTP POST) is sent by the OP-A (Originating OP) to the OP-B (Partner OP).
 - The Originating OP provides all required identification, authentication, and authorisation information elements required to allow the Partner OP to decide if the request can be granted.
2. After authentication and authorization of OP-A, the Partner OP i.e., OP-B validates the Create Federation request from OP-A and stores the federation information at OP-B.
3. The Partner OP sends a HTTP POST response to the Originating OP to inform about the result of the operation.
 - On success, a 200 OK message is sent along with a message body containing Partner OP edge discovery service FQDN, list of Availability Zone(s) meta-information (e.g., zone Id, geolocation details etc.), Supported Service APIs federation capability that the Partner OP can offer to the Originating OP.
 - On failure, an appropriate error code (e.g., 401, 404 etc.) along with application-level error message shall be returned. In this case the Originating OP shall remove any federation context information created for handling the response from the Partner OP.
 - The server errors 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable) may also indicate that the request could not be processed by the Partner OP and should be retried at a later point of time.

Note: Two OPs in a federation relationship are partners to each other, but in the context of this document, the Partner OP is referring to the OP responding to the Federation Establishment request from the Originating OP.

- Note: The edge discovery service FQDN shared by the Partner OP is for supporting roaming users when they visit a partner OP's network. In those cases, the Home OP on receiving the edge discovery requests from UCs, detect the roaming condition, and based on the current network code of the UE determines the Partner OP and corresponding edge discovery FQDN and redirects UCs to partner OP edge discovery service.
- Note: The Service API capabilities that the Partner OP shares with the Originating OP are assumed to be available to the Originating OP for Service API invocation and it can forward the associated Service API requests to the Partner OP

2.2.1.2 Update Federation between OP partners – By Originating OP

To make an update of a federation partnership the request initiator i.e., the Originating OP sends an HTTP PATCH message to Partner OP to update modifiable parameters which were earlier exchanged during the create federation request flow (e.g., MNC, MCC or Edge Discovery Service Uniform Resource Locator (URL)).

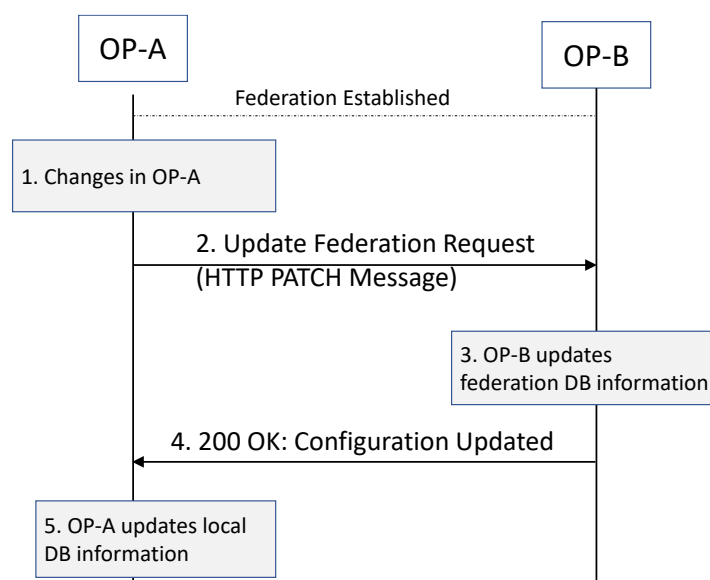


Figure 2: Update Federation

The message flow for updating a one-way (directed) federation relationship is as follows:

1. The OP Administrator at OP-A updates parameters e.g., MNC etc. associated to the existing federation between OP-A and OP-B
2. An Update Federation request (HTTP PATCH) is sent by the Originating OP to the Partner OP.
 - The Originating OP provides all required identification, authentication, and authorization information elements required to allow the Partner OP to decide if the request can be granted.
3. After authentication and authorization of OP-A, the Partner OP i.e., OP-B validates the Update Federation request from OP-A and updates the federation information stored at OP-B

4. The Partner OP sends a HTTP PATCH response to the Originating OP to inform about the result of the operation.
 - On success, a 200 OK message is sent to indicate that the Partner OP has updated the information as requested by the Originating OP for the existing federation.
 - On failure, an appropriate error code (e.g., 401, 404 etc.) along with application-level error message shall be returned. In this case the Originating OP shall remove any federation context information created for handling the response from the Partner OP.
 - The server errors 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable) may also indicate that the request could not be processed by the Partner OP and should be retried at a later point of time.

Note: The Originating OP provides a callback URL as part of the Create Federation request. The Partner OP shall use this callback URL to share any updates on existing federation relationship.

2.2.1.3 Update Federation between OP partners – By Partner OP

The Partner OP sends an HTTP POST request on the callback URL of the Originating OP to update modifiable parameters which were earlier exchanged during the create federation request flow e.g., MNCs, Newly added Availability zones, list of supported Service APIs etc.

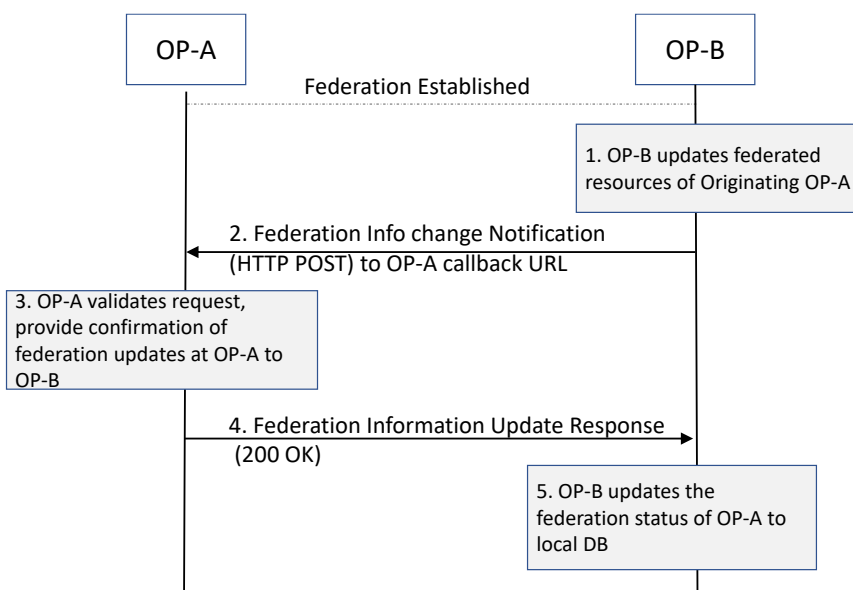


Figure 3: Update Federation by Partner OP

The message flow for updating a one-way (directed) federation relationship by the Partner OP is as follows:

1. The OP Administrator at OP-B updates parameters e.g., MNC, Supported Service API capabilities etc. associated to the existing federation between OP-B and OP-A
2. An Update Federation request (HTTP POST) is sent by the Partner OP-B to the Originating OP-A callback URL.

- The Partner OP-B provides all required identification, authentication, and authorization information elements required to allow the Originating OP-A to decide if the request can be granted.
 - Message body contain parameters e.g., a list with the Service APIs name identifiers, UE public IP address ranges at the Partner OP-B etc.
3. After authentication and authorization of OP-B, the Originating OP-A validates the POST request from OP-B and updates the federation information stored at OP-A
 4. The Originating OP-A sends a HTTP POST response to the Partner OP-B to inform about the result of the operation.
 - On success, a 200 OK message is sent to indicate that the Originating OP-A has updated the information as requested by the Partner OP-B for the existing federation.
 - On failure, an appropriate error code (e.g., 401, 404 etc.) along with application-level error message shall be returned.
 - The server errors 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable) may also indicate that the request could not be processed by the Originating OP-A and should be retried at a later point of time.

2.2.1.4 Remove Federation configuration between OP partners

This procedure is intended to remove existing federation information within a Partner OP. By Remove Federation Operation, the API initiator OP say ‘OP-A’ sends an HTTP DELETE request to the partner OP say ‘OP-B’ to terminate the existing federation configuration from OP-A to OP-B (earlier created by OP-A via create federation procedures).

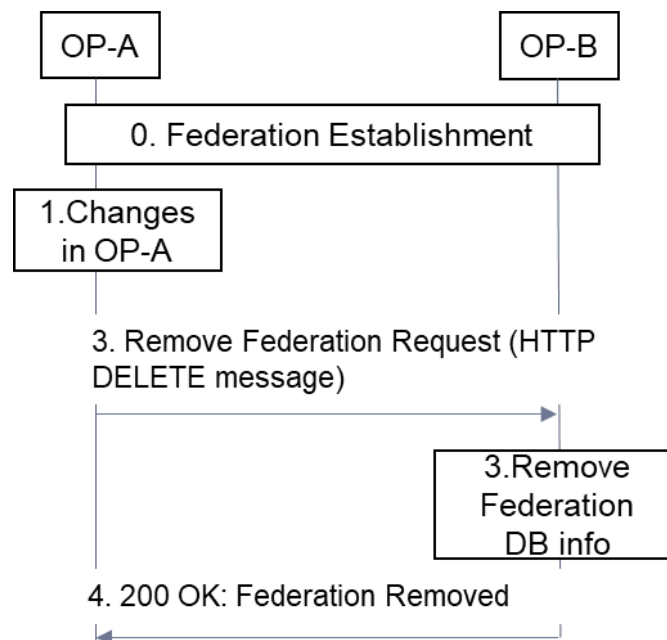


Figure 4: Remove Federation

The Partner OP can also terminate the existing federation with the Originating OP. The Partner OP say ‘OP-B’ sends an HTTP POST request to the Originating OP say ‘OP-A’ to terminate the existing directional federation earlier created on request from the Originating

OP "OP-A". The Partner OP uses the HTTP notification destination provided by the Originating OP as part of the Create Federation Operation API where the Originating OP shall be receiving any HTTP notifications from the Partner OP.

2.2.1.5 Retrieve partner federated zone meta-information

The Originating OP may use this procedure towards federated partners OP to retrieve Availability Zone(s) meta-information e.g., zone identifier(s), zone(s) location etc. which the Partner OP may offer to the Originating OP. This operation can be invoked on existing federation between the two OPs.

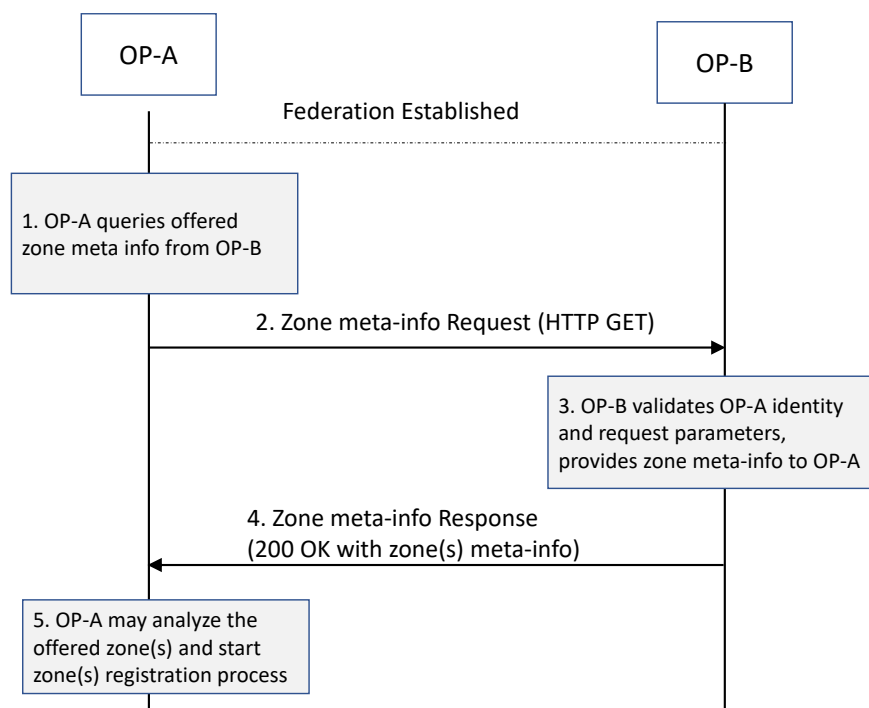


Figure 5: Retrieve partner federated zone meta-information

The message flow for retrieving the Partner OP Availability Zone(s) meta-information by the Originating OP on an existing federation relationship is as follow:

1. A partner federated zone meta-information get request (HTTP GET) is sent by the Originating OP to the Partner OP.
 - The Originating OP provides all required identification, authentication, and authorization information elements required to allow the Partner OP to decide if the request can be granted.
2. The Partner OP sends a HTTP GET response to the Originating OP to inform about the result of the operation.
 - On success, a 200 OK message is sent along with a message body containing a list of zones and their geolocation details that the partner OP has available to share with the operator.
 - On failure, an appropriate error codes (e.g., 401, 404 etc.) along with application-level error message shall be returned.

- The server errors 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable) may also indicate that the request could not be processed by the Partner OP and should be retried at a later point of time.

2.2.1.6 Retrieve Network Service Capabilities

The Originating OP should be able to query the Partner OP using the GET method to retrieve the list of the Service APIs which the Partner OP can offer to the Originating OP.

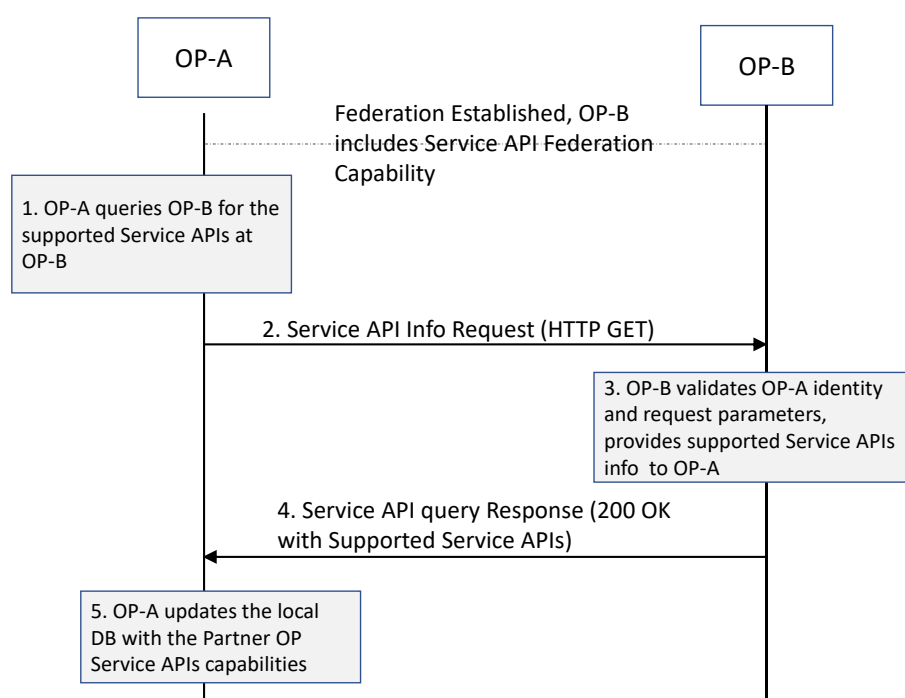


Figure 6: Retrieve partner OP Service APIs Capabilities

The message flow for retrieving the Service APIs supported by the Partner OP on an existing federation relationship is as follow:

1. The Originating OP may decide to retrieve supported Service APIs by the federated partner OP
2. A HTTP GET request is sent by the Originating OP-A to the federated Partner OP-B to retrieve the supported Service APIs information.
 - The Originating OP-A provides all required identification, authentication, and authorization information elements required to allow the Partner OP to decide if the request can be granted.
3. The partner OP-B validates the Originating OP-A request based on the identification and authorization information provided and prepares the response containing the information about the supported Service APIs
4. The Partner OP sends a HTTP GET response to the Originating OP to inform about the result of the operation.

- a) On success, a 200 OK message is sent along with a message body containing a list with the Service APIs name identifiers, UE public IP address ranges at the Partner OP-B etc
 - b) On failure, an appropriate error codes (e.g., 401, 404 etc.) along with application-level error message shall be returned.
 - c) The server errors 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable) may also indicate that the request could not be processed by the Partner OP and should be retried at a later point of time.
5. The Originating OP updates the local DB with the supported Service APIs by the corresponding partner OP

2.2.2 Procedures for Availability Zone information synchronization

As described in the section 3.5.4.2 of the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1] these procedures will enable sharing of pre-provisioned zone information and updating the resource information, notifying partners if there are new zones available etc.

When the Partner OP accepts the create federation request from the Originating OP, the Partner OP also provides the Availability Zones meta information which it can offer to the Originating OP and their application providers.

This request can be sent only after a successful creation of the federation relationship between the Originating OP and the Partner OP. The API initiator subscribe one or more zones from the list of zones being offered by the Partner OP to the Originating OP. The ISVs of the originating OP can deploy their applications on the zone(s) being subscribed by this API.

2.2.2.1 Zone Subscription

On receiving the Availability Zones meta information (e.g., zone id, serving location etc.), the Originating OP may send an HTTP POST message that contain the accepted Availability Zone(s) subscription request for one or more Availability Zones offered by the Partner OP.

The Partner OP may reserve the resources for the Originating OP on indicated zone(s) and provides the details of resources configuration, QoS profiles, supported network capabilities with SLOs etc in the Availability Zones information to the Originating OP in the response to zone subscription request.

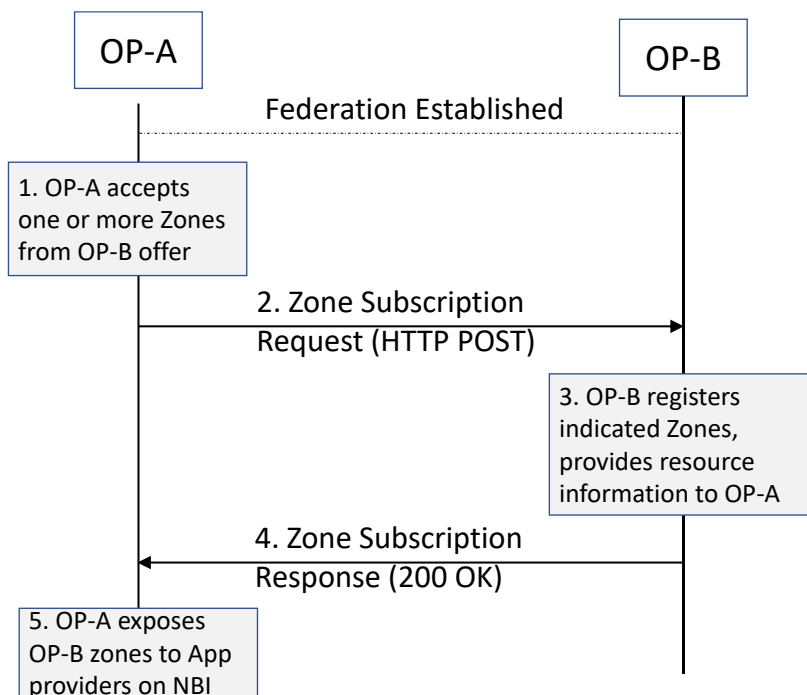


Figure 7: Availability Zone subscription

2.2.2.2 View Zone information

The Originating OP at any moment can query the Partner OP for the Availability Zone(s) status information (e.g., resource availability, serving location etc.). The Originating OP may send an HTTP GET request that contain the Availability Zone(s) identifier for one or more availability zones offered by the Partner OP.

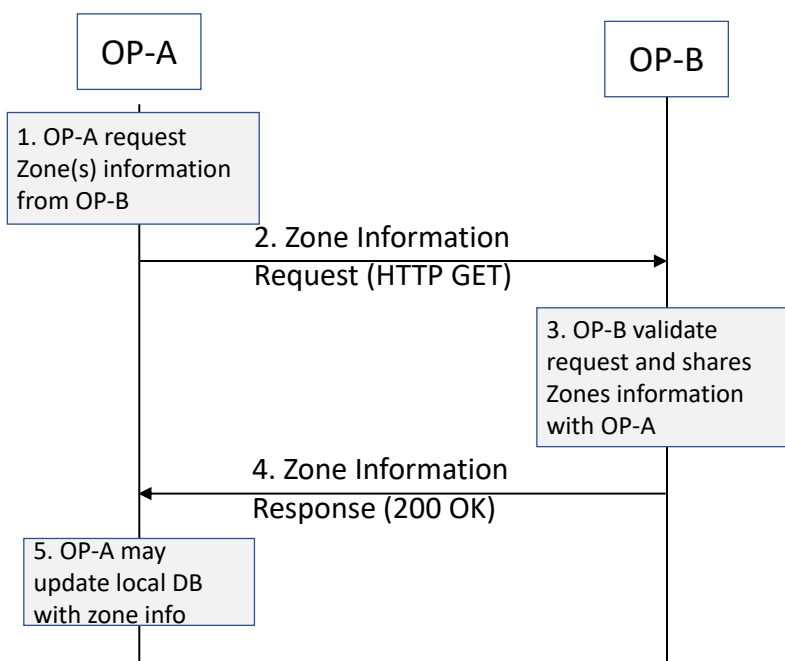


Figure 8: View Availability Zone information

2.2.2.3 Update Availability Zone Information

A Partner OP shall update the Originating OP of any changes to the compute resources or network capabilities subscribed by the Leading OP. For this purpose, the Leading OP provides a callback URL to the Partner OP while sending the Availability Zone subscription request. The Partner OP can use the callback URL to provide any changes to earlier resource subscription e.g., additional or deletion of compute resources, new compute flavours availability etc.

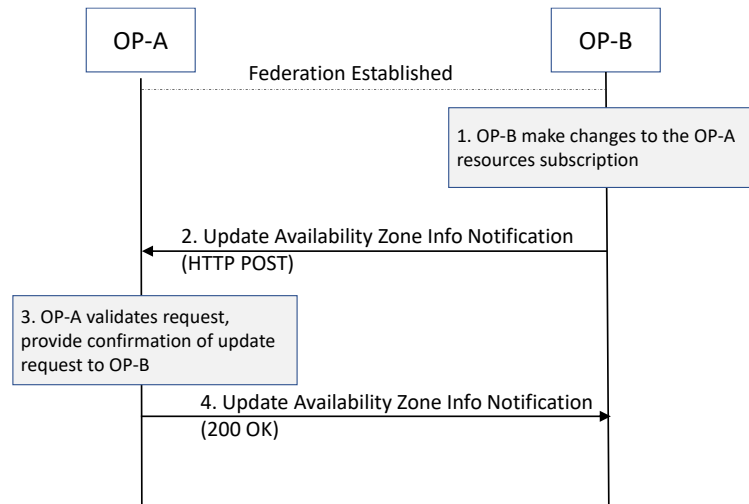


Figure 9: Update Availability Zones Information

The message flow for updating availability zone information is as follows:

1. The administrator at OP-B performs updates to resource configuration associated to OP-A e.g., add GPU resources in an availability zone shared with OP-A
2. An Update Availability Zone request (HTTP POST) is sent by the Partner OP to the Leading OP.
 - The Partner OP provides all required identification, authentication, and authorization information elements required to allow the leading OP to decide if the request can be granted.
3. After authentication and authorization of OP-B, the Leading OP i.e., OP-A validates the Update Availability Zone request from OP-B and updates the given information stored at OP-A
4. The leading OP sends a HTTP POST response to the Partner OP i.e., OP-B to inform about the result of the operation.
 - On success, a 200 OK message is sent to indicate that the leading OP has updated the information as requested by the Partner OP for the existing federation.
 - On failure, an appropriate error code (e.g., 401, 404 etc.) along with application-level error message shall be returned.
 - The server errors 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable) may also indicate that the request could not be processed by the leading OP and should be retried at a later point of time

2.2.3 Procedures for registration and authorization of end users in a federated OP partner

As defined in the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1] when moving to a visited network, the end user shall first contact the home network OP platform. In case the visited network is a federated partner and that local break out is available the end user is redirected to the visited OP platform.

2.2.3.1 Authorization of end users by federated OP

The Visited OP platform needs to authenticate and authorize the service to the end users it can access edge nodes available in the visited network. This model is preferred because the edge cloud service is provided closer to the User Client.

As described in the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1], the Home OP is involved managing the subscriber's authentication and authorization. The following figure is intended to describe the interactions between OP partners to validate and authenticate end users.

1. The UE A while in OP-B network, registers to OP-A (Home Domain).
 - a) Authentication/Authorization procedures in the home network
 - b) OP-A retrieve UE location information
2. The OP-A steers the user to OP-B based on the user location and considering that both operators have agreed that Local Breakout (LBO) can be used. Information regarding UE access to OP-B must be included in the redirection message (e.g., IP address, FQDN)
3. After receiving OP-B access information the UE-A proceed to register in the Visited OP
4. These steps represent the federation connection for enabling the application availability on Operator B by sharing and validating user's authorization information (HTTP GET).
5. In case of failure, the cause should be reflected in the response message, so that it can be notified to UE-A
6. Finally, UE-A gets authorized in OP-B and can request access to edge services provided based on the UE's location.
7. In case of failure the corresponding status message must be provided showing the cause.

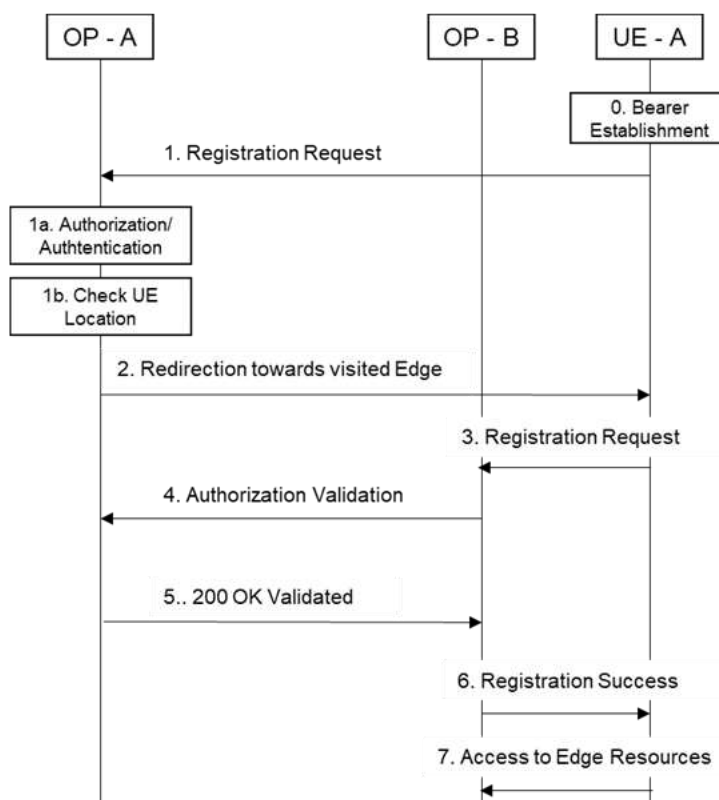


Figure 10: User Client registration on access from a visited OP

2.3 Application Services Procedures

The OP services as defined in GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1] can be provided to the Application Providers via the NBI to manage, deploy and monitor applications with the Leading OP and its federated Partner OPs.

This section provides the coverage to the edge services which requires E/WBI APIs to enable the OP services with those federated partner OPs based on the NBI operations invoked by the Application Providers.

2.3.1 Edge Service Procedures

The following section describes the OP supported edge service procedures over E/WBI to provide application providers access to federated partners OP services.

2.3.1.1 Procedures for Application Artefacts Management Service

According to section 3.5.4.3 of the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1] an OP shall be capable of onboarding and managing application artefacts towards an OP partner, considering that a federation has been established between partners previously (see section 2.2).

The following procedures need to be supported:

- Transfer application images (container or Virtual Machines (VMs) per section 3.6 and 3.7 of the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1])

2.3.1.1.1 Application Artefacts Upload

This is intended for an OP to upload application images e.g., Docker container image file(s) and associated application component descriptors i.e., artefacts such as Helm charts, Terraform scripts etc. to a partner OP.

The same artefact(s) can be reused by multiple applications within an application provider account. An Application Provider specifies the Partner OPs that an application should be deployed to. As an artefact can be associated to one or more applications, they are delivered to the set of Partner OPs that are associated with the applications.

For this operation message flows should be as follows:

1. An artefact upload request i.e., HTTP POST message with the application artefacts provided by the Application Provider over the NBI from the Originating OP is sent to a Partner OP.
2. The Partner OP authenticates the Originating OP and validates the requested operation and the parameters e.g., country code, federation keys and the indicated zone(s) status
3. Once the artefact push is finished
 - a) If the procedure is completed successfully, a response message HTTP POST response with “202: Artefact Accepted” shall be sent from the Partner OP. (onboarded artefact information can be included as well).
 - b) The Originating OP may send GET request at a later point of time to enquire about the actual upload status with partner OP. The Partner OP may return a successful response to HTTP GET operation with status code “200 OK” containing the onboarded artefact information.

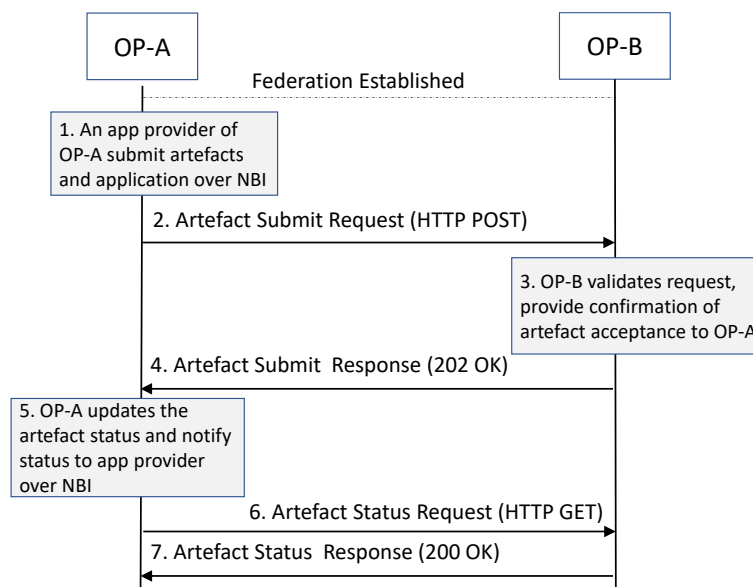


Figure 11: Artefact upload request

2.3.1.1.2 Application Artefacts Update

This is used by an OP to update the already submitted artefacts e.g., Docker container image file(s) and scripts to a partner OP. Artefacts are onboarded by the leading OP and

stored in local repositories. These artefacts are linked to the applications by the Application Provider and are delivered to a Partner OP based on the application zones indicated by the Application Provider.

The updated information e.g., application images, helm charts etc. shall be used by the Partner OP when requested by the Application Provider for applications deployed in the Partner OP footprint. It is to be noted that the already running application instances using the artefact are not affected by this operation.

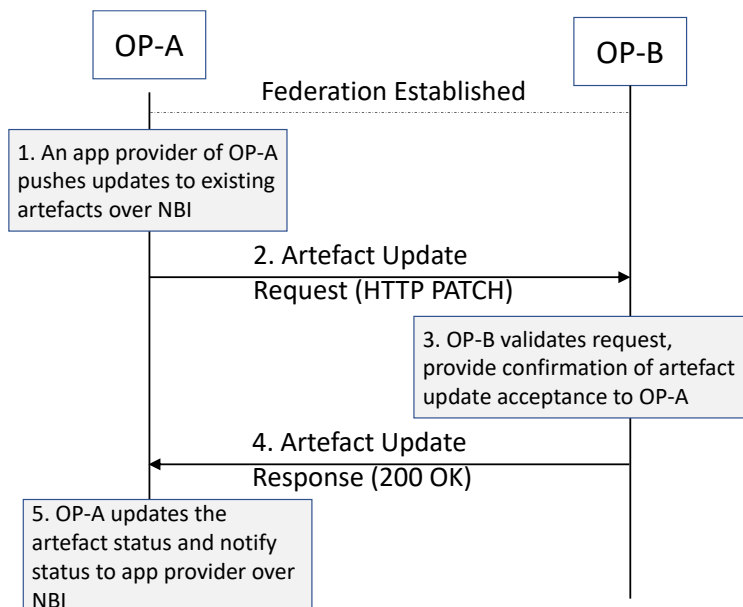


Figure 12: Artefact update request

2.3.1.1.3 Application Artefacts Delete

An OP must support to delete the already submitted artefacts e.g., Docker container image file(s), application components descriptor scripts e.g., Helm charts etc. to a Partner OP.

An OP may initiate the application artefact deletion process on receiving the request from application provider over the NBI.

The Partner OP shall remove the artefacts e.g., application images, helm charts etc. using the artefact information present in the HTTP DELETE request.

Note: Aspects like audits of complete removal of artefacts in the Partner OP environment is beyond the scope of this document and are not covered here.

2.3.1.2 Application Provider Resource Management Service

According to section 5.2 of the Telco Edge Cloud whitepaper [3], the capacity reservation model is described as using a preselected combination of service units (computing, storage, and networking) that is permanently allocated to the Customer. Usually chosen for longer time periods in which the Customer has a permanent demand to attend.

Following procedures needs to be supported:

- To reserve compute resources with Partner OP based on the request from application provider on the NBI
- To update or modify the already reserved resource pool e.g., to add or remove resources in existing reservation
- Delete already reserved resource pool created for an application provider

2.3.1.2.1 Resource Reservation

This is intended for an OP to reserve resources for an application provider e.g., compute resource flavours when the application provider initiates the reservation using NBI.

The application provider shall be able to request reservation of resources with a partner OP on per Availability Zone basis. The partner OP shall be able to reserve resources for a given Application Provider from the allocated quota for the Leading OP. Once the resource reservation request is approved by the Partner OP, a resource pool identifier is provided to the Leading OP to refer to the specific resource pool for the Application Provider. The Application Provider can use the identifier while instantiating the application to indicate from which resource pool resources are to be used when deploying applications in the Partner OP zones.

For this operation message flows should be as follows:

1. A resource reservation request i.e., HTTP POST message describing the resources to be reserved along with the Availability Zone where they should be located as provided by the Application Provider over NBI, is sent to the Partner OP by the Originating OP.
2. The Partner OP authenticates the Originating OP and validates the requested operation and the parameters e.g., federation keys, Application Provider identifier, resource identifiers and the indicated zone.
3. Once the request is validated
 - a) If the procedure is completed successfully, a response message HTTP POST response with “200: Resource reservation request accepted” shall be sent from the Partner OP.
 - b) The Originating OP may send a GET request at later point of time to retrieve the reservation details with the partner OP (see section 2.3.1.2.2)

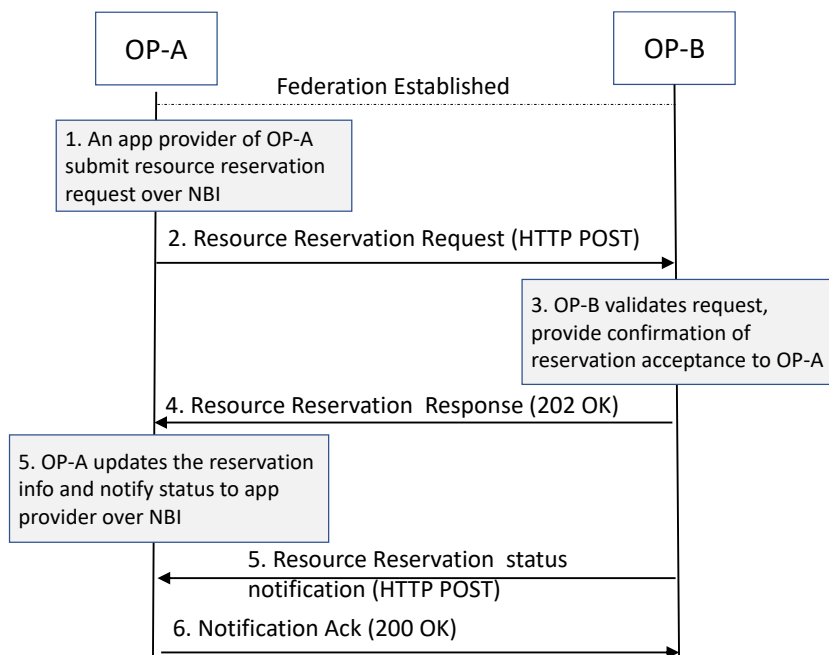


Figure 13: Resource Reservation request

2.3.1.2.2 View Resource Reservation

This is used by the Leading OP to retrieve the status of the already created resource pool with the Partner OP. The Leading OP uses the HTTP GET method to fetch the details of the resource pool as indicated by the application provider in a given Availability Zone.

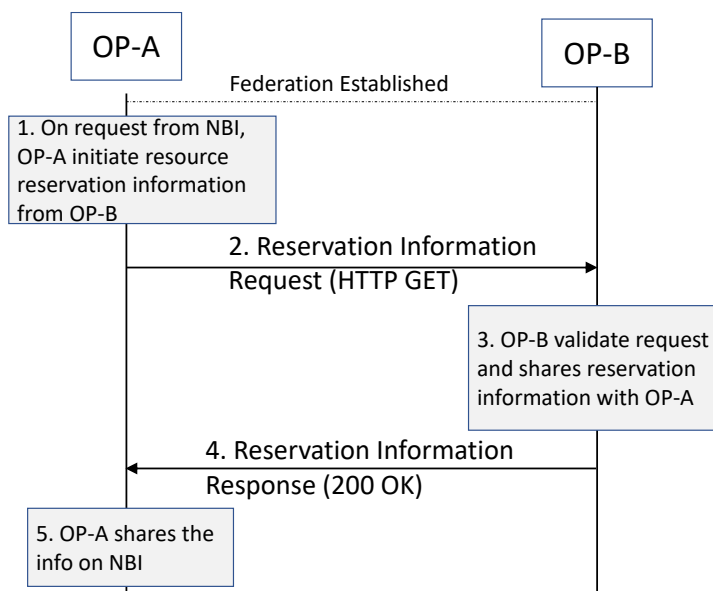


Figure 14: View Resource Reservation request

2.3.1.2.3 Update Resource Reservation

This procedure is used by an OP to update the existing resource reservation to a Partner OP. The Leading OP provides the application provider identifier, Availability Zone and operation to be performed e.g., add or remove the resources from a given resource pool etc.

The Leading OP uses the HTTP PATCH method to inform the Partner OP about the application provider identifier, zone identifier and resources to be updated.

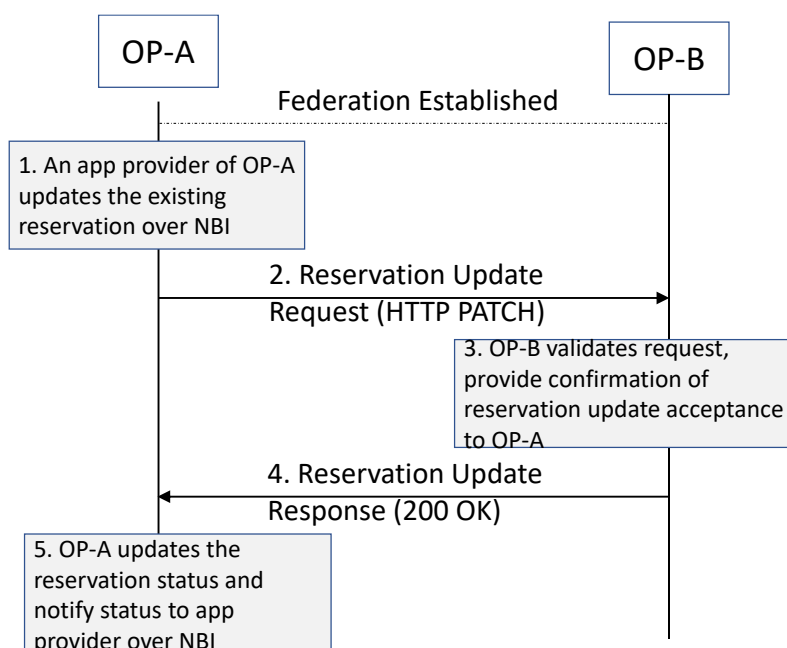


Figure 15: Resource reservation update request

2.3.1.2.4 Delete Resource Reservation

The Leading OP shall support the delete procedure to remove an existing resource reservation with a partner OP when requested by the application provider over NBI.

An OP uses the HTTP DELETE method to inform the Partner OP of a request to remove a resource pool providing the application provider identifier, Availability Zone and existing reservation identifier earlier generated by the Partner OP during the creation of the pool.

After receiving the delete procedure response from the Partner OP, the Leading OP shall inform the Application Provider of the outcome of the remove operation on NBI.

2.3.1.3 Procedures for Application Onboarding Management Service

According to section 3.5.4.3 of the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1] an OP shall be capable to onboard and manage applications towards a Partner OP, assuming that a federation has been established between partners previously.

Following procedures needs to be supported:

- Transfer Application Provider Criteria towards a Partner OP. The procedure may also request the launch of application instance(s) in a partner OP's edge clouds as a follow-up action after onboarding.
- Transfer of other application-specific files, e.g., application manifest, specifying the workload information like mobility strategy, Quality of Service (QoS) profiles and privacy policies etc., and other optional characteristics indicating the application's request for, network capabilities, alternate QoS profiles etc
- Removal of applications (application images and metadata).

2.3.1.3.1 General

Application onboarding process on E/WBI is initiated by the Leading OP towards the Partner OP. An application as described above comprises of application components and meta-information which requires to be transferred over E/WBI to partner OP and this process may take some time and the outcome or result of this operation can be notified by the Partner OP at a later point of time asynchronously to the Leading OP.

An application may have one or more components having reference to the artefacts containing the component descriptors e.g., Helm charts, Container Specs etc. Also, the application may be deployed on already reserved resources or from the available shared resources offered by the Partner OP in various Availability Zones. An application meta-data may include references to reserved resources on Availability Zones to indicate if application instances should be deployed on resources already reserved.

2.3.1.3.2 Application Organization

An application is logical group of related components that can be managed as a single unit by the OP. A component represent a runnable unit which is described using component descriptors. Application components descriptors e.g., Helm Charts, Container Specs, Terraform scripts etc. are provided by the application providers along with other application characteristics e.g., QoS profile, Availability Zone info with leading and federated OP, resource requirements etc. which may be considered for application orchestration decisions by the OP.

Application components require reference to component image(s) which can be retrieved from public repositories, private repositories or may also be provided by the Application Providers to the OP by using OP supported image management capabilities. The Leading OP on behalf of Application Provider is responsible to transfer applications and corresponding component descriptors and images to the Partner OP over E/WBI.

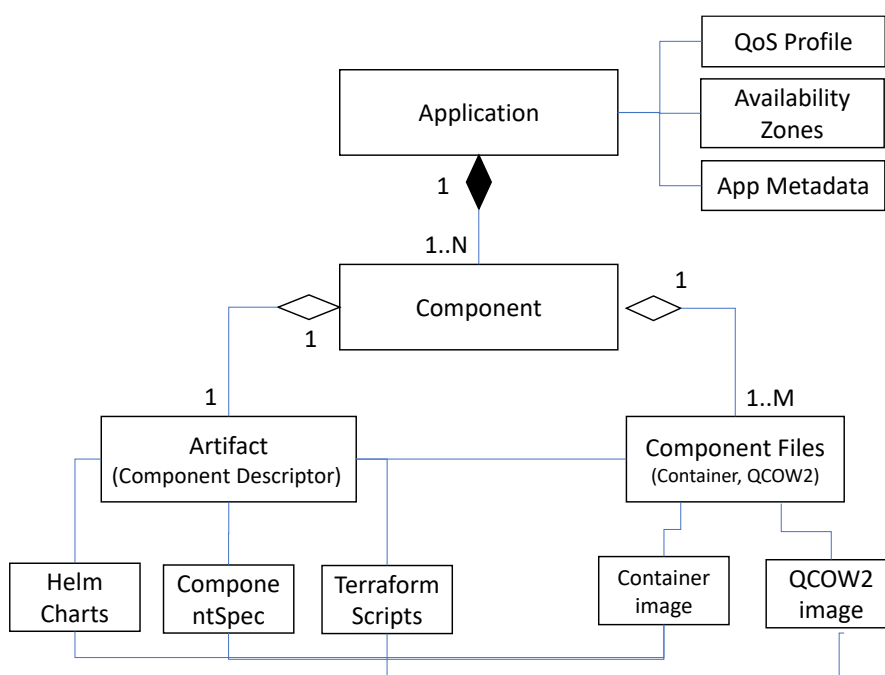


Figure 16: Application Schema

2.3.1.3.3 Onboard Application

An application provider uses the OP NBI to manage edge applications via the application management capabilities provided by the Leading OP. Using these capabilities an application provider can also request the Leading OP to share and deploy applications in the federated partner Availability Zones.

These events on the NBI may also result into the Leading OP to initiate application management procedures towards the Partner OP(s) over E/WBI and share the application images, artefacts, and other meta information as provided by the Application Provider over NBI.

An OP can use app onboarding APIs to submit an application to a partner OP Availability Zone(s). Submitting applications may include application images, application type, application provider criteria, target Availability Zones etc. towards a Partner OP.

1. An onboard application request is sent to a partner OP.
 - a) HTTP POST message contains application details e.g., app name, app identifier, Application Provider identifier, Availability Zone(s), QoS profile etc.
2. The Partner OP validates the OP identity and authorization info, federation keys and zone onboarding status
 - a) If application is already onboarded or is ongoing a correspondent failure response will be sent.
 - b) Otherwise, after OP validation the Partner OP proceed to push application data (container images) to the edges and update/store all the info related to a database.
3. Once the application push is finish
 - a) If the procedure is completed successfully, a response message HTTP POST response with “201: Application onboarded” shall be sent from the Partner OP. (appld and requestId information can be included as well).
 - b) In other case a correspondent failure message will be generated from the Partner OP.

Note: This version of the document covers the resource model for application where the applications get resources as they need them. Coverage for resource reservation model will be provided in the next releases of this document.

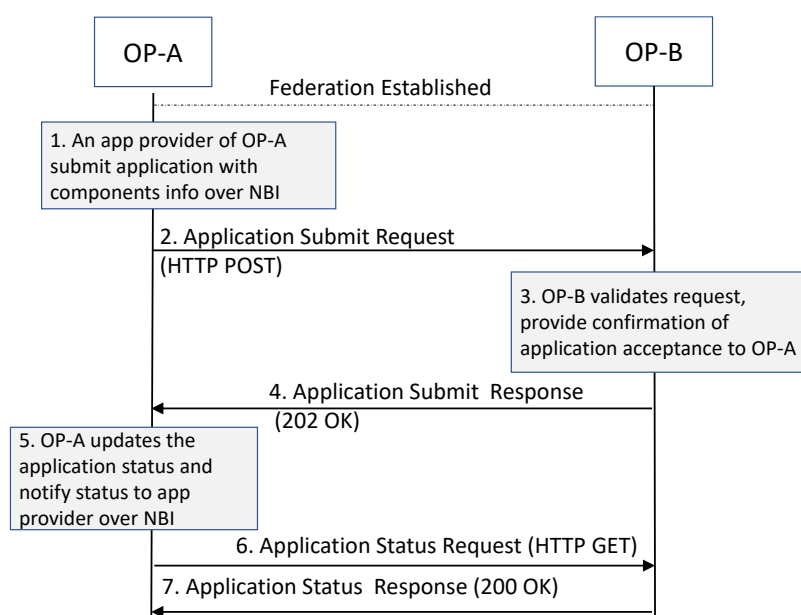


Figure 17: Onboard Application

2.3.1.3.4 Update Application Information

An OP must have alternatives to update parameters of an application onboarded on a partner OP. Update application information towards a Partner OP (e.g., application versions, application provider criteria, target Availability Zones).

Application update request can be initiated by the Leading OP due to the application provider initiated application update action over NBI.

1. The Leading OP shall send the HTTP PATCH request message to the Partner OP(s) to start the application update procedure.
 - a) HTTP PATCH message may contain application details e.g., app name, app identifier, Application Provider identifier, Availability Zone(s), QoS profile etc.
2. The Partner OP validates the OP identity and authorization info, federation keys etc.
3. On successful validation, if application indicated by app identifier is already onboarded and parameters to be updated are valid then
 - a) If the update procedure is completed successfully, a HTTP PATCH response with “201: Application updated successfully” shall be sent from the Partner OP. (app name and app Identifier information can be included as well).
 - b) In other case a correspondent failure message will be generated by the partner OP.

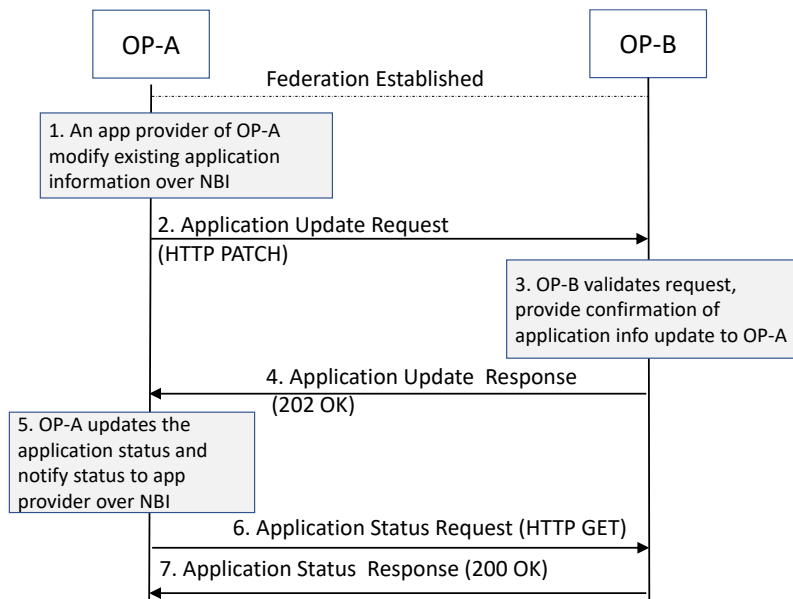


Figure 18: Update Onboarded Application

Note: The Leading OP shall make the application update results available on the NBI interface as the Application Provider may have started the update procedure over NBI. It is to be noted that the application information update does not result in updating the existing instances of the application or create new instances with updated information.

Note: After successful update of the application information, the Application Provider can request to instantiate the application instances with updated information on one or more Availability Zones used earlier during the onboarding procedure.

2.3.1.3.5 Remove Application

This will be used by an OP to remove an application from a partner OP zone. Removal of applications (application images and metadata) from a Partner OP. The Leading OP shall make the application de-boarding result available on the NBI interface.

After successful de-boarding of the application, the application and any of the associated information e.g., images, metadata etc. shall no longer be available in the indicated Availability Zones.

Note: Verification and compliance of the removal of application information by an OP is beyond the scope of this document and such requirements and verification process shall be part of other specifications e.g., GSM PRD OPG.02 [1].

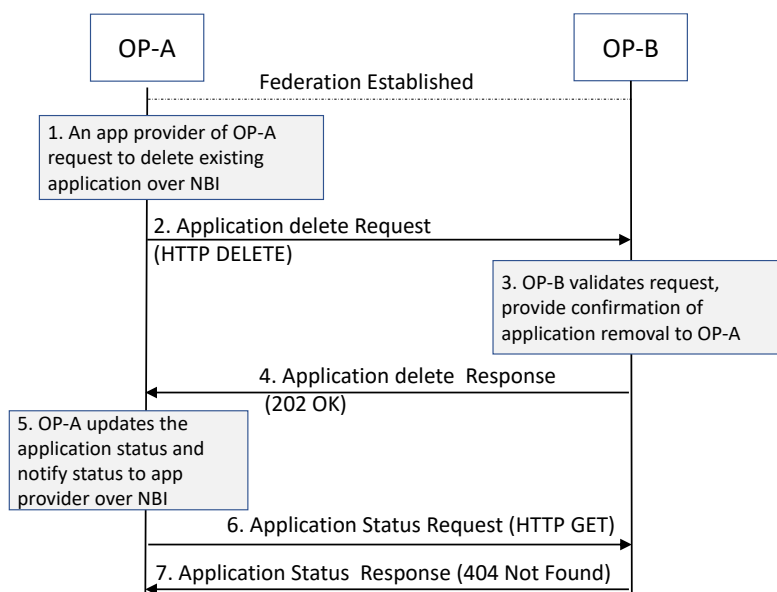


Figure 19: Delete Application

2.3.1.3.6 Onboard Application On New Zones

This Originating OP can use this API to request the Partner OP to make already onboarded applications available on additional zones as indicated in the HTTP POST request from the Leading OP.

1. An onboard application to new Availability Zones request is sent to a partner OP.
 - a) HTTP POST message contains application identifier, Availability Zone(s) etc.
2. The Partner OP validates the OP identity and authorization info, federation keys and zone onboarding status
 - a) If application is already onboarded on the indicated zone a failure response will be sent.
 - b) Otherwise, after OP validation the Partner OP proceed to update the local database to update the application additional zone indicated in the request.
3. Once the request handling is finished by the Partner OP
 - a) If the procedure is completed successfully, a response message HTTP POST response with “201: Application onboarded” shall be sent from the Partner OP.
 - b) In other cases a correspondent failure message will be generated from the Partner OP as detailed in the API parameters description table in section 4.

2.3.1.3.7 Restrict Application On Specific Zones

This Originating OP can use this API to request the Partner OP to either restrict or allow application instantiation of already onboarded applications to a given zone.

1. The Leading OP sends a request to a partner OP.
 - a) HTTP POST request message contains application identifier, Availability Zone(s), restriction condition (allow, restrict) etc.

2. The Partner OP validates the OP identity and authorization info, federation keys and zone onboarding status
 - a) If application on indicated zone is not already onboarded, a failure response will be sent.
 - b) Otherwise, after OP validation, the Partner OP proceed to update the local database about the application zone restriction status indicated in the request.
3. Once the request handling is finished by the Partner OP
 - a) If the procedure is completed successfully, a response message HTTP POST response with “202: Application restriction updated successfully” shall be sent from the Partner OP.
 - b) In other cases a correspondent failure message will be generated from the Partner OP as detailed in the API parameters description table in section 4.

2.3.1.3.8 Network Events Notifications

The Partner OP may send network events in context of the Application instances that it may have created based on the application instance provisioning requests from the Leading OP if the given application has subscribed for network capabilities.

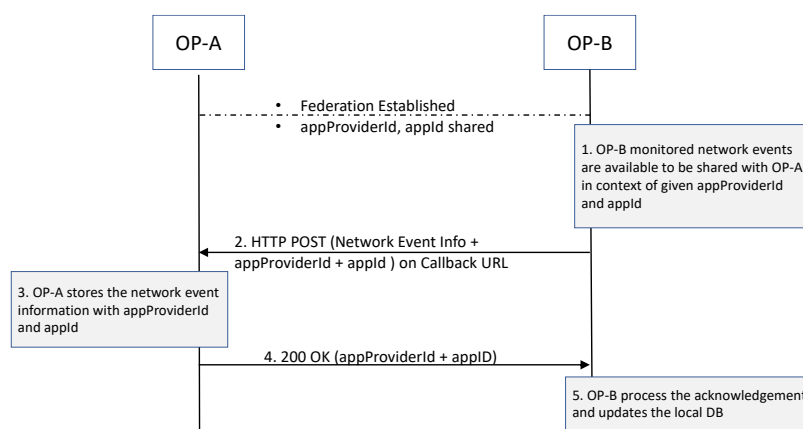


Figure 20: Network Event Notifications

The message flows for event notifications in context of the Service API federation:

1. The Partner OP-B determines the availability of network event information (SLIs) that needs to be shared with OP-A and it maps the network events information with the application onboarded by the Leading OP
 - a) The Partner OP provides all required identification, authentication, and authorisation information elements required to allow the Leading OP to decide if the request can be granted.
2. The Partner OP sends the HTTP POST request to the Leading OP-A with appProviderId, applId, network event information on callback URL which OP-A has earlier provided during the application onboarding request
3. After authentication and authorization of OP-B, the Leading OP i.e., OP-A validates the E/WBI Notification API from OP-B.

4. The Leading OP sends a HTTP response to the Partner OP-B to inform about the result of the operation.
5. The Partner OP-B updates the processing status of the given network event in its local DB for the given subscriptionID, application ID

2.3.1.4 Application Deployment Management Service

As defined in GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1], the Application Deployment Management Service on E/WBI shall control the launch and termination of applications that have been onboarded on a partner OP.

2.3.1.4.1 Instantiate Application

This API will be use by an OP to instantiate an application to edge clouds of the Partner OP and to a partner OP zone(s) as requested by application provider over NBI.

The Partner OP shall also provide the application instance status over E/WBI to leading OP which the Leading OP for example may expose to application providers on NBI on request from the Application Providers.

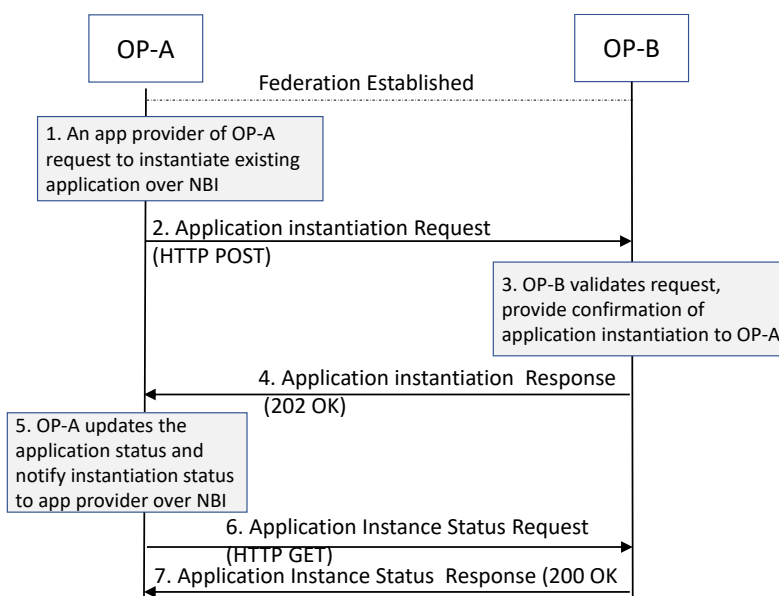


Figure 21: Application Instantiation

2.3.1.4.2 Notify Application Instance Information

After successful instantiation of the application, the Application Provider should be able to view the application instance information on partner Availability Zone(s) e.g., app Identifier, instance identifier, health status, network interfaces communication endpoints etc.

The application instantiation request may take time for partner OP to create the application instance on the indicated Availability Zone(s). Based on the result of the instantiation the partner OP sends the notification request (HTTP POST) to the leading OP with the application instance information e.g., application instance identifier, application identifier, zone meta-information, application instance endpoints etc.

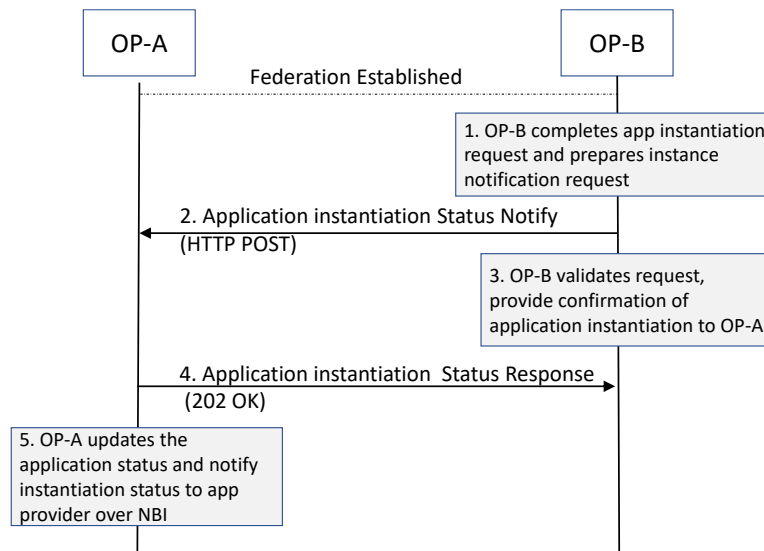


Figure 22: Application Instance Status Notification

2.3.1.4.3 Terminate Application Instance Information

After successful instantiation of the application, the application provider should be able to request the termination of application instance on one or more Availability Zone of leading and/or partner OP.

Application providers request the application instance termination via NBI, and the Leading OP shall initiate HTTP DELETE request towards the Partner OP. The request may contain the information e.g., application identifier, instance identifier etc. to enable partner OP to identify the application instance uniquely on his edge clouds.

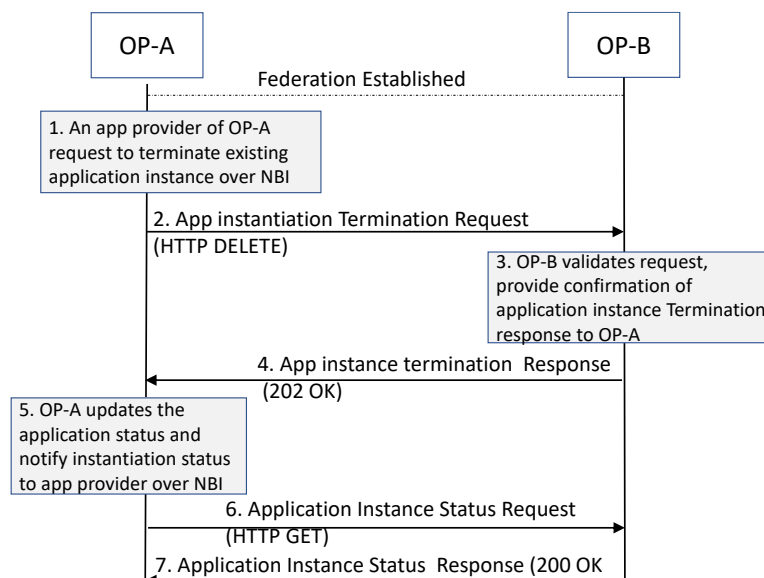


Figure 23: Application Instance Termination

2.3.1.5 Procedures for sharing edge resources between federated OP partners

As defined in the section 3.3.5 of the GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1], Edge node sharing is the concept for two operators to share edge nodes (should be read as compute resources in the

Partner OP Availability Zones) between their coverage area for example from a geographical point of view (south and north).

2.3.1.5.1 Edge node discovery procedure with partner OP

A subscriber of Operator A accesses its home network/operator platform and requests for the required Edge-Enhanced or Edge-Native Application instantiation. When Operator A's OP identifies that the most suitable edge resources are in Partner B, Operator A's OP requests by an HTTP POST message over the E/WBI to Partner B's OP (see Figure below, steps 3, 3a and 3b) to provide the suitable Availability Zone(s) where application can be hosted in partner OP edge clouds. Alternatively, a partner OP can also provide the communication endpoints of existing application instances to home OP.

In this example, since the two OPs have a federation agreement, they may have pre-established commercial agreements, security relationships and policy decisions (for instance, QoS-related). Operator B's OP sends the response for the HTTP POST request to OP-A (assuming enough edge resources are available at OP-B). The OP-B response contains the application endpoint (e.g., FQDN) on the Cloudlet of OP-B at which the subscriber can connect to the application.

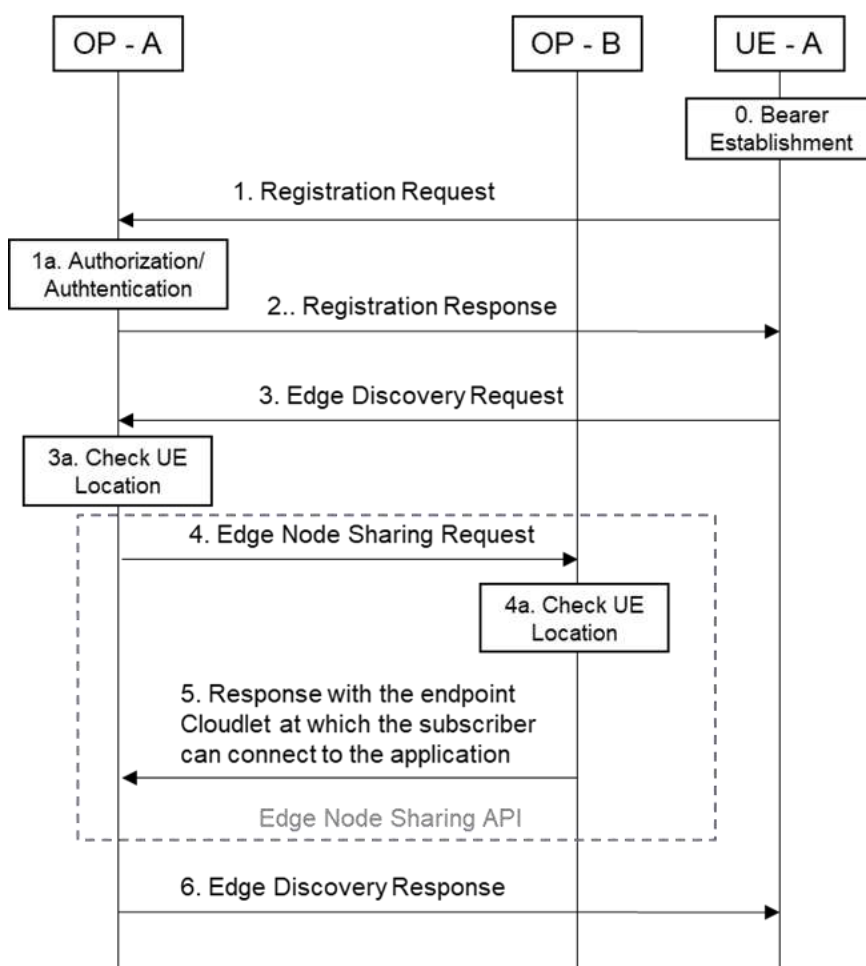


Figure 24: Sharing edge resources between federated OP partners

Based on the OP-B response to edge node (compute resources in partner OP Availability Zones) discovery request, the OP A sends an Edge discovery response to the UE, which includes information about the discovered application endpoint (e.g., FQDN) from OP B.

If the OP-A includes the Edge node discovery filters in Edge discovery request, the OP-B response may include additional information regarding matched capabilities, e.g., service permissions levels, Key Performance Indicators (KPIs), Edge application locations(s) that the Edge node can support.

The Edge discovery response from OP-B may contain a list of Edge Node endpoints. This list may be based on Edge discovery filters containing a Geographical or Topological Service Area, e.g., Latitude/Longitude of the UCs, application Identifier etc. In case of failure, OP B should send an appropriate failure response including the cause to leading OP.

2.3.2 Service API Usage on E/WBI

This section describes the OP services that may not strictly require edge capabilities with partner OPs. Such services may require E/WBI to support the capabilities they offer e.g., Service API federation to enable the Leading OP to identify the Partner OP that should be handling the requested service.

The Leading OP shall be responsible to perform the authentication and authorization of the Application Provider using credentials provided with the Service API and the E/WBI API requests from the Leading OP will be considered as authenticated by the Partner OP when shared over an already established federation relationship.

For the Service API federation, the Leading OP E/WBI may not be sharing the details of the relationship or agreement details of its API consumers with the Partner OP. The Leading OP may share an identifier with the Partner OP over E/WBI to represent such agreements at the Leading OP for the capability monitoring and consumption tracking purposes. These identifiers can then be used in subsequent API requests over the E/WBI shared in the context of a given Service API invocation and related events.

The Leading OP shall be able to determine the partner OP i.e., “Service API Routing”, which shall execute the Service API. Also, the Leading OP depending upon the nature of the Service API may need to perform “Service API Context Management” to relate any future events to the API session between the Leading and the Partner OP.

2.3.2.1 Service API Routing on E/WBI

The Service API routing refers to the process at the Leading OP that helps the Leading OP to route the Service API to the federated partner OP which should be serving the API request.

2.3.2.1.1 Subscriber Identifier Based Routing

The Service APIs may include subscriber identifiers which the Leading OP can use to determine the federated Partner OP. The subscriber identifiers e.g., UE IP address, MSISDN, GPSI etc. could be part of the Service APIs.

The Leading OP receiving the Service APIs can use these identifiers from the APIs and the prior information shared by the partner OPs over the E/WBI to determine the Partner OP that should serve a given request.

2.3.2.1.1.1 UE IP Address

The UE IP address assigned to a UE (or PDU Session) could change over a period based on the operator specific policies and may get reassigned to other UEs at a later point of time.

Such an IP Address if included in the Service API can be used by the Leading OP to determine the federated partner OP that the given UE IP address belongs to and route the Service API request over the E/WBI to that Partner OP.

The E/WBI shall provide the capabilities to the OPs to synchronize the IP address management events e.g., reassignment of IP addresses to other devices, changes in IP addresses range, expiry of the end user mapping with the IP address etc.

2.3.2.1.1.2 MSISDN

The Service APIs may include static subscriber identifiers e.g. MSISDN, GPSI etc. which doesn't change over a much longer period. The E/WBI shall provide the capabilities to the OPs to exchange the set of such public identifiers which an OP is authorized to serve.

2.3.2.1.2 Availability Zone Based Routing

In some of the cases where the Service APIs does not include subscriber identifiers or include the service to made available in specific locations e.g., Availability Zones as location indicator, the Leading OP may have option to determine the federated Partners providing services in those locations and route the request to the selected partner OP.

2.3.2.2 Procedures for Service API Context Management

The Service API capabilities e.g., Quality on Demand (QoD) by nature may remain active in the network for a longer duration of time and may have associated events in its lifetime which the Partner OP shall share with the Leading OP e.g., change in level of QoS etc.

For handling such APIs, a session context associated to the API state needs to be managed which is defined as Service API Context Management and details are described in below sections. As described above the session context creation depends on the nature of the Service API that does not need to be created for all the Service APIs.

2.3.2.2.1 Service API Context Creation

The API consumers of the Leading OP may invoke Service APIs that intend to request a specific network capability e.g., Quality on Demand (QoD) for an end user PDU session by providing their Public IP address.

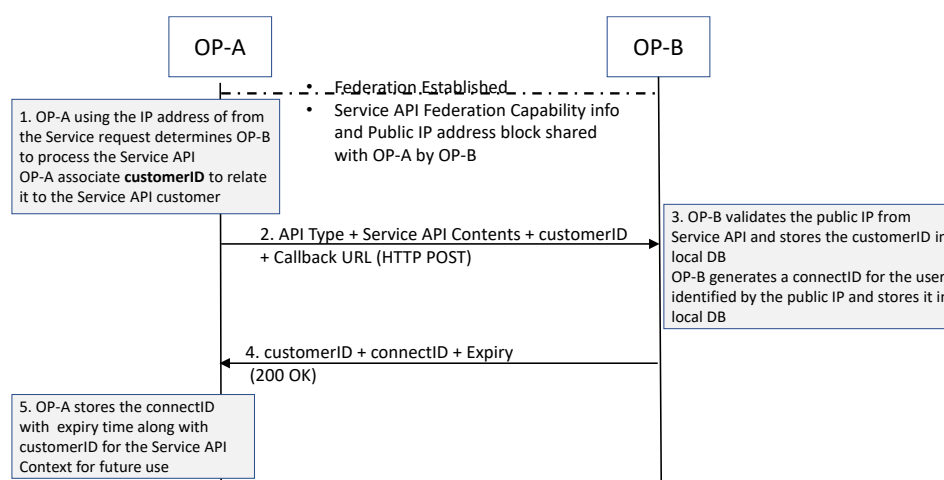


Figure 25: Service API Forwarding

The message flow for Service API federation containing the UC Public IP address is as follows:

1. A Leading OP-A compares the public IP address from the Service API with public IP addresses provided by the Partner OPs and determines that API shall be served by OP-B.
 - The Leading OP provides all required identification, authentication, and authorisation information elements required to allow the Partner OP to decide if the request can be granted.
 - The Leading OP identifies the Application Provider and maps it to an identifier customerID to be used in the context of the Service API on the E/WBI.
 - The Leading OP stores the customerID to the Service API context in a local DB.

Note: The customerID identifier is independent of the API sessions and can also be used by the Partner OP to consult the end user as identified in the Service API request for obtaining the consent for sharing information about the end user e.g., identity related information etc. in context of the given customerID.

2. The Leading OP sends the HTTP POST request to the Partner OP-B with the customerID, Service API type, Service API contents and a callback URL that OP-B shall use to provide updates on future events in conjunction with the Service API context at OP-B.

Note: The OP-A shall be able to map the event information received on the OP-A callback URL to the callback URL received in the NBI Service API request if the Service API contains a callback URL.

3. After authentication and authorisation of OP-A, the Partner OP i.e., OP-B validates the E/WBI Service API Federation request from OP-A and stores the API information at OP-B. The Partner OP on successful validation of the received public IP address assigns an identifier, connectID, for the end user currently assigned the given public IP address.

4. The Partner OP stores the connectID for the received Service API context along with the customerID in local DB and sends a HTTP response to the Leading OP to inform about the result of the operation.
 - On success, a 200 OK message is sent along with a message body containing customerID, connectID with expiry time to the Originating OP.
 - On failure, an appropriate error code (e.g., 401, 404 etc.) along with application-level error message shall be returned.
 - The server errors 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable) may also indicate that the request could not be processed by the Partner OP and should be retried at a later point of time.
5. The Leading OP stores the connectID and the expiry time to the Service API context earlier created in local DB along with the customerID and starts the connectID validity timer

Note: The connectID generated at OP-B refers to an end user subscription and the OP-B can confirm the identity of the end user at the time of reception of Service API request on the E/WBI. In future the public IP address association may change but the connectID can still point to the same end user subscription at OP-B.

Note: The OP-B should be including the connectID in subsequent requests to the callback URL for the events related to the Service API context in which the given connectID was generated.

2.3.2.2.2 Service API Context Events Notifications

The Partner OP may send network events in context of the Service API session that it may have created for handling the Service API request.

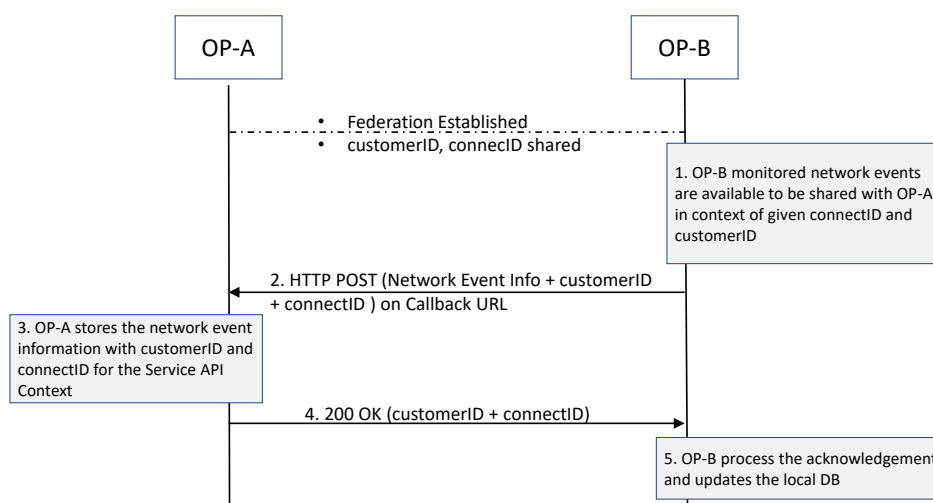


Figure 26: Service API Event Notifications

The message flows for event notifications in context of the Service API federation:

1. The Partner OP-B determines the availability of network event information that needs to be shared with OP-A and it retrieves the connectID, customerID from the local DB in the context of the Service API request session

- The Partner OP provides all required identification, authentication, and authorisation information elements required to allow the Leading OP to decide if the request can be granted.
2. The Partner OP sends the HTTP POST request to the Leading OP-A with customerID, connectID, network event information on callback URL that OP-A has earlier provided along with the Service API request.
 3. After authentication and authorisation of OP-B, the Leading OP i.e., OP-A validates the E/WBI Notification API from OP-B.
 4. The Leading OP sends a HTTP response to the Partner OP-B to inform about the result of the operation.
 5. The Partner OP-B updates the processing status of the given network event in its local DB for the given connectID, customerID.

2.3.2.2.3 Service API Context Deletion By Leading OP

The Leading OP can initiate the process of deleting the Service API context identified by the connectID and customerID for the events e.g., connectID validity timer expiry, a request from the Application Provider to remove the ongoing session etc.

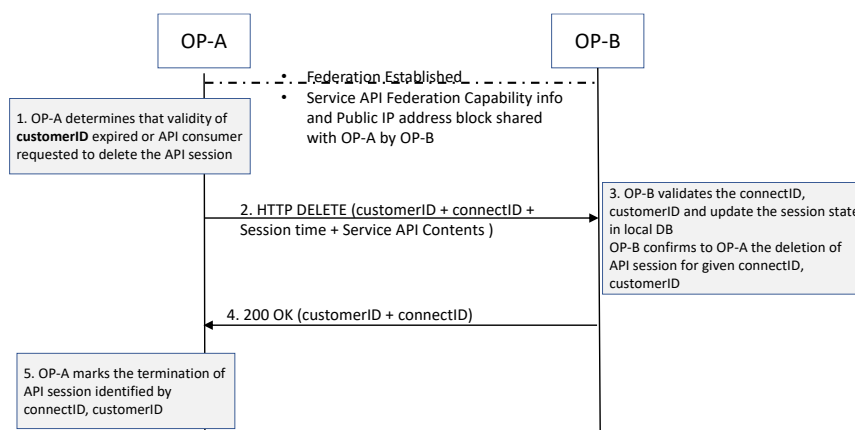


Figure 27: Service API Context Termination by Leading OP

The message flow for Service API context termination over E/WBI is as follows:

1. The Leading OP-A prepares the termination event e.g., due to the validity of the customerID having expired or a request from the Application Provider to delete the API session.
 - The Leading OP provides all required identification, authentication, and authorisation information elements required to allow the Partner OP to decide if the request can be granted.
2. The Leading OP sends the HTTP DELETE request to the Partner OP-B with the customerID, connectID, API session duration at OP-A and Service API contents.
3. After authentication and authorization of OP-A, the Partner OP i.e., OP-B validates the E/WBI Service API Federation request from OP-A and updates the session state identified by connectID and customerID.
4. The Partner OP includes connectID, customerID in the HTTP response to the Leading OP to inform about the result of the operation.

5. The Leading OP-A updates the API session state for the given connectID and customerID and based on local policy can archive or remove the session state.

2.3.2.2.4 Service API Context Retrieval By Leading OP

The Leading OP can initiate a GET request to the Partner OP to query for the Service API context information that is identified by the connectID and customerID.

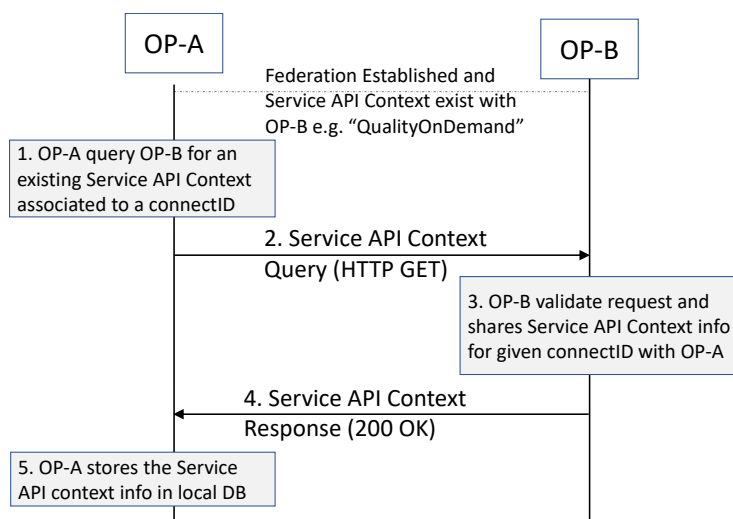


Figure 28: Service API Context Retrieval by Leading OP

The message flow for Service API context retrieval over E/WBI is as follows:

1. The Leading OP-A prepares the HTTP GET request to retrieve the Service API context information for an existing connectID due to an event e.g., the API consumer requested to fetch API session information.
 - The Leading OP-A provides all required identification, authentication, and authorisation information elements required to allow the Partner OP-B to decide if the request can be granted.
2. The Leading OP-A sends the HTTP GET request to the Partner OP-B with the customerID, connectID, API session duration at OP-A and Service API contents.
3. After authentication and authorization of OP-A, the Partner OP-B validates the E/WBI Service API context request from OP-A and retrieves the session state information identified by connectID and customerID.
4. The Partner OP-B includes connectID, customerID and the API specific information as defined in Service API specifications in the HTTP response to the Leading OP-A to inform about the result of the operation.
5. The Leading OP-A may update the API session state in a local DB.

2.3.2.2.5 Service API Context Deletion By Partner OP

The Partner OP can also initiate the process of deleting the Service API context identified by the connectID and customerID for the events e.g., due to an operator decision to terminate the services for a subscriber, etc.

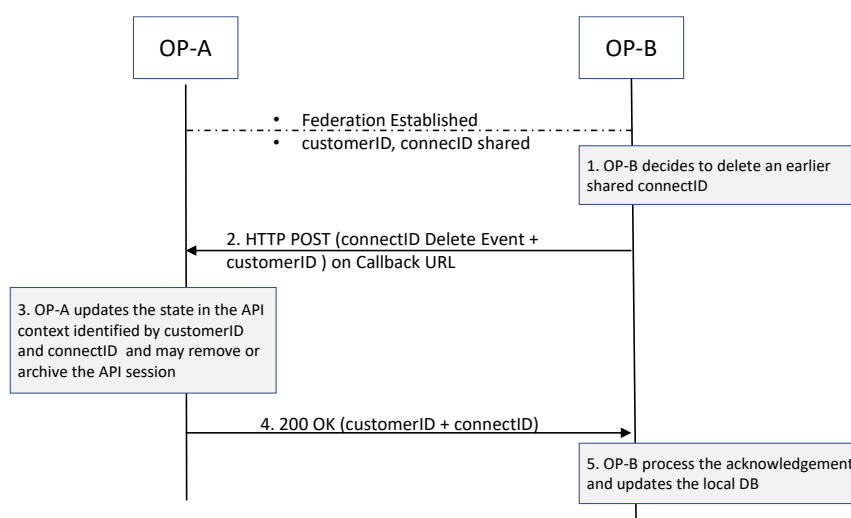


Figure 29: Service API Context Termination by Partner OP

The message flow for Service API context termination over E/WBI is as follows:

1. The Partner OP-B determines the need for a termination event due to OP-B's decision to terminate the API session for a given end user, etc.
 - The Partner OP provides all required identification, authentication, and authorisation information elements required to allow the Leading OP to decide if the request can be granted.
2. The Partner OP sends the HTTP POST request to the Leading OP-A with the customerID, connectID, API session duration at OP-B on the callback URL earlier shared by OP-A.
3. After authentication and authorisation of OP-B, the Leading OP-A validates the E/WBI POST method from OP-B with event type as “session deleted” and moves the session state identified by connectID, customerID to the terminated state.
4. The Leading OP includes the connectID, customerID in the HTTP response to the Partner OP to inform about the result of the operation.
5. The Partner OP-B changes the API session state to terminated for the given connectID and customerID and frees up the connectID.

2.3.2.2.6 ConnectID Validity Expiration Notification at the Partner OP

The Partner OP may send a connectID expiry event to the Leading OP for cases such as an earlier provided connectID validity expires or the association of the connectID changes to other end users etc. and which would also result into the removal of the existing API context that the Leading OP may have.

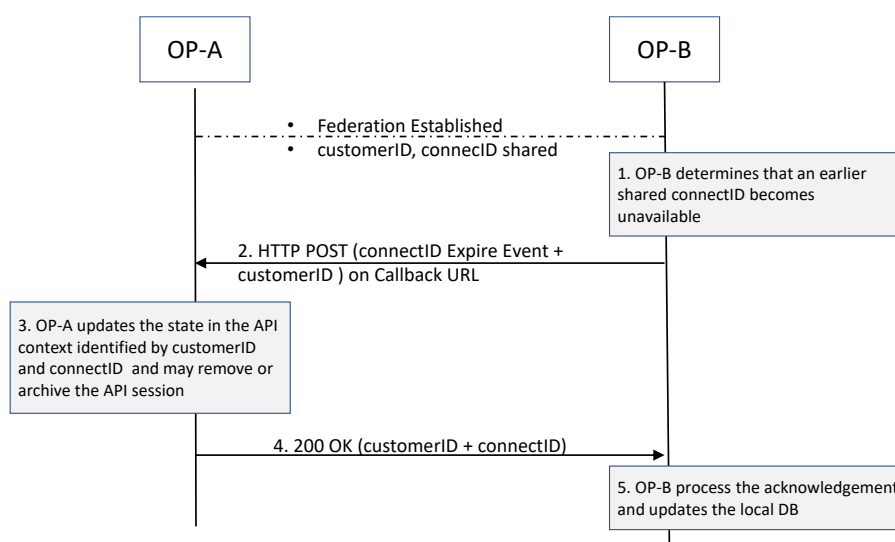


Figure 30: connectID Expiry Notification

The message flows for connectID event notification in context of the Service API federation:

1. The Partner OP-B determines that the earlier shared connectID with the Leading OP is getting unavailable for the ongoing Service API session.
 - The Partner OP provides all required identification, authentication, and authorisation information elements required to allow the Leading OP to decide if the request can be granted.
2. The Partner OP sends the HTTP POST request as a notification to the Leading OP-A with customerID, connectID on callback URL which OP-A has earlier provided along with the Service API request.
3. After authentication and authorisation of OP-B, the Leading OP i.e., OP-A validates the E/WBI Notification API from OP-B and stores the network event information in an OP-A local DB. OP-A may remove the given API session for the given connectID, customerID as per the local policy of the OP-A
4. The Leading OP sends a HTTP response to the Partner OP-B to inform about the result of the operation.

Note: The Leading OP in future shall not send any request over the E/WBI in the context of the expired connectID irrespective of the result of the handling of connectID expiration request from OP-B.

5. The Partner OP-B updates the processing status of the given connectID expiry event in its local DB.

3 OP East/West Bound APIs

This section provides the information on various APIs and associated parameters and data models for the procedures mentioned in the previous sections.

3.1 Generic East/West Bound Service APIs

The interface management APIs provides the capabilities to perform the handshake between the two operator platforms and share the Availability Zone(s) and resource information with the Partner OPs.

3.1.1 East/West Bound Interface Management - API

The interface management APIs provides the capabilities to perform the handshake between the two operator platforms and share the Availability Zone(s) and resource information with the Partner OPs.

The following subsections specify the resource methods supported by the resource as described in below section.

3.1.1.1 Introduction

Following table describes the HTTP Methods for the federation resource.

Operation	HTTP Methods	Resource URI	Qualifier
Create Federation	POST	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/partner	M
Notify Federation Updates	POST	{federationNotificationDest}	M
Remove Federation	DELETE	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/partner	M
Get Federation Meta Info	GET	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/partner	M
Update Federation	PATCH	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/partner	M
Get Service Capabilities	GET	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/partner/{service_type}	O

Table 1: E/WBI Interface Management APIs

3.1.1.2 Create Federation : POST Method

The POST method creates a new federation relationship resource for a given OP.

This method shall support the request data structures, response data structures and response codes as specified in data model section.

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
origOPFederationId	M	1	Operators in federation shall be governing the namespace and operator identifier assigned to it.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
origOPCountryCode	C	1	MCC of the originating OP (i.e., the OP sending the federation create request).
origOPMobileNetworkCodes	C	1..N	List of MNCs where an operator may have one or more network codes assigned
origOPFixedNetworkCodes	C	1..N	Need the identifiers to refer to fixed network operators
initialDate	M	1	Date and time, time zone info of the federation initiated by the originating OP
federationNotificationDest	M	1	Contains the API endpoint to receive the notifications from the Partner OP for any updates done by the Partner OP on this federation

Table 2: Request Parameter for Create Federation Request

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource for 200 OK.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
partnerOPFederationId	M	1	Operators in federation shall be governing the namespace and operator identifier assigned to it.
partnerOPCountryCode	M	1	Mobile Country Code of operator sending the response.
partnerOPMobileNetworkCodes	C	1..N	Mobile Network Codes of operator sending the response to federation create request.
origOPFixedNetworkCodes	C	0..N	Fixed line network identifier
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Partner OP on successful verification and validation of the federation create request. The identifier is the indicator of a successful federation establishment between the two OP. This identifier shall be used in subsequent requests by originating OP
edgeDiscoveryServiceEndPoint	M	1	IP and Port of Edge Discovery Service URL of the Partner OP. This can also be a FQDN

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
offeredAvailabilityZones	O	0..N	List of zones a partner OP is willing to share. The Partner OP may configure such information using system management interface
platformCaps	M	1	List of extended Capabilities e.g., HomeRouting, Service APIs, Anchoring as supported by the Partner OP.
NOTE: partnerOPAvailabilityZones is a data type which has the following attributes: zoneld, geolocation, city, state, locality, edgeCount.			

Table 3: Response Parameter for Create Federation Request

The following table describes the header supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	String	M	1	Contains the URI of the newly created resource i.e., /operatorplatform/federation/v1/partner/{federationContextId}

Table 4: Header parameter for Create Federation Response

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource for non-200 response codes.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Response codes	Description
problemDetails	C	1	400	Bad Request. Parameters in the request has conflicting values.
problemDetails	C	1	401	Unauthorized access
problemDetails	C	1	404	Content Not Found
problemDetails	C	1	409	Conflict. Federation already exists or state mismatch
problemDetails	C	1	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	1	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	1	503	Service Unavailable.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Response codes	Description
problemDetails	C	1	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 5: Failure Responses for Create Federation Request

3.1.1.3 POST Method : Notify Federation Updates

POST HTTP method is used by the Partner OP towards the Originating OP to update the parameters associated to the existing federation. The Partner OP sends an update request on the URI defined by the parameter 'federationNotificationDest'.

The following table describes the POST request body for updating existing federation.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to a partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
objectType	M	1	Refers to the resource being modified for e.g., Federation status, zone status, edge discovery URL, network codes, Service API support etc.
operationType	M	1	Type of update for e.g., Change in status, add network code, update edge discovery URL, Change in Service APIs capabilities etc.
modificationDate	M	1	Date and time of the federation modification by the Partner OP
edgeDiscoverySvcEndPoint	O	1	Edge discovery service URL for UNI interface.
lcmSvcEndPoint	O	1	LCM service URL for UNI interface
addMobileNetworkIds	O	1..N	List of MNCs to be added
removeMobileNetworkIds	O	1..N	List of MNCs to be removed
addFixedNetworkIds	O	1..N	List of fixed network codes to be added
removeFixedNetworkIds	O	1..N	List of fixed network codes to be removed
addZones	O	1..N	New zones to be added. List of 'availabilityZone'.
removeZones	O	1..N	List of zonelds to be removed
zoneStatus	O	1..N	Availability status of zones
serviceAPICaps	O	1..N	Service APIs capability information

Table 6: Notify federation updates request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	200	Completion status of the PATCH request handling procedure at originating OP
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request. Parameters in the request has conflicting values, content have semantic error.
problemDetails	C	401	Unauthorized
problemDetails	C	404	Content Not Found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict. Federation does not exist
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 7: Notify Federation updates response parameters

3.1.1.4 DELETE Method : Remove Federation Relationship

The Originating OP shall use the DELETE method towards the Partner OP to terminate the existing federation between them. This method supports the query parameters.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.

Table 8: Remove Federation request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the DELETE Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
status	C	200	Federation removed successfully
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	400	Unauthorized Access
problemDetails	C	404	Content Not Found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict. Federation already being terminated
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 9: Remove Federation response parameters

3.1.1.5 GET Method : Get Federation Meta Information

The GET method supports the path parameters.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.

Table 10: Zone meta info request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the GET Response Body on this resource for response code 200 OK.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
edgeDiscoveryServiceEndPoint	M	1	IP and Port of Edge Discovery Service URL of the Partner OP. This can also be a FQDN. E.g., "discovery.operator1.com" or IPv4Addr:Port (in dotted decimal notation).
offeredAvailabilityZones	O	0..N	List of zones a partner OP is willing to share. The Partner OP may configure such information using system management interface
allowedMobileNetworkIds	O	1..N	List of mobile network codes where an operator may have one or more network codes assigned
allowedFixedNetworkIds	O	1..N	List of Fixed network codes
lcmServiceEndPoint	M	1	IP and Port of LCM Service URL of the Partner OP. This can also be a FQDN.
platformCaps	M	1	List of extended capabilities e.g., HomeRouting, Service APIs, Anchoring as supported by the Partner OP.

Table 11: Federation meta info response parameters

The following table describes the HTTP codes supported by the GET Response on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Response codes	Description
Status	C	1	200	Federation meta-information request accepted
problemDetails	C	1	400	Bad Request. Parameters in the request has conflicting values.
problemDetails	C	1	401	Unauthorized Access
problemDetails	C	1	404	Content Not Found
problemDetails	C	1	409	Conflict.
problemDetails	C	1	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	1	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	1	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	1	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 12: Response codes for zone meta-information Request

3.1.1.6 PATCH Method : Update Federation by Originating OP

The PATCH HTTP method is used by the Originating OP towards the Partner OP to update the parameters associated to the existing federation. The Table 13 below describes the PATCH request body for updating existing federation.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to a partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
objectType	M	1	Refers to the resource being modified for e.g. network codes etc.
operationType	M	1	Type of update for e.g., add or remove mobile network codes or fixed network codes.
modificationDate	M	1	Date and time of the federation modification by the Partner OP
addMobileNetworkIds	O	1..N	List of MNCs to be added
removeMobileNetworkIds	O	1..N	List of MNCs to be removed

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
addFixedNetworkIds	O	1..N	List of fixed network codes to be added
removeFixedNetworkIds	O	1..N	List of fixed network codes to be removed

Table 13: Update federation request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the PATCH Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	200	Modification accepted
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request. Parameters in the request has conflicting values, content have semantic error.
problemDetails	C	401	Unauthorized
problemDetails	C	404	Content Not Found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict. Federation does not exist
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 14: Update Federation response parameters

3.1.1.7 GET Method: Get Service APIs Capabilities

The GET method for the retrieval of Service APIs capabilities supports the query string parameter.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
serviceType	M	1	The query string parameter serviceType can contain values as "api_federation".

Table 15: Query parameter for retrieving service APIs capability information

The table below describes the data structures supported by the GET Response Body on this resource for the response code 200 OK.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
serviceType	M	1	The parameter serviceType can contain value as "api_federation".

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
serviceAPICaps	M	1..N	List of strings with Service API identifier e.g., "QualityOnDemand", "NumberVerification", "DeviceStatus", "DeviceIdentifier" etc. Public IP addresses block info, MSISDN block info etc. managed by the Partner OP for UEs

Table 16: Retrieve service APIs capability response

The table below describes the HTTP non-200 response codes supported by the GET Response on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Response codes	Description
problemDetails	C	1	400	Bad Request. Parameters in the request has conflicting values.
problemDetails	C	1	401	Unauthorized Access
problemDetails	C	1	404	Content Not Found
problemDetails	C	1	409	Conflict.
problemDetails	C	1	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	1	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	1	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	1	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 17: Response codes for service APIs capability Request

3.1.1.8 Data Model

3.1.1.8.1 General

This subclause specifies the application data model supported by the E/WBI interface management API.

Data Type	Clause Defined	Description
federationContextId	3.1.2.3.1	Federation relationship Identifier generated by the Partner OP
partnerOPFederationId	3.1.2.3.1	Unique public identifier for the Partner OP

Data Type	Clause Defined	Description
partnerOPCountryCode	3.1.2.3.1	Mobile Country Code (MCC) of the Partner OP
partnerOPNetworkCodes	3.1.2.3.1	Mobile Network Codes (MNCs) of the Partner OP
partnerOPFixedNetworkCodes	3.1.2.3.1	Fixed Network Codes of the Partner OP
origOPFederationId	3.1.2.3.1	Unique public identifier for the originating OP
origOPCountryCode	3.1.2.3.1	Mobile Country Code (MCC) of the originating OP
origOPNetworkCodes	3.1.2.3.1	Mobile Network Codes (MNCs) of the originating OP
origOPFixedNetworkCodes	3.1.2.3.1	Fixed Network Codes of the originating OP
offeredAvailabilityZones	3.1.2.2.1	List of zones Partner OP offers to share with originating OP
edgeDiscoveryServiceEndPoint	3.1.2.2.3	IP and Port of Edge Discovery Service URL of Partner OP
updateType	3.1.2.3.1	Indicates which Parameter being updated by Partner OP for existing federation
mncChangeInfo	3.1.2.3.3	Structure for add or remove mobile network code(s)

Table 18: 5.1 East/West Bound Interface Management Params

3.1.1.8.2 Structured Data Types

This clause defines the structured data types to be used in resource representations.

3.1.1.8.2.1 offeredAvailabilityZones

Following table describes information about the Availability Zones which the Partner OP offers to the Originating OP.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
offeredAvailabilityZones	Array(availabilityZone)	M	1..N	List of Availability Zone Ids

Table 19: Availability Zones meta information

3.1.1.8.2.2 availabilityZone

Following table describes the data elements of an Availability Zone.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
zoneld	String	M	1	Unique Identity of a Zone
geolocationInfo	String	M	1	Latitude/Longitude of Zone

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
geographyDetails	String	O	1	Details about cities or state covered by the edge. Details about the type of locality for e.g., rural, urban, industrial etc. This information is defined in human readable form.

Table 20: Availability Zone location parameters

3.1.1.8.2.3 edgeDiscoveryServiceEndPoint

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
serviceURL	String	M	1	FQDN or Public IP Address of the Edge Discovery service
Port	Int	M	1	Port number of the Edge Discovery service where UCs can send requests to over UNI

Table 21: Edge Discovery Service Endpoint

3.1.1.8.2.4 mncChangeInfo

Following table describes the network code update structure to notify change in supported network codes by the Partner OP.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
operationType	Enum	M	1	Whether the network code being added or removed
networkCodes	Array(String)	M	1..N	The list of network codes being added or removed

Table 22: Availability Zones meta information

3.1.1.8.2.5 platformCaps

The table below describes the capabilities that a Partner OP supports.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
platformCaps	Array(String)	M	1	The list of platform capabilities that a partner OP supports e.g. homeRouting, Service API Federation etc.

Table 23: Platform Capabilities Information

3.1.1.8.2.6 ProblemDetails

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
title	String	M	1	A short, human-readable summary of the problem type. It should not change from occurrence to occurrence of the problem.
detail	String	O	0..1	A human-readable explanation specific to this occurrence of the problem.
cause	String	O	0..1	A machine-readable application error cause specific to this occurrence of the problem This IE should be present and provide application-related error information, if available.
invalidParams	array(InvalidParam)	O	1..N	Description of invalid parameters, for a request rejected due to invalid parameters.

Table 24: Response body for error responses

3.1.1.8.2.7 InvalidParam

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
param	String	M	1	Parameter name
reason	String	O	0..1	A human-readable reason

Table 25: InvalidParam

3.1.1.8.2.8 zoneStatus

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
zoneld	String	M	1	Zone Identifier
Status	String	M	1	Availability Status for the zone.

Table 26: InvalidParam

3.1.1.8.2.9 apiRoutingInfo

The table below describes the Service API routing information that a Partner OP provides to the Leading OP.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
publicIPAddrRanges	Array(String)	C	1	List of Public IP addresses blocks/CIDRs ranges that a Partner OP manages for the its UE subscriptions
publicIdentifiersBlock	Array(String)	C	1	List of MSISDN/GPSI blocks etc.

Table 27: Partner OP API Routing Information

3.1.1.8.2.10 serviceAPICaps

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
serviceAPINames	Array(String)	M	1	List of the Service APIs names that the Partner OP accepts to provide to the Leading OP e.g., "quality_on_demand", "device_location" etc.
apiRoutingInfo	Object	M	1	Partner OP provides the API routing info which the Leading OP can use to determine the Partner OP e.g., public IP address ranges, block of MSISDNs etc.

Table 28: serviceAPICaps

3.1.1.8.3 Simple data types and enumerations

This subclause defines simple data types and enumerations that can be referenced from data structures defined in the previous subclauses.

3.1.1.8.3.1 Simple data types

Attribute Name	Data Type	Description
federationContextId	String	Federation relationship Identifier generated by the Partner OP
initialDate	String	date/time value as a string in ISO 8601 format., " 2018-12-10T13:45:00.000Z"
partnerOPFederationId	String	Unique public identifier for the Partner OP
partnerOPCountryCode	String	Mobile Country Code (MCC) of the Partner OP

Attribute Name	Data Type	Description
partnerOPMobileNetworkCodes	Array(String)	Mobile Network Codes (MNCs) of the Partner OP
partnerOPFixedNetworkCodes	Array(String)	Fixed Network Codes of the Partner OP
origOPFederationId	String	Unique public identifier for the originating OP
origOPCountryCode	String	Mobile Country Code (MCC) of the originating OP
origOPMobileNetworkCodes	Array(String)	Mobile Network Codes (MNCs) of the originating OP. MNCs are 2- or 3-digits codes with each digit is from the set {0,9}
origOPFixedNetworkCodes	Array(String)	Fixed Network Codes of the Originating OP
zoneld	String	Identifier for a zone
serviceType	String	Supported value "api_federation"
SubscribeServiceAPIs	String	Can be "QualityOnDemand", "NumberVerification", "DeviceStatus" etc.

Table 29: E/WBI Interface Management Simple Datatype table

3.1.1.8.3.2 Enumeration: objectType

The enumeration updateType represents the attribute being updated by the Partner OP on existing federation.

Enumeration value	Description
FEDERATION	Change in status of federation relationship
ZONES	Change in the availability status of a zone
EDGE_DISCOVERY_SERVICE	Edge discovery service endpoints are modified
LCM_SERVICE	LCM service endpoints are modified
MOBILE_NETWORK_CODES	Addition or removal of mobile network code
FIXED_NETWORK_CODES	Addition or removal of fixed network codes
SERVICE_APIS	Addition or removal of Service API

Table 30: Federation Modification Parameter types

3.1.1.8.3.3 Enumeration: operationType

The enumeration operationType represents the if the network codes are being added or removed by the Partner OP on existing federation.

Enumeration value	Description
STATUS	Status of the resource has changed
UPDATE	Update of an object type
ADD	Addition of resources of type indicated by objectType to the Originating OP

Enumeration value	Description
REMOVE	Removal of resources of type indicated by objectType by the Partner OP

Table 31: Operations type for network code change

3.1.1.8.3.4 Enumeration: Status

Enumeration value	Description
FAILED	Resource is in failure state
TEMPORARY_FAILURE	Temporary failure for the resource
AVAILABLE	Resource is available
LOCKED	Resource is locked and is no longer accessible

Table 32: Allowed status values

3.1.2 Availability Zone Information Synchronization Service – API

The APIs for Availability Zone Information Synchronisation Service are used to share and update specific information on the Availability Zone corresponding to an OP's Edge Cloud resources provided to another.

3.1.2.1 Introduction

Following table describes the APIs for Availability Zone resources synchronization services.

Operations	HTTP Method	Resource URI	Qualifier
Zone Subscribe	POST	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/zones	M
Zone Unsubscribe	DELETE	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/zones/{zoneId}	M
View Zone Information	GET	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/zones/{zoneId}	M
Notify Zone Information	POST	{ availZoneNotifLink }	M

Table 33: Availability Zone Synchronization APIs

3.1.2.2 Zone Subscribe : POST Method

The Availability Zone subscribe POST request contains the following parameters towards the Partner OP.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
acceptedAvailabilityZones	M	1..N	Accepted list of one or more Availability Zones selected from the offered list of zones provided by the Partner OP which the Originating OP intends to use.
availZoneNotifLink	M	1	An Availability Zone info notification URL which shall be used by the Partner OP to inform the about any changes to zone information e.g., resource quota updates, addition of new zones etc. asynchronously

Table 34: Availability Zones subscription request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
acceptedZoneResourceInfo	M	1	Available Zone Resource information provided by the Partner OP for accepted zone IDs by originating OP. It includes zoneld, guaranteed Resources and upper Limit Quota (E.g., vCPU, Memory, Storage, GPU etc.)

Table 35: Availability Zones subscription response parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
Status	C	200	Zone subscribed
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Unauthorized access
problemDetails	C	404	Content Not Found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 36: Availability Zones subscription response parameters

3.1.2.3 Zone Unsubscribe : DELETE Method

Following table provides parameters which an Originating OP sends to the Partner OP in zone unsubscribe request to relinquish Availability Zone(s) and associated resources for indicated Availability Zones which the Originating OP may have been using in the Partner OP footprint.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
zoneId	M	1	Zone identifier of partner operator. The Partner OP shall deregister the indicated zone and may reclaim the resources.

Table 37: Availability Zones Unsubscribe request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the DELETE Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
Status	C	200	Zone Unsubscribed
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Unauthorized access
problemDetails	C	404	Content Not Found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 38: Availability Zones Unsubscribe response parameters

3.1.2.4 View Zone Information : GET Method

Following table provides parameters which an Originating OP sends to a Partner OP in a view zone information request for the indicated Availability Zones which the Originating OP may have been already using.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
zoneld	M	1	Zone identifier of partner operator Availability Zone. The Partner OP shall deregister the indicated zone.

Table 39: Availability Zones information request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the GET Response Body on this resource for HTTP 200 response.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
acceptedZoneResourceInfo	C	200	Available Zone Resource information provided by Partner OP for accepted zone IDs by originating OP. It includes zoneld, guaranteed Resources and upper Limit Quota (E.g., vCPU, Memory, Storage, GPU etc.)
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Availability Zone Not Found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 40: Availability Zones information response parameters

3.1.2.5 Notify Zone Information : POST Method

The Availability Zone notification request sent by the Partner OP contains the following parameters towards the Originating OP sent over a different HTTP session on the notification URL of the Originating OP to provide updates to existing resources or zone information. This can further be periodically sent to update the availability of resources.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to a partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
zoneld	M	1	Identifier of the Availability Zone

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
zoneResUpdInfo	M	1	Available Zone Resource information provided by the Partner OP to originating OP. It may include zoneld, guaranteed Resources and upper Limit Quota (E.g., vCPU, Memory, Storage, GPU etc.)

Table 41: Availability Zones notify request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	200	Zone info notification acknowledged
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Availability Zone Not Found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 42: Availability Zones async response parameters

3.1.2.6 Data Model

3.1.2.6.1 General

This section provides the data types for the Availability Zone and resource management.

Parameter Name	Clause Defined	Description
acceptedZoneResourceInfo		Available Zone Resource information provided by the Partner OP for accepted zone IDs to originating OP. It includes zoneld, guaranteed Resources and upper Limit Quota (E.g., vCPU, Memory, Storage, GPU etc.)

Parameter Name	Clause Defined	Description
partnerAvailabilityZones		List of zones a partner OP is willing to share. Partner may configure such information using system management interface

Table 43: Data structures used in Availability Zones management services

3.1.2.6.2 Structured Data Types

This clause defines the structured data types to be used in resource representations.

3.1.2.6.2.1 acceptedZonesResourceInfo

Following table describes information about the Availability Zones which the Originating OP has accepted from the Partner OP offer.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
acceptedZoneResourceInfo	Array (ZoneRegisteredData)	M	1..N	Partner edge resource information available for applications consumptions

Table 44: List of Availability Zones with offered resources

3.1.2.6.2.2 ZoneRegisteredData

The zone resource information represents the computing resources which an OP can offer to the Application Providers of Partner OP from an Availability Zone.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
zoneld	String	M	1	Zone identifier to refer to a zone
reservedComputeResources	Array (computeResourceInfo)	M	1..N	Resources exclusively reserved for a partner OP
computeResourceQuotaLimits	Array (computeResourceInfo)	M	1..N	Max quota on Resources that an OP may allow to partner OP over reserved resources if available
flavoursSupported	Array(computeFlavour)	M	1..N	Compute resources flavours are set of OP defined compute resources combination which a partner OP supports and offers to application providers to be link them to applications for runtime resource requirements

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
networkResources	Array(networkResourceInfo)	O	1..N	Type of networks supported by the partner zone
zoneServiceLevelObjInfo	Object	O	1	Zone specific Service Level Objectives and the supported values e.g., Latency (msec), Jitter (msec), bandwidth (Mbps) etc.

Table 45: Availability Zones information data structure

3.1.2.6.2.3 computeResourceInfo

Compute resources indicates the resource profile applicable for a particular Central Processing Unit (CPU) architecture.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
cpuArchType	Enum	M	1	CPU instruction set architecture (ISA). E.g., Intel, ARM etc.
numCPU	Integer	M	1	Total number of Virtual CPUs (vCPUs)
memory	Long	M	1	Total physical memory (Random Access Memory (RAM)) for given ISA type (in Mbytes)
diskStorage	Long	M	1	Total storage (RAM) for workloads for given ISA type (in GB)
gpuInfo	Array(gpuInfo)	O	0..1	Total Graphical Processing Unit (GPU) for workloads for given ISA type
FPGA	Int	O	0..1	Total FPGA for workloads for given ISA type
vpu	Int	O	0..1	Total VPUs (Visual Processing Units) for workloads for given ISA type
hugepages	Array(hugepageInfo)	O	1..N	Huge pages for workload for a given ISA type
cpuExclusivity	Boolean	O	0..1	Support for exclusive CPUs

Table 46: Availability Zone Compute resource information

3.1.2.6.2.4 gpuInfo

GPU resources indicates the resource profile applicable for a particular CPU architecture.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
gpuVendorType	Enum	M	1	GPU vendor name e.g., NVIDIA, AMD etc.
gpuModeName	String	M	1	Model name corresponding to vendorType may include info e.g., for NVIDIA, model name could be “Tesla M60”, “Tesla V100”,
gpuMemory	Int	M	1	GPU memory in GB
numGPU	Int	M	1	Number of GPU of a given model

Table 47: GPU resources data model

3.1.2.6.2.5 computeFlavour

Compute flavours indicate templates associated to the computing capabilities of the application runtime environment in an OP edge clouds.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
flavourId	Int	M	1	An identifier to refer to the combination of compute resource configuration as indicated by the other attributes in this table
cpuArchType	Enum	M	1	CPU Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) E.g., Intel, Arm etc.
supportedOSTypes	Array(operatingSystemInfo)	M	1..N	A list of operating systems which a flavour configuration can support e.g., RHEL Linux, Ubuntu 18.04 LTS, MS Windows 2012 R2, macOS
numCPU	Int	M	1	Number of CPU for a given flavour
memorySize	Int	M	1	RAM size for a given flavour
storageSize	Int	M	1	Amount of disk space (GB) to use for the root (/) partition.
gpuInfo	Array(gpuResourceInfo)	O	0..1	Total GPU for workloads for given ISA type
vpulInfo	Integer	O	0..1	Number of Intel VPUs available
hugepages	Array(hugePageInfo)	O	0..1	Hugepages supported on the zone
cpuExclusivity	Boolean	O	1	If the zone supports exclusive allocation of Intel CPUs.

Table 48: Compute flavour for Virtual Machines

3.1.2.6.2.6 **operatingSystemInfo**

The following table provides the information about the operating systems which may be supported by OP.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
osAddrSize	Enum	M	1	Provides machine architecture e.g., x86_64, x86
distroType	Enum	M	1	e.g., RHEL, Debian, Ubuntu etc.
versionInfo	Enum	M	1	Provides OS version information e.g., RHEL 8, Debian 11, Ubuntu 22.04 LTS etc.
licenseType	Enum	M	1	License type may include "on-Demand", "Free" etc.

Table 49: Operating system information

3.1.2.6.2.7 **networkResourceInfo**

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
egressBandWidth	Integer	M	1	Max dl throughput that this edge can offer. It is defined in Mbps.
dedicatedNIC	Integer	M	1	Number of Network Interface Cards (NICs) which can be dedicatedly assigned to application pods on isolated networks. This includes virtual as well physical NICs
supportSriov	Boolean	M	1	If the zone supports Single Root Input Output Virtualisation (SRIOV) based networking or not.
supportDPDK	Boolean	M	1	If the zone supports Data Plane Development Kit (DPDK)-enabled userspace networking or not.

Table 50: Operating system information

3.1.2.6.2.8 **hugePageInfo**

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
pageSize	Enum	M	1	Size of hugepage
number	Integer	M	1	Total number of hugepages

Table 51: GPU resources data model

3.1.2.6.2.9 zoneResUpdInfo

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
availableCompResources	Array (computeResourceInfo)	M	1..N	Resources exclusively reserved for a partner OP
availableNetResources	Array(networkResourceInfo)	O	1..N	Type of networks supported by the partner zone

Table 52: Definition of zoneResUpdInfo

3.1.2.6.2.10 zoneServiceLevelObjsInfo

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
latencyRanges	String	O	1	The time for data/packet to reach from UC to edge application. It represent minimum latency that may exist between UCs and edge apps in this zone but it can be higher in actual
JitterRanges	String	O	1	The packet delay variation between UC and edge application. It indicates minimum jitter that apps in this zone may observe but can be higher in actual
throughput	String	O	1	It is a measure of the actual amount of data that is being sent over a network per unit of time and indicates maximum supported value for a zone

Table 53: Definition of zoneServiceLevelObjsInfo

3.1.2.6.3 Simple data types and enumerations

This subclause defines simple data types and enumerations that can be referenced from data structures defined in the previous subclauses.

3.1.2.6.3.1 Enumeration: computeAccel

The enumeration computeAccel represents the hardware acceleration supported.

Enumeration value	Description
HW_ACCEL_GPU	GPU as accelerator
HW_ACCEL_FPGA	FPGA as accelerator

Table 54: Instruction Set Architecture types

3.1.2.6.3.2 Enumeration: cpuArchType

The enumeration cpuArchType represents the Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) for CPU.

Enumeration value	Description
ISA_X86_64	Intel x86 ISA (CISC)
ISA_ARM_64	ARMv8 ISA (RISC)

Table 55: Instruction Set Architecture types

3.1.2.6.3.3 Enumeration: gpuVendorType

The enumeration gpuVendorType represents the GPU providers.

Enumeration value	Description
GPU_PROVIDER_NVIDIA	Nvidia GPUs for applications
GPU_PROVIDER_AMD	AMD GPUs for applications

Table 56 : GPU Providers types

3.1.2.6.3.4 Enumeration: versionInfo

The enumeration versionInfo represents the Operating System (OS) which may be supported by OP.

Enumeration value	Description
OS_VERSION_UBUNTU_2204_LTS	Refers to Ubuntu 22.04 LTS Linux operating system
OS_VERSION_RHEL_8	Refers to Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8 operating system
OS_VERSION_RHEL_7	Refers to Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7 operating system
OS_VERSION_DEBIAN_11	Refers to Debian Linux 11 operating system
OS_VERSION_COREOS_STABLE	Refers to Fedora CoreOS Linux Stable operating system

Table 57 : Operating system version info

3.1.2.6.3.5 Enumeration: licenseType

The enumeration licenseType represents the license model which may be supported by OP and can be exposed over NBI.

Enumeration value	Description
OS_LICENSE_TYPE_FREE	Refer to free license and is the default option
OS_LICENSE_TYPE_ON_DEMAND	Refer to on-demand license which may be required with certain OS(s) which require mandatory license to deploy the operating system in virtual environment

Table 58 : Operating system version info

3.1.2.6.3.6 Enumeration: hugePageSize

Enumeration value	Description
HUGE_PAGE_2MB	Refer to a hugepage of 2 Megabytes
HUGE_PAGE_4MB	Refer to a hugepage of 4 Megabytes

Enumeration value	Description
HUGE_PAGE_1GB	Refer to a hugepage of 1 Gigabyte

Table 59 : Operating system version info

4 Application Service APIs

The interface management APIs provides the capabilities to perform the edge application management functions and other GSMA PRD OPG.02 [1] specified services e.g., network slicing etc. with the Partner OPs.

4.1 Edge Service APIs

This section provides the details of the edge centric services as part of the operator platform.

4.1.1 Application Artefacts Management - APIs

Application artefact management APIs enables an OP to share application component descriptors information with the Partner OP. The application providers via NBI interface submits artefacts information and link artefacts with their edge applications. Leading OP based on application provider intent can share the artefacts with the Partner OP over E/WBI interface.

4.1.1.1 Introduction

Following table describes the supported operations and resource URIs for artefacts and file upload management.

Operations	HTTP Method	Resource URI	Qualifier
Onboard Artefact	POST	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/artefact	M
Remove Artefact	DELETE	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/artefact/{artefactId}	M
View Artefact	GET	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/artefact/{artefactId}	M
Upload File	POST	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/files	M
Remove File	DELETE	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/files/{fileId}	M
View File Info	GET	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/files/{fileId}	M

Table 60: Artefacts Management APIs

4.1.1.2 Onboard Artefact : POST Method

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource. This method is used for submitting the artefacts as provided by the application providers over NBI and contains the application component descriptors which lays out the component images, connectivity to user clients, resource requirements etc. The application

component descriptors also contain references to the image files submitted by the application providers over NBI to be used with the components.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to a partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
artefactId	M	1	Identifier unique within a federation context to distinguish different artefacts
appProviderId	M	1	A unique Application Provider identifier managed at leading OP representing the association of a given artefact with an Application Provider on leading OP NBI
artefactName	M	1	Name of the artefact
artefactDescription	O	1	Brief description of the artefact by the application provider
artefactVersionInfo	M	1	Artefact version information
artefactVirtType	M	1	Indicate if the artefact refers to a containerized or VM type workload descriptor
artefactDescriptorType	M	1	Descriptor type associated with the artefactType refers to a descriptor e.g., Helm, Terraform, ComponentSpec etc. Helm Charts or Terraform scripts files can be uploaded to OP managed repo or can be pulled from external repo e.g., Github, Helm.sh etc. ContainerSpec schema is proposed as part of this document to deploy containerized workloads to OP managed edge resources.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
artefactRepoLocation	C	1	Artefact image repository location URL and access credentials e.g., Github, local OP repo, bitnami etc. from which given artefacts like charts, Terraform scripts etc. can be retrieved. Artefacts can also be uploaded to OP managed local repo and can be associated to application components. Application providers may be able to upload artefacts over NBI which can be referenced from artefactDescriptorFile(s), and an OP shall also submit them to the Partner OP over E/WBI if requested by Application Provider
artefactDescriptorFileFormat	C	1	Artefacts like Helm charts or Terraform scripts may need compressed format while ContainerSpec can be plane text file (YAML Ain't Markup Language (YAML) format)
componentSpec	O	1..N	A component specification to define the image, meta info and resource requirements
artefactFile	O	1	Actual file embedded in the request.

Table 61: Onboard Artefact request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	200	Artefacts uploaded successfully at partners OP
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Federation not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 62: Onboard Artefact response parameters

4.1.1.3 DELETE Method : Remove Artefact

The following table describes the data structures supported by the DELETE Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
artefactId	M	1	Identifier unique within an appProviderId to distinguish different artefacts

Table 63: Remove Artefact request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the DELETE Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Code	Description
Status	C	200	Artefact deleted successful
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Federation not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 64: Remove Artefact response parameters

4.1.1.4 GET Method : View Artefact Information

The following table describes the data structures supported by the GET Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
artefactId	M	1	Identifier unique within an appProviderId to distinguish different artefacts

Table 65: View Artefact request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the DELETE Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
artefactId	M	1	Identifier unique within an appProviderId to distinguish different artefacts
appProviderId	M	1	Application Provider identifier managed at leading OP representing the association of a given artefact with an Application Provider
artefactVersionInfo	M	1	Artefact version information
artefactName	M	1	Name of the artefact
artefactDescription	O	1	Brief description of the artefact by the application provider
artefactVersionInfo	M	1	Artefact version information
artefactVirtType	M	1	Indicate if the artefact refers to a containerized or VM type workload descriptor
artefactDescriptorType	M	1	Descriptor type associated with the artefactType refers to a descriptor e.g., Helm, Terraform, ContainerSpec etc. Helm Charts or Terraform scripts files can be uploaded to OP managed repo or can be pulled from external repo e.g., Github, Helm.sh etc. ContainerSpec schema is proposed as part of this document to deploy containerized workloads to OP managed edge resources.
artefactRepoLocation	C	1	Artefact image repository location URL and access credentials e.g., Github, local OP repo, bitnami etc. from which given artefacts like charts, Terraform scripts etc. can be retrieved. To refer to OP local repo, application provider can provide artefacts over NBI

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
			contained in file associated to artefactDescriptor to submit the a
artefactDescriptorFileFormat	C	1	Artefacts like Helm charts or Terraform scripts may need compressed format while ContainerSpec can be plane text file (YAML format)

Table 66: View Artefact response parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the GET Request Body on this resource for non-200 HTTP codes.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Federation not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 67: Non-200 Response Codes for View Artefact Response

4.1.1.5 POST Method : Upload File

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
fileId	M	1	Identifier unique within a federation context to distinguish different artefacts
appProviderId	M	1	A unique Application Provider identifier managed at leading OP representing the association of a given artefact with an Application Provider
fileName	M	1	Name of the file provided by the Application Provider on NBI. The NBI may provide capabilities to upload files from local filesystems from where NBI is accessed

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
fileDescription	O	1	Brief description of the file by the application provider
fileVersionInfo	M	1	File version information
fileType	M	1	Indicate if the file is Container image or VM image (QCOW2)
imgOSType	M	1	Base OS for the image. Currently only "Linux" is supported
imgInsSetArch	M	1	"x86_64", "arm64"
file	C	1	Binary Images of application components (e.g., container images) which can be referenced from the files indicated by artefactDescriptor (E.g., Helm charts)
repoLocation	C	1	File Repository location information and same as artefactRepoLocation parameter as defined in artefact onboarding API

Table 68: Upload File request Parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
N/A	C	200	File uploaded successfully
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Federation not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	415	Unsupported Media Type
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 69: Upload File response Parameters

4.1.1.6 DELETE Method : Remove Upload File

The following table describes the data structures supported by the DELETE Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
fileId	M	1	Identifier unique within an appProviderId to distinguish different fileId

Table 70: Remove File request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the DELETE Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	200	File deleted successfully
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Federation not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 71: Remove File response parameters

4.1.1.7 GET Method : View File Information

The following table describes the data structures supported by the GET Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
fileId	M	1	Identifier unique within an appProviderId to distinguish different fileId

Table 72: View File request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the GET Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
fileDetails	C	200	File Details
problemDetails		400	Bad request
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Federation not found

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails		409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
N/A problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails		520	Server Returned an Unknown error

Table 73: View file error response

4.1.1.8 Data Model

4.1.1.8.1 General

This subclause specifies the application data model supported by the Artefacts Management API.

4.1.1.8.2 Structured Data Types

This clause defines the structured data types to be used in resource representations.

4.1.1.8.2.1 artefactDescriptor

Following table describes the artefactDescriptor which defines schema of an application component. Application component may refer to an artefactDescriptor in form of e.g., Helm Chart, Terraform Script, ContainerSpec etc. The descriptors to be supported by the two OP can be extended based on supported capabilities.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
helmChartRootDir	Compressed File	C	1	Zip file containing the Helm Chart directories and files
terraformScript	CompressedFile	C	1	Zip file containing terraform scripts
componentSpec	Object	C	1	A containerized component specification to define the image, meta info and resource requirements

Table 74: artefactDescriptor

4.1.1.8.2.2 componentSpec

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
componentName	String	M	1	Application Provider defined name of the container

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
OSType	Enum	M	1	Base OS for the container. Currently only "Linux" is supported
cpuInstSetArch	Enum	M	1	A list of OP supported ISAs e.g., "x86_64", "arm64" etc.
imagePath	String	M	1	File identifier as used in upload file API
numOfInstances	Int	M	1	Number of container instances to be launched
restartPolicy	Enum	O	1	Container restart policy "Always" or "Never" defines the action to be taken on container failure
commandLineParams	Object	O	1	Any input parameters to be passed to component instance during instantiation
exposedInterfaces	Array (ExposedInterface)	M	1..N	List of interfaces having public visibility exposed by the application component. It could be combination of container port and IP protocol (TCP, UDP) and/or upstream HTTP root URL etc.
computeResourceProfile	Object	M		Refers to the compute resources required for the container e.g., CPU, RAM, GPU etc.
compEnvParams	Array (compEnvParameter)	O	0..N	Environment variables are key value pairs to provide application provider input parameters to be passed to container process during container process creation
persistentVolumes	Array (persistentVolume)	O	0..1	The ephemeral volume a container process may need to temporarily store internal data

Table 75: componentSpec

4.1.1.8.2.3 commandLineParams

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
command	Array(String)	M	1	This overrides the command operation of the container file while running container inside a pod
commandArgs	Array(String)	O	1	These arguments will be added while running containers

Table 76: Command line parameters for application component

4.1.1.8.2.4 exposedInterface

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
interfaceId	String	M	1	defines the unique identifier/name of the component's API endpoint. It is a logical API endpoint and will be used to provide a session handle by an Software Development Kit (SDK).
commPort	Integer	M	1	Defines the internal port value for the application component to exposed to UCs. OP may generate a dynamic port towards the UCs corresponding to this internal port and forward the client traffic from dynamic port to containerPort.
commProtocol	Enum	M	1	Defines the IP transport communication protocol i.e., TCP, UDP
visibilityType	Enum	M	1	defines whether the interface is exposed to outer world or not i.e., external, or internal. If this is set to "external", then it is exposed to external applications otherwise it is exposed internally to edge application components within edge cloud. When exposed to external world, an external dynamic port is assigned for UC traffic and mapped to the internal containerPort
network	String	O	1	Name of the network. In case the application must be assoicated with more than 1 network then the Application Provider must define the name of the network on which this interface has to be exposed. This parameter is required only if the port must be exposed on a specific network other than default.
interfaceName	String	O	1	Interface Name. Required only if application must be attached to a network other than default.

Table 77: Component interface exposure information

4.1.1.8.2.5 computeResourceProfile

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
cpuArchType	Enum	M	1	CPU instruction set architecture (ISA). e.g. Intel, ARM etc.
numCPU	Integer	M	1	Total number of vCPUs
memory	Long	M	1	Total physical memory (RAM) for given ISA type (in Mbytes)
diskStorage	Long	M	1	Total storage (RAM) for workloads for given ISA type (in GB)
gpuInfo	Array(gpuResourceInfo)	O	0..1	Total GPU for workloads for given ISA type
FPGA	Int	O	0..1	Total FPGA for workloads for given ISA type
vpu	Int	O	0..1	Total VPUs for workloads for given ISA type
hugepages	Array(hugepageInfo)	O	1..N	Huge pages for workload for a given ISA type
cpuExclusivity	Boolean	O	0..1	Support for exclusive CPUs

Table 78: Compute Resource model for application components

4.1.1.8.2.6 compEnvParams

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
envVarName	String	M	1	Environment variable name
envValueType	enum	M	1	Defines the content present in envVarValue. Possible value could be "network", "constant", "ewbi-dns", "pri-dns". Based on envValueType, an OP may either assign the constant value to the environment variable and pass it to the application component. Or, the value to be assigned to "envVarValue" will be generated by the application runtime environment and passed on to the component instance during instantiation. If set to "network", then the dynamic port assigned
envVarValue	String	M	1	Value assigned to the envVarName attribute and passed to the container instance during instantiation phase

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
envValSrc	String	C	1	Network interface Id defined by the application provider in ContainerSpec. Based on the given network interface Id, OP will assign the value of dynamic port it generates for the containerPort and assign to the envVarValue.

Table 79: Component Environment Variables

4.1.1.8.2.7 persistentVolume

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
volumeName	String	M	1	Human readable name for the volume
volumeSize	Integer	M	1	size of the volume given by user (10GB, 20GB, 50 GB or 100GB)
volumeMountPath	string	M	1	defines the mount path of the volume where the volume will be available to containers
ephemeralType	Enum	M	1	It indicates the ephemeral storage on the node and contents are not preserved if containers restart
accessMode	String	M	1	Values are RW (read/write) and RO (read-only)
sharingPolicy	Enum	M	1	Exclusive or Shared. If shared, then in case of multiple containers same volume will be shared across the containers.

Table 80: Persistent Volume

4.1.1.8.2.8 artefactRepoLocation

Following table describes the artefactRepoLocation which could be an external repository from where application component images e.g., artefacts can be pulled.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
repoType	String	M	1	Github, Helm, localRepo. For ContainerSpec valid value is "localRepo"
repoURL	Link	M	1	defines the path/URL of the source artefact
userName	String	M	1	defines the container repo username in case external repository is used to provide component images

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
Password	String	M	1	defines the container repo password in case external repository is used to provide component images
Token	String	O	1	Authorization Token

Table 81: artefactRepoLocation

4.1.1.8.2.9 fileDetails

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
fileId	M	1	Identifier unique within a federation context to distinguish different artefacts
appProviderId	M	1	A unique Application Provider identifier managed at the Leading OP representing the association of a given artefact with an Application Provider
fileName	M	1	Name of the file provided by the Application Provider on NBI. The NBI may provide capabilities to upload files from local filesystems from where NBI is accessed
fileDescription	O	1	Brief description of the file by the application provider
fileVersionInfo	M	1	File version information
fileType	M	1	Indicate if the file is Container image or VM image (QCOW2)
imgOSType	M	1	Base OS for the image. Currently only "Linux" is supported
imgInsSetArch	M	1	"x86_64", "arm64"

4.1.1.8.3 File Details Simple data types and enumerations

This subclause defines simple data types and enumerations that can be referenced from data structures defined in the previous subclauses.

4.1.1.8.3.1 Simple data types

Type Name	Type Definition	Description
artifactId	String	Identifier unique within an appProviderId to distinguish different artefacts
appProviderId	String	A unique Application Provider identifier managed at leading OP representing the association of a given artefact with an Application Provider
artifactName	String	Name of the artefact
artifactDescription	String	Brief description of the artefact by the application provider

Type Name	Type Definition	Description
artefactVersionInfo	String	Artefact version information
artefactImageFileName	String	Artefact image file name
artefactDescriptorFileName	String	File Name of the artefact descriptor e.g. Helm File Name

Table 82: Artefacts simple datatype table

4.1.1.8.3.2 Enumeration: artefactVirtType

The enumeration `cpuArchType` represents the Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) for CPU.

Enumeration value	Description
VM_TYPE	Indicates VM images
CONTAINER_TYPE	Indicate containers images

Table 83: artefactVirtType table

4.1.1.8.3.3 Enumeration: artefactDescriptorType

The enumeration `artefactDescriptorType` represents the artefact descriptor which could be a helm chart for containers deployment, Terraform script for virtual machine deployment etc.

Enumeration value	Description
CONTAINERSPEC_TYPE	Indicates Container-as-a-service deployment specification
HELM_TYPE	Indicate Helm charts
TERRAFORM_TYPE	Indicates Terraform script for VM deployment

Table 84: artefactDescriptorType table

4.1.1.8.3.4 Enumeration: containerOSType

The enumeration `containerOSType` represents the operating system for which a container image is built for.

Enumeration value	Description
CONTAINER_OS_LINUX	Indicates Linux OS based container
CONTAINER_OS_WINDOWS	Indicate Windows OS based container

Table 85: artefactDescriptorType table

4.1.1.8.3.5 Enumeration: restartPolicy

The enumeration `restartPolicy` represents the action to be taken if a container instance fails.

Enumeration value	Description
RESTART_POLICY_ALWAYS	Indicates always restart the failed container
RESTART_POLICY_NEVER	Indicate never restart the failed container

Table 86: restartPolicy table

4.1.1.8.3.6 Enumeration: commProtocol

The enumeration commProtocol represents the IP network protocol i.e., TCP or UDP.

Enumeration value	Description
IP_PROTO_TCP	Indicates TCP protocol
IP_PROTO_UDP	Indicate UDP protocol

Table 87: commProtocol table

4.1.1.8.3.7 Enumeration: visibilityType

The enumeration visibilityType represents the if a given interface of application component to be exposed to external clients or to internal components only.

Enumeration value	Description
VISIBILITY_EXTERNAL	Indicates container interface is exposed externally to clients
VISIBILITY_INTERNAL	Indicate container interface is only internally accessible to other components of the application

Table 88: commProtocol table

4.1.2 Application Provider Resource Management - APIs

The REST APIs mentioned in this section provides the capabilities to reserve and manage compute resources for an application provider within the zones of a Partner OP.

4.1.2.1 Introduction

Following table describe the applicable HTTP methods for managing resource reservation with the Partner OP. Resources can be reserved on per zone for an application provider and once reserved, the application provider can associate an application to consume the reserved resources.

Operations	HTTP Method	Resource URI	Qualifier
Reserve Compute Resources	POST	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/isv/resource/zone/{zoneId}/appProvider/{appProviderId}	M
Update Compute Resource Reservation	PATCH	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/isv/resource/zone/{zoneId}/appProvider/{appProviderId}/pool/{poolId}	M
View Reserved Resources	GET	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/isv/resource/zone/{zoneId}/appProvider/{appProviderId}	M
Remove Reserved Resources	DELETE	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/isv/resource/zone/{zoneId}/appProvider/{appProviderId}/pool/{poolId}	M

Operations	HTTP Method	Resource URI	Qualifier
Resource Reservation Notification	POST	{ resourceReservationCallbackLink }	M

Table 89: Compute Resource Reservation Management Methods

4.1.2.2 POST Method : Reserve Compute Resources

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to a partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship
zoneId	M	1	Identifier of partner zone where resources are to be reserved.
appProviderId	M	1	A unique Application Provider Identifier referring an application provider account with leading OP
poolName	M	1	Application Provider defines a name to identify the resources reserved on the zone
resRequest	M	1	Compute flavours to be reserved and their counts
resourceReservationCallbackLink	M	1	Callback URI for the Partner OP to provide status update to the resource reservation request initiated by the Originating OP

Table 90: Reserve Compute Resources request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
reservedPoolId	C	200	ISV Resource reservation request accepted
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails	C	412	Pre-condition failed. Application not onboarded or resources not available
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 91: Reserve Compute Resource response parameters

4.1.2.3 PATCH Method : Update Compute Resource Reservation

The following table describes the data structures supported by the PATCH Request Body on this resource to modify already reserved resources.

Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship
zoneId	M	1	Zone where resources are reserved.
appProviderId	M	1	A unique Application Provider Identifier referring an application provider account with leading OP
poolId	M	1	Identifier of the resource pool
UpdResInfo	M	1	List of modification to be done

Table 92: Update Compute Resource Reservation request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the PATCH Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
NA	C	200	Resource pool updated
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	412	Pre-condition failed. Application not onboarded or resources not available

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 93: Update Compute Resource Reservation response parameters

4.1.2.4 GET Method : View Reserved Resources

The following table describes the data structures supported by the GET Request Body on this resource.

Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship
zoneId	M	1	Zone where resources are reserved.
appProviderId	M	1	A unique Application Provider Identifier referring an application provider account with Originating OP

Table 94: View Reserved Resource request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the GET Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
reservedPools	C	200	Reserved Resources Details
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	412	Pre-condition failed. Application not onboarded or resources not available
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails	C	520	Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 95: Notify resource reservation status response parameters

4.1.2.5 DELETE Method : Remove Reserved Resources

The following table describes the data structures supported by the DELETE Request Body on this resource.

Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship
zoneId	M	1	Zone where resources are reserved.
appProviderId	M	1	A unique Application Provider Identifier referring an application provider account with leading OP
poolId	M	1	Identifier of the resource pool

Table 96: Remove Reserved Resource request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the DELETE Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
NA	C	200	Resource pool deleted
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	412	Pre-condition failed. Application not onboarded or resources not available
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 97: Remove Reserved Resources response parameters

4.1.2.6 POST Method: Notify Resource Reservation Status

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	Federation context identifier
appProviderId	M	1	A unique Application Provider Identifier referring an application provider account with leading OP
zoneId	M	1	Identifier of partner zone where resources are to be reserved.
poolId	M	1	Identifier of resource pool
grantedFlavours	M	0..N	List of flavourResvInfo indicating the allocated resources against the requested resources by the Partner OP

Table 98: ISV resource reservation status notification parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	204	Resource reservation status updated
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	412	Pre-condition failed. Application not onboarded or resources not available
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 99: Application Onboarding response parameters

4.1.2.7 Data Model

4.1.2.7.1 General

This subclause specifies the application data model supported by the Application Provider resource Management APIs.

4.1.2.7.2 Structured Data Types

This clause defines the structured data types to be used in resource representations.

4.1.2.7.2.1 resRequest

The below table describes the flavours and their respective duration for which they may be reserved.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
flavours	Array(flavourResvInfo)	M	1	An identifier to refer to the combination of compute resource configuration as indicated by the other attributes in this table
reserveDuration	Object	M	1	Time period for which resources are to be reserved starting from now

Table 100: resRequest

4.1.2.7.2.2 flavourResvInfo

The following table provides flavours and the corresponding amount to be reserved.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
flavourId	Int	M	1	Flavour Identifier
numFlavour	Int	M	1	Number of flavour to be reserved
minNumOfFlavours	Int	O	1	If specified, indicate the minimum numbers of flavours to be reserved up to maximum as given in "count" member. If the Partner OP cannot reserve the minimum number of flavours, then the request shall be failed.

Table 101: flavourResvInfo

4.1.2.7.2.3 reservedPoolId

The following table provides the information on the resource pool identifier and resource pool name which can be used to refer to an existing pool of resources reserved earlier on request from application providers.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
poolName	String	M	1	Name of the pool
poolId	String	M	1	Identifier generated by the OP to identify these reserved resources

Table 102: reservedPoolId

4.1.2.7.2.4 UpdResInfo

The data structure in the below Table 103 provides the information to modify existing resource pool created earlier on request from application providers towards the Partner OP.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
updateType	String	M	1	Enumerations – Add, Remove, Duration
flavourId	String	M	1	Flavour identifier
count	Int	M		Final count of flavour that should be reserved. Value 0 means remove all such flavour
reserveDuration	Object	C	1	New time period for which resources are to be reserved from initial reservation time

Table 103: updResInfo

4.1.2.7.2.5 reservedPools

The following table defines the relationship between the resource pool identifier and the resource flavours associated to it.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
reservedPoolName	String	M	1	Name of the pool
reservedPoolId	Object	M	1	Application Provider defined name of the pool
reservedFlavours	Array(flavourId)	M	1	List of flavours and their count reserved for this poolId
reserveDuration	Object	O	1	Time period for which resources are to be reserved starting from now
reservationTime	Date-Time	O	1	Date and time of resource reservation by the Application Provider

Table 104: Reserved Pool Info

4.1.2.7.2.6 reserveDuration

The following table defines the time duration for which resource reservation is being requested.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
numOfDays	Int	C	1	Number of days to be reserved
numOfMonths	Int	C	1	Number of months to be reserved
numOfYears	Int	C	1	Number of years to be reserved

Table 105: reservationDuration

4.1.2.7.2.7 grantedFlavours

The following table defines the structure of granted resources for a resource reservation request.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
grantedFlavours	Array(flavourResvInfo)	M	1..N	Number of flavours reserved

Table 106: grantedFlavours

4.1.3 Application Onboarding Management - API

Application onboarding management APIs are used to provide the application information to the Partner OP by the Leading OP.

4.1.3.1 Introduction

Following table describes the HTTP methods to the resources defined in the table.

Operation	HTTP Method	Resource URI	Qualifier
Onboard Application	POST	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/application/onboarding	M
Update Application	PATCH	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/application/onboarding/app/{appid}	M
Remove Application	DELETE	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/application/onboarding/app/{appid}/zone/{zoneId}	M
View Application	GET	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/application/onboarding/app/{appid}	M
Notify Application State Info	POST	{ appStatusCallbackLink }	M
App Onboard at new zones	POST	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/application/onboarding/app/{appId}/additionalZones	M
Restrict Application	POST	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/application/onboarding/app/{appId}/zoneForbid	M

Table 107: Application Onboarding Management APIs

4.1.3.2 Onboard Applications : POST Method

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship
applInformation	M	1	Application compute resource, component images, QoS, Availability Zone information

Table 108: Application Onboarding request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	202	Application onboarded successfully
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Federation not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 109: Application Onboarding response parameters

4.1.3.3 Update Application Information : PATCH Method

The following table describes the data structures supported by the PATCH Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship
appld	M	1	Application compute resource, components, associated artefactId,
appUpdQoSProfile	O	1	Application resource requirement or deployment attributes that needs to be updated
appComponentSpecs	O	1	Application components and their associated artefacts or Domain Name System (DNS).

Table 110: Modify application information request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the PATCH Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	201	Application Updated successfully
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Federation not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 111: Modify application information response parameters

4.1.3.4 DELETE Method : Remove Application Information

The following table describes the data structures supported by the DELETE Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship
appId	M	1	Application Identifier for a given appProviderId.
zoneId	M	1	zone identifiers from where application must be deboarded.

Table 112: Remove application request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the DELETE Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	202	Application Updated successfully
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 113: Remove application response parameters

4.1.3.5 POST Method: Notify resource reservation Status Information

The following table describes the POST request which the Partner OP initiate towards the Leading OP to provide status update or completion of an earlier resource reservation request.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Partner OP to the Leading OP to identify the existing federation relationship
appld	M	1	Application Identifier
statusInfo	M	1	Status of an application on zone.

Table 114: Resource reservation notification parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	204	Resource reservation status updated
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	412	Pre-condition failed. Application not onboarded or resources not available
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 115: Resource reservation notification response parameters

4.1.3.6 Application Onboarding At New Zones : POST Method

The Originating OP requests the Partner OP to make an already onboarded application available on additional zones specified in the request.

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
appld	M	1	Application identifier
zones	M	1	List of zone identifiers where application shall be made available.

Table 116: Application Onboarding on new zones request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	202	Application onboarded successfully
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Federation not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 117: Application Onboarding response parameters

4.1.3.7 Restrict Application : POST Method

The Originating OP request partner OP to restrict or allow instantiation of the application on specified zones.

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship
appld	M	1	Application identifier
appInstantiationCtrlList	M	1	List of zone identifier and access info

Table 118: Application Onboarding request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	202	Application forbid/permit request accepted
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Federation not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 119: Application Onboarding response parameters

4.1.3.8 Data Model

4.1.3.8.1 General

This subclause specifies the application data model supported by the Application Onboarding Management API.

4.1.3.8.2 Structured Data Types

This clause defines the structured data types to be used in resource representations.

4.1.3.8.2.1 applInformation

Following table describes the information elements defining an edge application.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
appId	String	M	1	Identifier of the application
appProviderId	String	M	1	Unique Identifier to identify the application providers of the leading OP
appDeploymentZones	Array(regionInfo)	M	1..N	Geographical location where application should be made available
appMetaData	Object	M	1	Application metadata details
appQoSProfile	Object	O	1	Parameters corresponding to the performance constraints, tenancy details etc.
appProvisioning	Bool	O	1	Define if application can be instantiated or not

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
appComponentSpecs	Array(appComponentSpec)	M	1..N	Details about application components, associated component images and descriptors, compute resources etc.
appStatusCallbackLink	uri	M	1	An application callback URL which shall be used by the Partner OP to inform home OP about change in application status or changes in status or an application instance.

Table 120: applInformation

4.1.3.8.2.2 regionInfo

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
countryCode	Object	M	1	ISO 3166-1 Country Code where application is to be deployed
zoneInfo	Object	M	1	Availability Zone identifiers for given targetOPId

Table 121: regionInfo

4.1.3.8.2.3 appMetaData

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
version	String	M	1	Application version
appName	String	M	1	Name of the application
appDescription	String	O	1	Brief application description provided by application provider
accessToken	String	M	1	An application Access key to be used with UNI interface to authorize UCs Access to a given application
mobilitySupport	String	O	1	Indicates if an application is sensitive to user mobility and can be relocated. Default is "NO"

Table 122: Application meta data

4.1.3.8.2.4 appQoSProfile

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
latencyConstraints	String	M	1	Latency requirements for the application. Allowed values (non-standardized) are none, low and very low. Very Low may corresponds to range 15 - 30 msec, Low correspond to range 30 - 50 msec. None means 51 and above
bandwidthRequired	String	O	1	Data transfer bandwidth requirement (minimum limit) for the application. It should in Mbits/sec

Table 123: Application QoS profile

4.1.3.8.2.5 appComponentsSpec

An application may consist of one or more components where a component represents a runnable unit of the application. A component tie together one or more artefacts i.e., an artefact associated to an image type and/or an artefact which refers to a component descriptor e.g., Helm chart, Terraform file etc.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
appComponentsSpec	Array(appComponentDetail)	M	1	

Table 124: Application Components

4.1.3.8.2.6 appComponentDetail

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
serviceNameNB	String	M	1	Must be a valid RFC 1035 label name not more than 64 characters. This defines the DNS name via which the component can be accessed over NBI. Access via serviceNameNB is restricted on specific ports. Platform shall expose component access externally via this DNS name

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
serviceNameEW	String	O	1	Must be a valid RFC 1035 label name not more than 64 characters. This defines the DNS name via which the component can be accessed via peer components. Access via serviceNameEW is open on all ports. Platform shall not expose serviceNameEW externally outside edge.
componentName	String	M	1	Must be a valid RFC 1035 label name. Component name must be unique with an application. It should be atleast 8 characters in length and not more than 64 characters
artefactId	String	M	1	Identifier of the already onboarded artefact to be used for instantiating the component of the associated application. It refers to artefactDescriptors e.g., Helm chart, Container Spec, Terraform script etc.

Table 125: Application Component Details

4.1.3.8.2.7 countryCode

ISO 3166-1 country code to uniquely provide the country information where OP services have been deployed by an operator.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
countryName	String	M	1	Name of the country
countryCode	String	M	1	Two digit ISO 3166-1-alpha-2 country code e.g., "ES" for Spain

Table 126: Country Code

4.1.3.8.2.8 zoneInfo

Following table describes zone identifier where an application shall be onboarded.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
zonelid	String	M	1	Zone identifier

Table 127: Zone identifier info for application onboarding

4.1.3.8.2.9 appUpdQoSProfile

Update request shall contain at least one of the optional parameters defined in the following table.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
latencyConstraints	String	O	1	Latency requirements for the application. Allowed values (non-standardized) are none, low and ultra-low. Ultra-Low may corresponds to range 15 - 30 msec, Low correspond to range 30 - 50 msec. None means 51 and above
bandwidthRequired	String	O	1	Data transfer bandwidth requirement (minimum limit) for the application. It should in Mbits/sec
mobilitySupport	String	O	1	Indicates if an application is sensitive to user mobility and can be relocated. Default is "NO"
multiUserClients	Enum	O	1	Define if app supports single user or multiple user clients (UCs)
noOfUsersPerApplInst	Integer	C	1	For multi user client's app, how many UCs an app instance can support
appProvisioning	Bool	O	1	Define if application can be instantiated or not

Table 128: Application QoS profile Update Parameters

4.1.3.8.2.10 statusInfo

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
zoneld	String	O	1	Zone Identifier
onboardStatusInfo	Enum	O	1	Application onboarding status

Table 129: StatusInfo

4.1.3.8.2.11 applInstantiationCtrlList

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
zoneld	String	M	1	Zone Identifier
forbid	boolean	M	1	Value 'true' will forbid application instantiation on this zone. No new instance of the application can be created on this zone

Table 130: applInstantiationCtrlList

4.1.3.8.3 Simple data types and enumerations

This subclause defines simple data types and enumerations that can be referenced from data structures defined in the previous subclauses.

4.1.3.8.3.1 Enumeration: multiUserClients

The following table defines the attribute of an application to indicate if it can support single or multiple UCs.

Enumeration value	Description
APP_TYPE_SINGLE_USER	A single user client (UC) can connect to an instance of the application
APP_TYPE_MULTI_USER	Multi user client (UCs) can connect to an instance of the application

Table 131: multiUserClients

4.1.3.8.3.2 Enumeration: onboardingStatusInfo

The following table defines the application onboarding status information.

Enumeration value	Description
PENDING	Application onboarding in progress
ONBOARDED	Application onboarded successfully
DEBOARDING	Application deboarding in progress
FAILED	Application onboarding failed

Table 132: Onboarding status info

4.1.3.8.3.3 Enumeration: resourceConsumption

The following table defines if an application instance shall use the resources from the reserved resource pool.

Enumeration value	Description
RESERVED_RES_ONLY	Instruct OP to use only the reserved resources
RESERVED_RES_PREFER	Instruct OP to first give preference to already reserved resource, If none available OP may use non reserved resources
RESERVED_RES_FORBID	instruct OP not to use pre-reserved resources

Table 133: Resource reservation indication table

4.1.4 Application Instance Lifecycle Management - API

The API mentioned in this section provides the capabilities for managing the edge applications instantiation and terminating the running instance, inquire the status of the application instance etc for applications with the Partner OPs.

4.1.4.1 Introduction

Following table describes the applicable HTTP methods for applications lifecycle management.

Operations	HTTP Method	Resource URI	Qualifier
Instantiate Application	POST	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/application/lcm	M
Remove Application Instance	DELETE	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/application/lcm/app/{appId}/instance/{appInstanceId}/zone/{zoneId}	M
View Application Instance	GET	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/application/lcm/app/{appId}/instance/{appInstance}/zone/{zoneId}	M
List Application Instances	GET	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/application/lcm/app/{appId}/appProvider/{appProviderId}	M
Notify Application Instance state information	POST	{appInstCallbackLink}	M

Table 134: Application Instance Management Methods

4.1.4.2 POST Method : Instantiate Applications

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship
appId	M	1	Application Identifier for a given federation context
appProviderId	M	1	A unique Application Provider Identifier referring an application provider account with leading OP
appVersion	M	1	Application Version of the application provided by the leading OP application provider
zoneInfo	M	1	Zone where an already onboarded application can be instantiated. It also includes details about the resources to be used for application instantiation
appInstCallbackLink	M	1	An application instance callback URL which shall be used by the Partner OP to inform the application instance information asynchronously

Table 135: Application instantiation request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	202	Application provisioning accepted
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 136: Application instantiation response parameters

4.1.4.3 DELETE Method : Terminate Application Instance

The tables below describe the data structures supported by the DELETE Request Body on this resource.

Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship
appld	M	1	Application Identifier for a given appProviderId .
zoneld	M	1	Zone Identifier where app instance is running
appInstIdentifier	M	1	Application instance identifier to refer to a running instance of an application denoted by appld

Table 137: Application instance termination request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the DELETE Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
appInstanceld	C	202	Application instance termination request Accepted
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 138: Application instance termination response parameters

4.1.4.4 Notify Application Instance Information : POST Method

Partner OP uses this API to inform Originating OP about the results of application instantiation request. This API also includes details about endpoints (IP and Ports) that can be used to reach application instance.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
appld	M	1	Application identifier unique per application in an appProviderId
appInstIdentifier	M	1	Application instance identifier sent by the Partner OP in response to application instantiation request
zoneId	M	1	Zone identifier of the app referred by appld
appInstanceInfo	M	1	Application instance information e.g., communication end points of various components of the app, zone where it is deployed denoted by appld.

Table 139: Application instance async request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	202	Application provisioning notification acknowledged
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 140: Application instance async response parameters

4.1.4.5 View Application Instance Details : Get Method

View application instance details GET request contains the following parameters towards the Partner OP.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
appInstanceId	M	1	Application instance identifier sent by the Partner OP in response to application instantiation request
zoneId	M	1	Identifier of partner zone where application instance is created.

Table 141: Application instance async request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
appInstanceInfo	C	200	Application instance details
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	412	Pre-condition failed. Application not onboarded or resources not available
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 142: View application instance details response parameters

4.1.4.6 List Application Instances : Get Method

View application instance GET request contains the following parameters towards the Partner OP.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
appld	M	1	Application Identifier for a given appProviderId
zoneld	M	1	zone identifier where app referred by appld is deployed

Table 143: List application instance parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
appInstanceList	C	200	Application instance list
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	412	Pre-condition failed. Application not onboarded or resources not available
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 144: List application instance response parameters

4.1.4.7 Data Model

4.1.4.7.1 General

This subclause specifies the application data model supported by the Application Onboarding Management API.

4.1.4.7.2 Structured Data Types

This clause defines the structured data types to be used in resource representations.

4.1.4.7.2.1 applInstanceInfo

Following table describes the information elements associated to an instance of the edge application.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
applInstanceState	enum	M	1	Pending, Running, Failed etc.
accessPointInfo	Array(Object)	M	1	Information on external connectivity parameters where clients can connect to the application instance over UNI

Table 145: applInstanceInfo

4.1.4.7.2.2 accessPointInfo

Following table describes the connectivity information of an edge application instance.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
interfaceld	String	M	1	Developer/Independent Software Vendor (ISV) defined logical name for TCP/UDP endpoint exposed by the application as part of the app component structure
accessPoints	Object	M	1	Details of IP address, port, FQDN etc.

Table 146: accessPointInfo

4.1.4.7.2.3 accessPoints

Following table describes the protocol level details of the connectivity information of an edge application instance.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
fqdn	String	C	1	fqdn of the app component instance on requested zone where UC can connect with app instance on edge

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
ipv4Addresses	IPv4 Address	C	1	IPv4 address of the app component instance on requested zone where UC can connect with app instance on edge
ipv6Addresses	IPv6 Address	C	1	IPv6 address of the app component instance on requested zone where UC can connect with app instance on edge
port	string	M	1	Port of the app component instance on requested zone where UC can connect with app instance on edge

Table 147: accessPoints

4.1.4.7.2.4 applInstanceList

Following table describes the application instance list containing the details of the application running instances created for an application.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
zoneld	String	M	1	fqdn of the app component instance on requested zone where UC can connect with app instance on edge
applInstanceInfo	Array	M	1..N	List for app instance Identifier and instance state

Table 148: application Instance list

4.1.4.7.2.5 InstanceIdentifiers

List of zonelds and application instances created on that zone

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
zoneld	String	M	1	Partner zone identifier
applInstIdentifier	String	M	1	Application instance identifier. This identifier the instance created on the zone.

Table 149: Application Instance Identifiers

4.1.4.7.2.6 zoneInfo

The following table defines the Zone and resource pool details where application instance shall be created and the resource pool to be used by the application instance.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
zoneld	String	M	1	Zone identifier

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
flavourId	String	M	1	Flavour that should be used for the application on a zone
resPool	String	C	1	Id of resource pool that was reserved by the Application Provider and that shall be used to instantiate the application.
resourceConsumption	enum	C	1	Specifies if the application can be instantiated using pre-reserved resource or not. Application Provider can pre-reserve a pool of compute resource on each zone.

Table 150: Zone and flavour info for application instantiation

4.1.5 Edge Node Sharing - API

4.1.5.1 Introduction

Following table describes the operations, applicable HTTP methods and the resource URI for edge node sharing API.

Operations	HTTP Method	Resource URI	Qualifier
Edge Node Discovery	POST	/operatorplatform/federation/v1 /{federationContextId}/edgenodesharing/edgeDiscovery	M

Table 151: Edge Node Sharing Operations and Resource URI

4.1.5.2 POST Method: Edge Node Discovery

This operation is intended for OP A to fetch the edge nodes discovery information to be shared from a Partner OP B.

Parameter name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
appProviderId	M	1	Application provider identifier
appId	M	1	Application identifier
edgeDiscoveryFilters	O	1	Edge node discovery filters to help Partner OP to select adequate edge(s)

Table 152: Edge Node Discovery Request Parameters

The following table contains the HTTP Response body parameters for 200 OK response.

Parameter name	P	Response Codes	Description
easDiscoveryResp	M	1	Indicates the application access information in locations indicated in edge node share request

Table 153: Edge node discovery response Parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource for non-200 OK responses.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails		400	Bad Request
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails		409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 154: Edge node discovery failure responses

4.1.5.3 Data Model

4.1.5.3.1 General

Parameter name	P	Cardinality	Description
easDiscoveryResp	C	1	Edge node share response parameter
edgeDiscoveryFilters	O	1	Edge node discovery filters to help the Partner OP to select adequate edge(s)

Table 155: Data structures for edge node discovery API

4.1.5.3.2 Structured Data Types

This clause defines the structured data types to be used in resource representations.

4.1.5.3.2.1 easDiscoveryResp

The following table provides the information about the response parameters that may be returned by the Partner OP for edge node discovery request.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
discoveredEdgeNodes	Array (discoveredEdgeNodes)	M	1..N	List of Edge discovery information (e.g. URI, FQDN, IP address)

Table 156: easDiscoveryResp

4.1.5.3.2.2 discoveredEdgeNodes

The following table provides the information about the response parameter discoveredEdgeNodes that may be returned by the Partner OP in response to edge node discovery request.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
zonelId	String	M	1	Availability Zone identifier of Partner OP
latencyServiceEndpoints	Object	M	1	FQDN, IP and Port information about the probe responder service that can be further used by the user device to determine traffic latency.

Table 157: discoveredEdgeNodes

4.1.5.3.2.3 edgeDiscoveryFilters

The following table provides the information about the edge discovery filters which originating OP may include as additional qualifying information to Partner OP for filtering the available edge node(s) using this information.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
locationInfo	String	O	0..1	Information obtained from the home OP regarding UE location.to help Partner OP locate the adequate Availability Zones in UE location. It could be Latitude/Longitude or zonelId of the UE

Table 158: edgeDiscoveryFilters

4.1.5.3.3 Simple data types and enumerations

This subclause defines simple data types and enumerations that can be referenced from data structures defined in the previous subclauses.

4.1.6 LBO Roaming Authentication – API

4.1.6.1 Introduction

An OP uses the HTTP POST method on the resource URI described in table below to authenticate roaming users of the Partner OP. Following Table 159 describe the applicable HTTP methods and the resource URI for LBO roaming authentication API .

Operations	HTTP Method	Resource URI	Qualifier
User Authentication	GET	/operatorplatform/federation/v1 /{federationContextId}/roaminguserauth/device/{deviceId}/token/{authToken}	M

Table 159: Roaming user authentication Operations

4.1.6.2 GET Method : Authenticate roaming user

The following table describes the data structures supported by the GET Request Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Visited OP to the Home OP of the user to identify the existing federation relationship
deviceId	M	1	Roaming user device Id to identify and authenticate the roaming user by home mobile network
authToken	M	1	An authentication token assigned to the roaming user by the Home OP when UC tries to register from visited network. The token is provided to the Visited OP by the user client when it is redirected to register with visited OP. It is used by the Visited OP to authenticate the roaming user by the Home OP

Table 160: Roaming user authentication request parameters

The following table describes the data structures supported by the GET Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	200	Device Auth Token validated
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request
N/A	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Content not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 161: Roaming user authentication response parameters

4.1.6.3 Data Model

4.1.6.3.1 Simple data types and enumerations

This subclause defines simple data types and enumerations that can be referenced from data structures defined in the previous subclauses.

4.1.6.3.1.1 Simple data types

Attribute Name	Data Type	Description
deviceId	String	Device identifier as determined by the visited mobile network for roaming user
authToken	String	Temporary token to be used by the client application to authenticate itself to the Partner OP

Table 162: Roaming user authentication simple datatype table

4.2 Service APIs Federation

This section provides the details of the Service APIs federation methods and parameters over the E/WBI.

4.2.1 Service APIs Forwarding Methods

This section provides the details of various HTTP methods along with the associated resource URIs, API parameters in request and response, error codes etc. for the Service API federation management over the E/WBI.

4.2.1.1 Introduction

The below table describes the supported operations and resource URIs for Service APIs federation management.

Operations	HTTP Method	Resource URI	Qualifier
Service API Forwarding	POST	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federation ContextId}/apiservice/{apiServiceId}	M
Service API Event Notification	POST	{svcNotificationDest}	M

Operations	HTTP Method	Resource URI	Qualifier
Leading OP Remove API Context	DELETE	/operatorplatform/federation/v1/{federationContextId}/apiservice/{apiServiceId}/connid/{connectID}	M

Table 163: Service APIs Management Methods

4.2.1.2 POST Method: Service API Forwarding

The table below describes the data structures supported by the POST Request Body on this resource. The POST method on this resource provides the capability for the Leading OP to forward the Service API after determining the Partner OP indicated by the federationContextId for this service.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to a partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
apiTxnId	M	1	API request transaction identifier
apiServiceId	M	1	The name identifier of the Service API
customerInfo	M	1	The sharable identification information that a leading OP can expose with the partner OP to enable mechanisms like obtaining consent of the end user indicated in the Service API request
customerID	M	1	A unique static identifier at the Leading OP representing the Enterprise the Service API is received from and which may be used by the Partner OP to obtain consent of the end user whose identity is embedded in the ServiceAPIContent
ServiceAPIContent	M	1	Service API Body contents as received by the Leading OP over NBI
eventNotificationDest	O	0..1	A URL link for the partner OP to provide event notifications for long duration contextful APIs e.g., QoD for a given API session

Table 164: Service API Forwarding parameters

The table below describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
serviceAPIResp	C	200	Artefacts uploaded successfully at partners OP

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Federation not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 165: Service API Forwarding response parameters

The table below describes the “Location” header supported by the POST Response Body on this resource if the Service API is associated to a long duration API session.

Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
Location	String	M	1	Contains the URI of the newly created resource i.e., /operatorplatform/federation/v1/partner/{federationContextId}/apiservice/customerid/{customerID}/connid/{connectID}

Table 166: Service API forwarding Response with Location header

4.2.1.3 POST Method: Service API Event Notification

The table below provides the details of the events which a partner OP may send to the Leading OP based on the nature of the Service API.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to a partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
apiTxnId	M	1	Notification request transaction identifier
apiServiceId	M	1	The name identifier of the Service API
eventType	M	1	If the event is connectID timer expiry or the mobile network event
customerID	M	1	A unique static identifier at the Leading OP representing the Enterprise the Service API is received from

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
connectID	C	1	A temporary identifier generated by the Partner OP representing the end user whose identity is contained in the ServiceAPIContent. It is needed for long running API sessions e.g., QualityOnDemand API
ServiceAPIEventDef	M	1	Event Schema as defined by Service API specification e.g., for the QoD API

Table 167: Service API Event notification parameters

The table below describes the data structures supported by the POST Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Codes	Description
N/A	C	200	Event Notification successful
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Federation not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 168: Service API Event notification response parameters

4.2.1.4 GET Method: Retrieve Service API Context Information

The GET method supports the path parameters.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
customerID	M	1	A unique static identifier at the Leading OP representing the Enterprise the Service API is received from

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
connectID	C	1	A temporary identifier generated by the Partner OP representing the end user whose identity is contained in the ServiceAPIContent. It is needed for long running API sessions e.g., QualityOnDemand API

Table 169: Service API context retrieval request parameters

The table below describes the data structures supported by the GET Response Body on this resource for response code 200 OK.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
ServiceAPIRespDef	M	1	Response Schema for GET request as defined by Service API specification e.g., for QualityOnDemand API
customerID	M	1	A unique static identifier at the Leading OP representing the Enterprise the Service API is received from
connectID	M	1	A temporary identifier generated by the Partner OP representing the end user whose identity is contained in the ServiceAPIContent. It is needed for long running API sessions e.g., QualityOnDemand API

Table 170: Service API context retrieval response parameters

The table below describes the HTTP codes supported by the GET Response on this resource for non-200 codes.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Response codes	Description
problemDetails	C	1	400	Bad Request. Parameters in the request has conflicting values.
problemDetails	C	1	401	Unauthorized Access
problemDetails	C	1	404	Content Not Found
problemDetails	C	1	409	Conflict.
problemDetails	C	1	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	1	500	Internal Server Error

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Response codes	Description
problemDetails	C	1	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	1	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 171: Response codes for zone meta-information Request

4.2.1.5 DELETE Method: Remove API Context by Leading OP

The below table describes the data structures for the DELETE Request initiated by the Leading OP to the Partner OP.

Parameter Name	P	Cardinality	Description
federationContextId	M	1	This identifier shall be provided by the Originating OP to the Partner OP to identify the existing federation relationship.
connectID	M	1	A temporary identifier generated by the Partner OP representing the end user

Table 172: Remove API Context by Leading OP

The below table describes the data structures supported by the DELETE Response Body on this resource.

Parameter Name	P	Response Code	Description
Status	C	200	API context deleted successful
problemDetails	C	400	Bad Request.
problemDetails	C	401	Authorization information is missing or invalid
problemDetails	C	404	Federation not found
problemDetails	C	409	Conflict
problemDetails	C	422	Unprocessable Entity. Mandatory parameters are not sent in the request.
problemDetails	C	500	Internal Server Error
problemDetails	C	503	Service Unavailable.
problemDetails	C	520	Web Server Returned an Unknown Error

Table 173: Remove API Context by Leading OP status codes

4.2.1.6 Data Model

4.2.1.6.1 General

This subclause specifies the application data model supported by the Service APIs Federation Management.

4.2.1.6.2 Structured Data Types

This clause defines the structured data types to be used in resource representations.

4.2.1.6.2.1 ServiceAPIContent

The below table describes the data structure the Leading OP uses to forward the Service API to the Partner OP.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
mediaType	String	M	1	The media type indicates the Service API body schema type e.g., "application/json". The value shall be received in the NBI Service API
serviceAPIPayload	Object	M	1	The Service API body content as received over NBI with the schema indicated in mediaType

Table 174: ServiceAPIContent

4.2.1.6.2.2 serviceAPIResp

The below table describes the data structure that the Partner OP share in response to the Service API forwarding request.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
customerID	String	M	1	customerID is shared by the Leading OP with the Partner OP during Service API forwarding
targetUserContext	Object	C	1	A temporary end user context object generated by the Partner OP representing the end user whose identity is contained in the ServiceAPIContent request. It is needed for long running API sessions e.g., QualityOnDemand API
apiResponse	Object	C	1	This object for sessionless APIs represent the final response of the Service API processing generated by the Partner OP

Table 175: serviceAPIResp

4.2.1.6.2.3 targetUserContext

The table below describes the data structure that a partner OP generates in context of the end user whose identity is contained in the Service API forwarding request by the Leading OP.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
connectID	String	M	1	Temporary token to be generated at the Partner OP in context of session based APIs e.g., QualityOnDemand
expiryDuration	String	M	1	The timer value after which the given connectID expires

Table 176: targetUserConetxt

4.2.1.6.2.4 expiryDuration

The data structure in the following table provides the information to modify existing resource pool created earlier on request from application providers towards the Partner OP.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
numHours	Int	C	1	Hours (0-23)
numMins	Int	C	1	Minutes (0-59)
numSecs	Int	C	1	Seconds(0-59)

Table 177: ConnectID Expiry Timer

4.2.1.6.2.5 apiResponse

The below table describes the data structure which the Partner OP uses to provide the Service API processing result to the Leading OP.

Attribute Name	Data Type	P	Cardinality	Description
mediaType	String	M	1	May contain value e.g., "application/json".
responseContent	Object	M	1	The result of the Service API processing response formatted according to scheme indicated in mediaType and typically defined in the Service API specification

Table 178: Service API Result Information

4.2.1.6.3 Simple data types and enumerations

This subclause defines simple data types and enumerations that can be referenced from data structures defined in the previous subclauses.

4.2.1.6.3.1 Simple data types

Attribute Name	Data Type	Description
apiTxnId	String	An transaction identifier created per request and shall be included in the all the responses associated to same API request

Attribute Name	Data Type	Description
apiServiceId	String	Named identifier of the API service e.g., "QualityOnDemand", "DeviceStatus", "DeviceLocation" etc.
connectID	String	Temporary token to be generated at the Partner OP in context of session based APIs e.g., QualityOnDemand
customerID	String	A unique static identifier at the Leading OP representing the Enterprise the Service API is received from and which may be used by the Partner OP to obtain consent of the end user whose identity is embedded in the ServiceAPIContent
customerInfo	String	Name identification information associated to the Application Provider of the Leading OP
eventNotificationDest	Link	The URL to which the Partner OP can send the event notification in context of session based APIs e.g., QualityOnDemand

Table 179: Service API federation simple datatype table

5 Security

Transport Level Security (TLS) shall be used to support the secure communication between the OPs. The access to the E/WBI APIs shall be authorized by means of OAuth2 protocol (see IETF RFC 6749 [4]), based on local configuration, using the "Client Credentials" authorization grant. If OAuth2 is used, a client, prior to consuming services offered by an OP E/WBI APIs, shall obtain a "token" from the authorization server.

Annex A OpenAPI Specification Sample

Note: This OpenAPI definition is made available as a YAML file on the GSMA's public website www.gsma.com alongside this PRD.

```
openapi: 3.0.3
info:
  version: 1.1.0
  title: Federation Management Service
  description: |
    # Introduction
    ---
    RESTful APIs that allow an OP to share the edge cloud resources and capabilities securely to other partner
    OPs over E/WBI.
    ---
    # API Scope
    ---
    APIs defined in this version of the specification can be categorized into the following areas:
    * __FederationManagement__ - Create and manage directed federation relationship with a partner OP
    * __AvailabilityZoneInfoSynchronization__ - Management of resources of partner OP zones and status
    updates
    * __ArtefactManagement__ - Upload, remove, retrieve and update application descriptors, charts and
    packages over E/WBI towards a partner OP
    * __FileManagement__ - Upload, remove, retrieve and update application binaries over E/WBI towards a
    partner OP
    * __ApplicationOnboardingManagement__ - Register, retrieve, update and remove applications over E/WBI
    towards a partner OP
    * __ApplicationDeploymentManagement__ - Create, update, retrieve and terminate application instances over
    E/WBI towards a partner OP
    * __AppProviderResourceManagement__ - Static resource reservation for an application provider over E/WBI
    for partner OP zones
    * __EdgeNodeSharing__ - Edge discovery procedures towards partner OP over E/WBI.
    * __LBORoamingAuthentication__ - Validation of user client authentication from home OP
    * __ServiceAPIManagement__ - Service APIs capability sharing, forwarding, notification and API context
    management
    ---
    # Definitions
    ---
    This section provides definitions of terminologies commonly referred to throughout the API descriptions.
    * __Accepted Zones__ - List of partner OP zones, which the originating OP has confirmed to use for its edge
    applications
    * __Anchoring__ - Partner OP capability to serve application clients (still in their home location) from
    application instances running on partner zones.
    * __Application Provider__ - An application developer, onboarding his/her edge application on a partner
    operator platform (MEC).
    * __Artefact__ - Descriptor, charts or any other package associated with the application.
    * __Availability Zone__ - Zones that partner OP can offer to share with originating OP.
    * __Device__ - Refers to user equipment like mobile phone, tablet, IOT kit, AR/VR device etc. In context of
    MEC users use these devices to access edge applications
    * __Directed Federation__ - A Federation between two OP instances A and B, in which edge compute
    resources are shared by B to A, but not from A to B.
    * __Edge Application__ - Application designed to run on MEC edge cloud
```

Official Document OPG.04 - East-Westbound Interface APIs

* __Edge Discovery Service__ - Partner OP service responsible to select most optimal edge(within partner OP) for edge application instantiation. Edge discovery service is defined as HTTP based API endpoint identified by a well-defined FQDN or IP.

* __E/WBI__ - East west bound interface.

* __Federation__ - Relationship among member OPs who agrees to offer services and capabilities to the application providers and end users of member OPs

* __FederationContextId__ - Partner OP defined string identifier representing a certain federation relationship.

* __Federation Identifier__ - Identify an operator platform in federation context.

* __FileId__ - An OP defined string identifier representing a certain application image uploaded by an application provider

* __Flavour__ - A group of compute, network and storage resources that can be requested or granted as a single unit

* __FlavourIdentifier__ - An OP defined string identifier representing a set of compute, storage and networking resources

* __Home OP__ - Used in federation context to identify the OP with which the application developers or user clients are registered.

* __Home Routing__ - Partner OP capability to direct roaming user client traffic towards application instances running on home OP zones.

* __Instance__ - Application process running on an edge

* __LCM Service__ - Partner OP service responsible for life cycle management of edge applications. LCM service is defined as HTTP based API endpoint identified by a well-defined FQDN or IP.

* __Offered Zones__ - Zones that partner OP offer to share to the Originating OP based on the prior agreement and local configuration.

* __Onboarding__ - Submitting an application to MEC platform

* __OP__ - Operator platform.

* __OperatorIdentifier__ - String identifier representing the owner of MEC platform. Owner could be an enterprise, a TSP or some other organization

* __Originating OP__ - The OP when initiating the federation creation request towards the partner OP is defined as the Originating OP

* __Partner OP__ - Operator Platform which offers its Edge Cloud capabilities to the other Operator Platforms via E/WBI.

* __Resource__ - Compute, networking and storage resources.

* __Resource Pool__ - A group of compute, networking and storage resources. Application provider pre-reserve resources on partner OP zone, these resources are reserved in terms of flavours.

* __ZoneIdentifier__ - An OP defined string identifier representing a certain geographical or logical area where edge resources and services are provided

* __Zone Confirmation__ - Procedure via which originating OP acknowledges partner OP about the partner zones it wishes to use.

* __User Clients__ - Lightweight client applications used to access edge applications. Application users run these clients on their devices (UE, IOT device, AR/VR device etc)

* __ServiceAPIManagement__ - Service APIs capability sharing, forwarding, notification and API context management

API Operations

__FederationManagement__

* __CreateFederation__ - Creates a directed federation relationship with a partner OP

* __GetFederationDetails__ - Retrieves details about the federation relationship with the partner OP. The response shall provide info about the zones offered by the partner, partner OP network codes, information about edge discovery and LCM service etc.

* __DeleteFederationDetails__ - Remove existing federation with the partner OP

* __NotifyFederationUpdates__ - Call back notification used by partner OP to update originating OP about any change in existing federation relationship.

* __UpdateFederation__ - API used by the Originating OP towards the partner OP, to update the parameters associated to the existing federation

__AvailabilityZoneInfoSynchronization__

- * __ZoneSubscribe__ - Informs partner OP that originating OP is willing to access the specified zones and partner OP shall reserve compute and network resources for these zones.
- * __ZoneUnsubscribe__ - Informs partner OP that originating OP will no longer access the specified partner OP zone.
- * __GetZoneData__ - Retrieves details about the computation and network resources that partner OP has reserved for an partner OP zone.
- * __Notify Zone Information__ - Call back notification used by partner OP to update originating OP about changes in the resources reserved on a partner zone.

__ArtefactManagement__

- * __UploadArtefact__ - Uploads application artefact on partner operator platform.
- * __RemoveArtefact__ - Removes an artefact from partner operator platform.
- * __GetArtefact__ - Retrieves details about an artefact from partner operator platform.
- * __UploadFile__ Upload application binaries to partner operator platform
- * __RemoveFile__ - Removes application binaries from partner operator platform
- * __ViewFile__ - Retrieves details about binaries associated with an application from partner operator platform

__ApplicationOnboardingManagement__

- * __OnboardApplication__ - Submits an application details to a partner OP. Based on the details provided, partner OP shall do bookkeeping, resource validation and other pre-deployment operations
- * __UpdateApplication__ - Updates partner OP about changes in application compute resource requirements, QOS Profile, associated descriptor or change in associated components
- * __DeboardApplication__ - Removes an application from partner OP
- * __ViewApplication__ - Retrieves application details from partner OP
- * __OnboardExistingAppNewZones__ - Make an application available on new additional zones
- * __LockUnlockApplicationZone__ - Forbid or permit instantiation of application on a zone

__Application Instance Lifecycle Management__

- * __InstallApp__ - Instantiates an application on a partner OP zone.
- * __GetAppInstanceDetails__ - Retrieves an application instance details from partner OP.
- * __RemoveApp__ - Terminate an application instance on a partner OP zone.
- * __GetAllAppInstances__ - Retrieves details about all instances of the application running on partner OP zones.

__AppProviderResourceManagement__

- * __CreateResourcePools__ - Reserves resources (compute, network and storage) on a partner OP zone. ISVs registered with home OP reserves resources on a partner OP zone.
- * __UpdateISVResPool__ - Updates resources reserved for a pool by an ISV
- * __ViewISVResPool__ - Retrieves the resource pool reserved by an ISV
- * __RemoveISVResPool__ - Deletes the resource pool reserved by an ISV

__EdgeNodeSharing__

- * __GetCandidateZones__ - Edge discovery procedures towards partner OP over E/WBI. Originating OP request partner OP to provide a list of candidate zones where an application instance can be created.

__LBOroamingAuthentication__

- * __AuthenticateDevice__ - Validates the authenticity of a roaming user from home OP
- * __Service APIs__ - Set of REST APIs exposed by an OP on the NBI to expose mobile network capabilities in a secure and authorized manner to external applications or enterprise customers of the OP

```
description: GSMA, E/WBI APIs v1.3.1
url: http://www.xxxx.com
servers:
- url: '{apiRoot}/operatorplatform/federation/v1'
  variables:
    apiRoot:
      default: https://operatorplatform.com
security:
- OAuth2ClientCredentials:
  - fed-mgmt
components:
securitySchemes:
  OAuth2ClientCredentials:
    type: oauth2
    flows:
      clientCredentials:
        tokenUrl: /oauth2/token
        scopes:
          fed-mgmt: Access to the federation APIs
schemas:
  AppIdentifier:
    type: string
    pattern: ^[A-Za-z][A-Za-z0-9_]{7,63}$
    description: Identifier used to refer to an application.
  AppProviderId:
    type: string
    pattern: ^[A-Za-z][A-Za-z0-9_]{7,63}$
    description: UserId of the app provider. Identifier is relevant only in context of this federation.
  ArtefactId:
    type: string
    format: uuid
    description: A globally unique identifier associated with the artefact. Originating OP generates this identifier
when artefact is submitted over NBI.
  AuthorizationToken:
    type: string
    minLength: 8
    maxLength: 128
    description: A token assigned to the roaming user's during registration with home OP and the token is
provided back to the visited OP by the user client on end user device when redirected to register with visited OP
  CountryCode:
    type: string
    description: ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 code for the country of Partner operator
    pattern: ^[A-Z]{2}$
  CPUArchType:
    type: string
    enum:
      - ISA_X86
      - ISA_X86_64
      - ISA_ARM_64
    description: CPU Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) E.g., Intel, Arm etc.
  DeviceId:
    type: string
    pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,128}[A-Za-z0-9]$
    description: The identifier of the application user (i.e., GPSI or preferably an identity token)
  InstanceIdentifier:
    type: string
    pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$
```


pattern: `^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,30}[A-Za-z0-9]$`
description: ISV defined name of the resource pool.

PoolId:
type: string
pattern: `^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,30}[A-Za-z0-9]$`
description: OP defined Identifier for the pool reserved for the ISV. It should be unique with an OP.

Port:
type: integer
minimum: 0

Status:
type: string
enum:

- FAILED
- TEMPORARY_FAILURE
- AVAILABLE
- LOCKED
- NOT_AVAILABLE

Uri:
type: string

Vcpu:
type: string
pattern: `^\d+(\.\d{1,3})?(m)?$`
description: Number of vcpus in whole, decimal up to millivcpu, or millivcpu format.
example: whole:
value: 2
decimal:
value: 0.500
millivcpu:
value: 500m

Version:
type: string
pattern: `^\d{1,2}\.?\d{1,2}\.?\d{1,2}$`
description: Versioning info in the format major.minor.patch

VirtImageType:
type: string
enum:

- QCOW2
- DOCKER
- OVA

description: Indicate if the file is Container image or VM image (QCOW2, OVA)

ZoneIdentifier:
type: string
pattern: `^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]*$`
description: Human readable name of the zone.

serviceType:
type: string
enum: ["api_federation"]
description: An identifier to refer to partner OP capabilities for application providers.

serviceAPINames:
type: array
items:
type: string
enum:

- QualityOnDemand
- DeviceLocation
- DeviceStatus

- SimSwap
- NumberVerification
- DeviceIdentifier

minItems: 1

description: List of Service API capability names an OP supports and offers to other OPs
"quality_on_demand", "device_location" etc.

serviceAPINameVal:

type: string

enum:

- QualityOnDemand
- DeviceLocation
- DeviceStatus
- SimSwap
- NumberVerification
- DeviceIdentifier

description: Name of the Service API

serviceRoutingInfo:

type: array

items:

type: string

pattern: ^(([0-9][1-9][0-9]1[0-9]{2})2[0-4][0-9]25[0-5])\.\.){3}([0-9][1-9][0-9]1[0-9]{2})2[0-4][0-9]25[0-5])(V([0-9][1-2][0-9]3[0-2]))?\$\$

minItems: 1

description: List of public IP addresses MNO manages for UEs to connect with public data networks

customerInfo:

type: string

pattern: '^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9]*\$'

description: Human readable name of the Leading OP API customer.

customerID:

type: string

format: uuid

description: Leading OP managed identifier associated to API Provider of the Leading OP.

txnIdentifier:

type: string

description: A API transaction identifier generated by the Partner OP for each API request

connectID:

type: string

description: An identifier generated by the Partner OP to represent the end user identity in the Service API request.

apiContentType:

type: string

enum:

- application/json

description: Indicate the Service API body schema in JSON format

serviceAPIContent:

type: object

required:

- mediaType
- APIContent

properties:

```
mediaType:
  $ref: '#/components/schemas/apiContentType'
APIContent:
  $ref: 'https://github.com/camaraproject'

expiryInterval:
  type: object
  required:
    - numHours
    - numMins
    - numSecs
  properties:
    numHours:
      type: integer
      format: int32
      description: Number of Hours for Expiry (0-23)
    numMins:
      type: integer
      format: int32
      description: Number of Minutes for Expiry (0-59)
    numSecs:
      type: integer
      format: int32
      description: Number of Seconds for Expiry (0-59)

targetUserContext:
  type: object
  required:
    - connectID
    - expiryDuration
  properties:
    connectID:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/connectID'
    expiryDuration:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/expiryInterval'

serviceAPIResponse:
  type: object
  required:
    - customerID
    - targetUserContext
    - apiResponse
    - txnIdentifier
  properties:
    customerID:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/customerID'
    targetUserContext:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/targetUserContext'
    apiResponse:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/customerID'
    txnIdentifier:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/txnIdentifier'

svcEventType:
  type: string
  enum:
    - "evt_timerexpiry"
    - "evt_network"
```

- "evt_delete"

ApiResponse:

type: object

required:

- mediaType
- APIRespContent

properties:

mediaType:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/apiContentType'

APIRespContent:

\$ref: 'https://github.com/camaraproject'

serviceAPIEventDef:

type: object

required:

- NetworkEventDef

properties:

NetworkEventDef:

\$ref: 'https://github.com/camaraproject'

serviceAPINetworkEvent:

type: object

required:

- connectID
- customerID
- EventType

properties:

connectID:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/connectID'

customerID:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/customerID'

EventType:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/svcEventType'

serviceAPIEventDef:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/serviceAPIEventDef'

expiryDuration:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/expiryInterval'

#

STRUCTURED DATA TYPES

#

AppComponentSpecs:

description: An application may consist of more than one component. Each component is associated with a descriptor and may expose its services externally or internally. App providers are required to provide details about all these components, their associated descriptors and their DNS names.

type: array

items:

type: object

required:

- artefactId

properties:

serviceNameNB:

type: string

pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,62}[A-Za-z0-9]\$

description: Must be a valid RFC 1035 label name. This defines the DNS name via which the component can be accessed over NBI. Access via serviceNameNB is restricted on specific ports. Platform shall expose component access externally via this DNS name

```
    serviceNameEW:
      type: string
      pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$
      description: Must be a valid RFC 1035 label name. This defines the DNS name via which the component
can be accessed via peer components. Access via serviceNameEW is open on all ports. Platform shall not
expose serviceNameEW externally outside edge.
      componentName:
        type: string
        pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$
        description: Must be a valid RFC 1035 label name. Component name must be unique with an application
      artefactId:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/ArtefactId'
    minItems: 1
  AppMetaData:
    description: Application metadata details
    type: object
    required:
      - appName
      - version
      - accessToken
    properties:
      appName:
        type: string
        pattern: ^[A-Za-z][A-Za-z0-9_]{7,31}$
        description: Name of the application. Application provider define a human readable name for the
application
      version:
        type: string
        description: Version info of the application
      appDescription:
        type: string
        minLength: 16
        maxLength: 256
        description: Brief application description provided by application provider
      mobilitySupport:
        type: boolean
        default: false
        description: Indicates if an application is sensitive to user mobility and can be relocated. Default is "FALSE"
      accessToken:
        type: string
        pattern: ^[A-Za-z][A-Za-z0-9_]{31,63}$
        description: An application Access key, to be used with UNI interface to authorize UCs Access to a given
application
      category:
        type: string
        enum:
          - IOT
          - HEALTH_CARE
          - GAMING
          - VIRTUAL_REALITY
          - SOCIALIZING
          - SURVEILLANCE
          - ENTERTAINMENT
          - CONNECTIVITY
          - PRODUCTIVITY
          - SECURITY
          - INDUSTRIAL
          - EDUCATION
```

- OTHERS

description: Possible categorization of the application

AppQoSProfile:

description: Parameters corresponding to the performance constraints, tenancy details etc.

type: object

required:

- latencyConstraints

properties:

latencyConstraints:

type: string

enum:

- NONE

- LOW

- ULTRALOW

description: Latency requirements for the application. Allowed values (non-standardized) are none, low and ultra-low. Ultra-Low may corresponds to range 15 - 30 msec, Low correspond to range 30 - 50 msec. None means 51 and above

bandwidthRequired:

type: integer

format: int32

minimum: 1

description: Data transfer bandwidth requirement (minimum limit) for the application. It should in Mbits/sec

multiUserClients:

type: string

enum:

- APP_TYPE_SINGLE_USER

- APP_TYPE_MULTI_USER

default: APP_TYPE_SINGLE_USER

description: Single user type application are designed to serve just one client. Multi user type application is designed to serve multiple clients

noOfUsersPerAppInst:

type: integer

default: 1

description: Maximum no of clients that can connect to an instance of this application. This parameter is relevant only for application of type multi user

appProvisioning:

type: boolean

default: true

description: Define if application can be instantiated or not

CallbackCredentials:

type: object

description: Authentication credentials for callbacks. Callbacks use the same security scheme, flows, and scopes as the forward path.

required:

- tokenUrl

- clientId

- clientSecret

properties:

tokenUrl:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/Uri'

description: OAuth2 token endpoint.

clientId:

type: string

description: Client id for oauth2 client credentials flow.

clientSecret:

type: string

description: Client secret for oauth2 client credentials flow.

ClientLocation:
type: object
minProperties: 1
properties:
 geo_location:
 type: string
 description: Latitude, Longitude as decimal fraction up to 4 digit precision
 pattern: ^([+]?)([d]{1,2})((\.)\d+)(,)([s*])([+]?)([d]{1,3})(\.)\d+)?\$\$
 rad_location:
 description: Information about the 4G/5G Cell ids where the client is currently served.
 type: array
 items:
 type: object
 required:
 - carrier
 - mcc
 - mnc
 - cellId
 properties:
 carrier:
 type: string
 enum:
 - 5G
 - LTE
 mcc:
 type: integer
 minimum: 1
 maximum: 999
 description: Mobile country code of the network as broadcasted in the serving cell
 mnc:
 type: integer
 minimum: 1
 maximum: 999
 description: Mobile network code of the network as broadcasted in the serving cell
 cellId:
 type: integer
 description: it could be a CGI (if carrier is LTE) or NCGI (if carrier is 5G).
 areaCode:
 type: integer
 description: Routing area code or Traffic area code where client is being served.

CompEnvParams:
description: Environment variables are key value pairs that should be injected when component in instantiated
type: object
required:
 - envVarName
 - envValueType
properties:
 envVarName:
 type: string
 pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,30}[A-Za-z0-9]\$\$
 description: Name of environment variable
 envValueType:
 type: string
 enum:
 - USER_DEFINED
 - PLATFORM_DEFINED_DYNAMIC_PORT
 - PLATFORM_DEFINED_DNS

- PLATFORM_DEFINED_IP

envVarValue:

type: string

pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,62}[A-Za-z0-9]\$

description: Value to be assigned to environment variable

envVarSrc:

type: string

description: Full path of parameter from componentSpec that should be used to generate the environment value. Eg. networkResourceProfile[1]. interfaceId.

CommandLineParams:

description: List of commands and arguments that shall be invoked when the component instance is created. This is valid only for container based deployment.

type: object

required:

- command

properties:

command:

type: array

items:

type: string

description: List of commands that application should invoke when an instance is created.

commandArgs:

type: array

items:

type: string

description: List of arguments required by the command.

DeploymentConfig:

description: Configuration used when deploying a component. May override other ComponentSpec parameters related to deployment like restart policy, command line parameters, environment variables, etc.

type: object

required:

- configType

- contents

properties:

configType:

type: string

enum:

- DOCKER_COMPOSE

- KUBERNETES_MANIFEST

- CLOUD_INIT

- HELM_VALUES

description: Config type.

contents:

type: string

description: Contents of the configuration.

ComponentSpec:

description: Details about compute, networking and storage requirements for each component of the application. App provider should define all information needed to instantiate the component. If artefact is being defined at component level this section should have information just about the component. In case the artefact is being defined at application level the section should provide details about all the components.

type: object

required:

- componentName

- images

- numOfInstances

- restartPolicy

- computeResourceProfile

```
properties:
  componentName:
    type: string
    pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$
    description: Must be a valid RFC 1035 label name. Component name must be unique with an application
  images:
    description: List of all images associated with the component. Images are specified using the file identifiers.
    Partner OP provides these images using file upload api.
    type: array
    items:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/FileId'
    minItems: 1
  numInstances:
    type: integer
    format: int32
    description: Number of component instances to be launched.
  restartPolicy:
    type: string
    enum:
      - RESTART_POLICY_ALWAYS
      - RESTART_POLICY_NEVER
    description: How the platform shall handle component failure
  commandLineParams:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/CommandLineParams'
  exposedInterfaces:
    description: Each application component exposes some ports either for external users or for inter
    component communication. Application provider is required to specify which ports are to be exposed and the type
    of traffic that will flow through these ports.
    type: array
    items:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/InterfaceDetails'
    minItems: 1
  computeResourceProfile:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ComputeResourceInfo'
  compEnvParams:
    type: array
    items:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/CompEnvParams'
  deploymentConfig:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/DeploymentConfig'
  persistentVolumes:
    description: The ephemeral volume a container process may need to temporary store internal data
    type: array
    items:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/PersistentVolumeDetails'
    minItems: 1
ComputeResourceInfo:
  type: object
  required:
    - cpuArchType
    - numCPU
    - memory
  properties:
    cpuArchType:
      type: string
      enum:
        - ISA_X86_64
        - ISA_ARM_64
```



```
    description: CPU Instruction Set Architecture (ISA) E.g., Intel, Arm etc.
  numCPU:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/Vcpu'
  memory:
    type: integer
    format: int64
    description: Amount of RAM in Mbytes
  diskStorage:
    type: integer
    format: int32
    description: Amount of disk storage in Gbytes for a given ISA type
  gpu:
    type: array
    items:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/GpuInfo'
  vpu:
    type: integer
    description: Number of Intel VPUs available for a given ISA type
  fpga:
    type: integer
    description: Number of FPGAs available for a given ISA type
  hugepages:
    type: array
    items:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/HugePage'
  cpuExclusivity:
    type: boolean
    description: Support for exclusive CPUs
  DiscoveredEdgeNodes:
    type: array
    items:
      type: object
      required:
        - zoneld
        - latencyServiceEndPoints
      properties:
        zoneld:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneldIdentifier'
        latencyServiceEndPoints:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/ServiceEndpoint'
    minItems: 1
    description: List of candidate zones where application instance could be created. LatencyServiceEndpoint is
    responsible for responding to latency measurement request from client
  FederationRequestData:
    type: object
    required:
      - origOPFederationId
      - initialDate
      - partnerStatusLink
    properties:
      origOPFederationId:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationIdentifier'
      origOPCountryCode:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/CountryCode'
      origOPMobileNetworkCodes:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/MobileNetworkIds'
      origOPFixedNetworkCodes:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FixedNetworkIds'
```

initialDate:
 type: string
 format: date-time
 description: Time zone info of the federation initiated by the originating OP
partnerStatusLink:
 \$ref: '#/components/schemas/Uri' partnerCallbackCredentials:
 \$ref: '#/components/schemas/CallbackCredentials' FederationResponseData:
type: object
required:
 - partnerOPFederationId
 - federationContextId
 - platformCaps
properties:
 partnerOPFederationId:
 \$ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationIdentifier'
 partnerOPCountryCode:
 \$ref: '#/components/schemas/CountryCode'
 federationContextId:
 \$ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
 edgeDiscoveryServiceEndPoint:
 \$ref: '#/components/schemas/ServiceEndpoint'
 lcmServiceEndPoint:
 \$ref: '#/components/schemas/ServiceEndpoint'
 partnerOPMobileNetworkCodes:
 \$ref: '#/components/schemas/MobileNetworkIds'
 partnerOPFixedNetworkCodes:
 \$ref: '#/components/schemas/FixedNetworkIds'
 offeredAvailabilityZones:
 type: array
 items:
 \$ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneDetails'
 minItems: 1
 description: List of zones, which the operator platform wishes to make available to developers/ISVs of requesting operator platform.
 platformCaps:
 type: array
 items:
 type: string
 enum:
 - homeRouting
 - Anchoring
 - serviceAPIs
 description: Home routing - Operator platform is capable of routing edge application data traffic from its edges to user device in their home location. This is the case where user devices are served in their home region (requesting platform region, non-roaming) but the corresponding edge application are in operator platform edges. Anchoring - Operator platform is capable of routing edge application traffic for roaming user devices to edge application in user device home network. Service APIs - Capability to handle Service APIs (e.g., CAMARA APIs) from the Leading OP
 Flavour:
 type: object
 required:
 - flavourId
 - cpuArchType
 - supportedOSTypes
 - numCPU
 - memorySize
 - storageSize
 properties:

```
flavourId:
  $ref: '#/components/schemas/FlavourId'
cpuArchType:
  $ref: '#/components/schemas/CPUArchType'
supportedOSTypes:
  description: A list of operating systems which this flavour configuration can support e.g., RHEL Linux,
  Ubuntu 18.04 LTS, MS Windows 2012 R2.
  type: array
  items:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/OSType'
  minItems: 1
numCPU:
  type: integer
  format: int32
  description: Number of available vCPUs
memorySize:
  type: integer
  format: int32
  description: Amount of RAM in Mbytes
storageSize:
  type: integer
  format: int32
  description: Amount of disk storage in Gbytes
gpu:
  type: array
  items:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/GpuInfo'
fpga:
  type: integer
  format: int32
  description: Number of FPGAs

vpu:
  type: integer
  description: Number of Intel VPUs available
hugepages:
  type: array
  items:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/HugePage'
cpuExclusivity:
  type: boolean
  description: Support for exclusive CPUs
GpuInfo:
  type: object
  required:
    - gpuVendorType
    - gpuModeName
    - gpuMemory
    - numGPU
  properties:
    gpuVendorType:
      type: string
      enum:
        - GPU_PROVIDER_NVIDIA
        - GPU_PROVIDER_AMD
      description: GPU vendor name e.g. NVIDIA, AMD etc.
      example: Nvidia
    gpuModeName:
```

type: string
description: Model name corresponding to vendorType may include info e.g. for NVIDIA, model name could be "Tesla M60", "Tesla V100" etc.

gpuMemory:
type: integer
description: GPU memory in Mbytes

numGPU:
type: integer
description: Number of GPUs

HugePage:
type: object
required:
- pageSize
- number
properties:
pageSize:
type: string
enum:
- 2MB
- 4MB
- 1GB
description: Size of hugepage
number:
type: integer
description: Total number of huge pages

InterfaceDetails:
type: object
required:
- interfaceId
- commProtocol
- commPort
- visibilityType
properties:
interfaceId:
type: string
description: Each Port and corresponding traffic protocol exposed by the component is identified by a name. Application client on user device requires this to uniquely identify the interface.
pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,30}[A-Za-z0-9]\$\ncommProtocol:
type: string
enum:
- TCP
- UDP
- HTTP_HTTPS
description: Defines the IP transport communication protocol i.e., TCP, UDP or HTTP
commPort:
type: integer
format: int32
minimum: 1
maximum: 65535
description: Port number exposed by the component. OP may generate a dynamic port towards the UCs corresponding to this internal port and forward the client traffic from dynamic port to container Port.
visibilityType:
description: Defines whether the interface is exposed to outer world or not i.e., external, or internal. If this is set to "external", then it is exposed to external applications otherwise it is exposed internally to edge application components within edge cloud. When exposed to external world, an external dynamic port is assigned for UC traffic and mapped to the internal container Port
type: string

```
enum:
  - VISIBILITY_EXTERNAL
  - VISIBILITY_INTERNAL
network:
  type: string
  pattern: ^[A-Za-z][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,30}[A-Za-z0-9]$
  description: Name of the network. In case the application has to be associated with more than 1 network
  then app provider must define the name of the network on which this interface has to be exposed. This
  parameter is required only if the port has to be exposed on a specific network other than default.
InterfaceName:
  type: string
  pattern: ^[a-z][a-z0-9]{3}$
  description: Interface Name. Required only if application has to be attached to a network other than default.
InvalidParam:
  type: object
  properties:
    param:
      type: string
    reason:
      type: string
  required:
    - param
MobileNetworkIds:
  type: object
  properties:
    mcc:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/Mcc'
    mnccs:
      type: array
      items:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/Mnc'
      minItems: 1
ObjectRepoLocation:
  type: object
  properties:
    repoURL:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/Uri'
    userName:
      type: string
      description: Username to access the repository
    password:
      type: string
      description: Password to access the repository
    token:
      type: string
      description: Authorization token to access the repository
OSType:
  type: object
  required:
    - architecture
    - distribution
    - version
    - license
  properties:
    architecture:
      type: string
      enum:
        - x86_64
```

- x86

example: x86_64

distribution:

type: string

enum:

- RHEL
- UBUNTU
- COREOS
- FEDORA
- WINDOWS
- OTHER

version:

type: string

enum:

- OS_VERSION_UBUNTU_2204_LTS
- OS_VERSION_RHEL_8
- OS_VERSION_RHEL_7
- OS_VERSION_DEBIAN_11
- OS_VERSION_COREOS_STABLE
- OS_MS_WINDOWS_2012_R2
- OTHER

license:

type: string

enum:

- OS_LICENSE_TYPE_FREE
- OS_LICENSE_TYPE_ON_DEMAND
- NOT_SPECIFIED

PersistentVolumeDetails:

type: object

required:

- volumeSize
- volumeMountPath
- volumeName

properties:

volumeSize:

type: string

enum:

- 10Gi
- 20Gi
- 50Gi
- 100Gi

description: size of the volume given by user (10GB, 20GB, 50 GB or 100GB)

volumeMountPath:

type: string

description: Defines the mount path of the volume

volumeName:

type: string

description: Human readable name for the volume

ephemeralType:

type: boolean

default: false

description: It indicates the ephemeral storage on the node and contents are not preserved if containers

restarts

accessMode:

type: string

```
enum:
  - RW
  - RO
default: RW
description: Values are RW (read/write) and RO (read-only)
sharingPolicy:
  type: string
  enum:
    - EXCLUSIVE
    - SHARED
  default: EXCLUSIVE
  description: Exclusive or Shared. If shared, then in case of multiple containers same volume will be shared
across the containers.
ProblemDetails:
  type: object
  properties:
    title:
      type: string
    detail:
      type: string
    cause:
      type: string
    invalidParams:
      type: array
      items:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/InvalidParam'
      minItems: 1
ResourceReservationDuration:
  description: Time period for which resources are to be reserved starting from now
  type: object
  minProperties: 1
  properties:
    numOfDay:
      type: integer
      format: int32
      description: Number of days to be reserved
    numOfMonth:
      type: integer
      format: int32
      description: Number of months to be reserved
    numOfYear:
      type: integer
      format: int32
      description: Number of years to be reserved
ServiceEndpoint:
  type: object
  required:
    - port
  anyOf:
    - required:
      - fqdn
    - required:
      - ipv4Addresses
    - required:
      - ipv6Addresses
  properties:
    port:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/Port'
```

```
fqdn:
  $ref: '#/components/schemas/Fqdn'
ipv4Addresses:
  type: array
  items:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/Ipv4Addr'
  minItems: 1
ipv6Addresses:
  type: array
  items:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/Ipv6Addr'
  minItems: 1
ZoneDetails:
  type: object
  required:
    - zoneld
    - geolocation
    - geographyDetails
  properties:
    zoneld:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneldIdentifier'
    geolocation:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/GeoLocation'
    geographyDetails:
      type: string
      description: Details about cities or state covered by the edge. Details about the type of locality for eg rural,
urban, industrial etc. This information is defined in human readable form.
ZoneRegistrationRequestData:
  type: object
  required:
    - acceptedAvailabilityZones
    - availZoneNotifLink
  properties:
    acceptedAvailabilityZones:
      type: array
      items:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneldIdentifier'
      minItems: 1
    availZoneNotifLink:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/Uri'
ZoneRegistrationResponseData:
  type: object
  required:
    - acceptedZoneResourceInfo
  properties:
    acceptedZoneResourceInfo:
      type: array
      items:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneRegisteredData'
      minItems: 1
ZoneRegisteredData:
  type: object
  required:
    - zoneld
    - reservedComputeResources
    - computeResourceQuotaLimits
    - flavoursSupported
```



```
properties:
  zoneId:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'
  reservedComputeResources:
    description: Resources exclusively reserved for the originator OP.
    type: array
    items:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ComputeResourceInfo'
    minItems: 1
  computeResourceQuotaLimits:
    description: Max quota on resources partner OP allows over reserved resources.
    type: array
    items:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ComputeResourceInfo'
    minItems: 1
  flavoursSupported:
    type: array
    items:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/Flavour'
    minItems: 1
  networkResources:
    type: object
    required:
      - egressBandWidth
      - dedicatedNIC
      - supportSriov
      - supportDPDK
    properties:
      egressBandWidth:
        type: integer
        format: int32
        description: Max dl throughput that this edge can offer. It is defined in Mbps.
      dedicatedNIC:
        type: integer
        format: int32
        description: Number of network interface cards which can be dedicatedly assigned to application pods
on isolated networks. This includes virtual as well physical NICs
      supportSriov:
        type: boolean
        description: If this zone support SRIOV networks or not
      supportDPDK:
        type: boolean
        description: If this zone supports DPDK based networking.
  zoneServiceLevelObjsInfo:
    type: object
    description: It is a measure of the actual amount of data that is being sent over a network per unit of time
and indicates maximum supported value for a zone
    required:
      - latencyRanges
      - jitterRanges
      - throughputRanges
    properties:
      latencyRanges:
        type: object
        properties:
          minLatency:
            type: integer
            format: int32
            minimum: 1
```

description: The time for data/packet to reach from UC to edge application. It represent minimum latency in milli seconds that may exist between UCs and edge apps in this zone but it can be higher in actual.

maxLatency:

type: integer

format: int32

description: The maximum limit of latency between UC and Edge App in milli seconds.

jitterRanges:

type: object

properties:

minJitter:

type: integer

format: int32

minimum: 1

maxJitter:

type: integer

format: int32

description: The maximum limit of network jitter between UC and Edge App in milli seconds.

throughputRanges:

type: object

properties:

minThroughput:

type: integer

format: int32

minimum: 1

description: The minimum limit of network throughput between UC and Edge App in Mega bits per seconds (Mbps).

maxThroughput:

type: integer

format: int32

description: The maximum limit of network throughput between UC and Edge App in Mega bits per seconds (Mbps).

#

HTTP responses

#

responses:

"400":

description: Bad request

content:

application/problem+json:

schema:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'

"401":

description: Unauthorized

content:

application/problem+json:

schema:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'

"404":

description: Not Found

content:

application/problem+json:

schema:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'

"409":

description: Conflict

content:

application/problem+json:

```
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
  "412":
    description: Precondition Failed
    content:
      application/problem+json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
  "422":
    description: Unprocessable Entity
    content:
      application/problem+json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
  "500":
    description: Internal Server Error
    content:
      application/problem+json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
  "501":
    description: Not Implemented
    content:
      application/problem+json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
  "503":
    description: Service Unavailable
    content:
      application/problem+json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
  "520":
    description: Web Server Returned an Unknown Error
    content:
      application/problem+json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/ProblemDetails'
  default:
    description: Generic Error
paths:
  /partner:
    post:
      summary: Creates one direction federation with partner operator platform.
      operationId: CreateFederation
      tags:
        - FederationManagement
      requestBody:
        required: true
        content:
          application/json:
            schema:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationRequestData'
      responses:
        "200":
          description: Federation meta-info request accepted
          content:
            application/json:
```

```
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationResponseData'
  headers:
    Location:
      description: 'Contains the URI of the newly created resource, according to the structure:
{apiRoot}/operatorplatform/federation/v1/partner/{federationContextId}'
      required: true
      schema:
        type: string
    Accept-Encoding:
      description: Accept-Encoding, described in IETF RFC 7694
      schema:
        type: string
    Content-Encoding:
      description: Content-Encoding, described in IETF RFC 7231
      schema:
        type: string
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
  callbacks:
    onPartnerStatusEvent:
      '{$request.body#/partnerStatusLink }':
        post:
          requestBody:
            description: |
              OP uses this callback api to notify partner OP about change in federation status, federation metadata
              or offered zone details. Allowed combinations of objectType and operationType are
              - FEDERATION - STATUS: Status specified by parameter 'federationStatus'.
              - ZONES - STATUS: Status specified by parameter 'zoneStatus'.
              - ZONES - ADD: Use parameter 'addZones' to define add new zones
              - ZONES - REMOVE: Use parameter 'removeZones' to define remove zones.
              - EDGE_DISCOVERY_SERVICE - UPDATE: Use parameter 'edgeDiscoverySvcEndPoint' to specify
              new endpoints
              - LCM_SERVICE - UPDATE: Use parameter 'lcmSvcEndPoint' to specify new endpoints
              - MOBILE_NETWORK_CODES - ADD: Use parameter 'addMobileNetworkIds' to define new mobile
              network codes.
              - MOBILE_NETWORK_CODES - REMOVE: Use parameter 'removeMobileNetworkIds' to remove
              mobile network codes.
              - FIXED_NETWORK_CODES - ADD: Use parameter 'addFixedNetworkIds' to define new fixed
              network codes.
              - FIXED_NETWORK_CODES - REMOVE: Use parameter 'removeFixedNetworkIds' to remove fixed
              network codes.
```

- SERVICE_APIS - ADD/REMOVE: Parameter Usage 'addServiceAPIs / removeServiceAPIs' to add or remove Service APIs support.

content:

application/json:

schema:

type: object

required:

- federationContextId
- objectType
- operationType
- modificationDate

properties:

federationContextId:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationIdentifier'

objectType:

type: string

enum:

- FEDERATION
- ZONES
- EDGE_DISCOVERY_SERVICE
- LCM_SERVICE
- MOBILE_NETWORK_CODES
- FIXED_NETWORK_CODES
- SERVICE_APIS

operationType:

type: string

enum:

- STATUS
- UPDATE
- ADD
- REMOVE

edgeDiscoverySvcEndPoint:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/ServiceEndpoint'

lcmSvcEndPoint:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/ServiceEndpoint'

addMobileNetworkIds:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/MobileNetworkIds'

removeMobileNetworkIds:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/MobileNetworkIds'

addFixedNetworkIds:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/FixedNetworkIds'

removeFixedNetworkIds:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/FixedNetworkIds'

addZones:

type: array

items:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneDetails'

description: List of zones, which the operator platform wishes to make available to developers/ISVs of requesting operator platform.

minItems: 1

removeZones:

type: array

items:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'

description: List of zones, which the operator platform no longer wishes to share.

minItems: 1

addServiceAPIs:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/serviceAPINames'

OP. description: List of Service APIs that a partner OP can serve when requested by the Originating

removeServiceAPIs:
\$ref: '#/components/schemas/serviceAPINames'

zoneStatus:
type: array
items:
type: object
required:
- zoneld
- status
properties:
zoneld:
\$ref: '#/components/schemas/Zoneldentifier'
status:
\$ref: '#/components/schemas/Status'

minItems: 1
federationStatus:
\$ref: '#/components/schemas/Status'
modificationDate:
type: string
format: date-time

description: Date and time of the federation modification by the originating partner OP

responses:

"204":
description: Expected response to a successful call back processing

"400":
\$ref: '#/components/responses/400'

"401":
\$ref: '#/components/responses/401'

"404":
\$ref: '#/components/responses/404'

"409":
\$ref: '#/components/responses/409'

"422":
\$ref: '#/components/responses/422'

"500":
\$ref: '#/components/responses/500'

"503":
\$ref: '#/components/responses/503'

"520":
\$ref: '#/components/responses/520'

default:
\$ref: '#/components/responses/default'

/federationContextId/partner:

get:

summary: Retrieves details about the federation context with the partner OP. The response shall provide info about the zones offered by the partner, partner OP network codes, information about edge discovery and LCM service etc.

operationId: GetFederationDetails

tags:
- FederationManagement

parameters:
- name: federationContextId

in: path
required: true

schema:
\$ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'

```
responses:
  "200":
    description: Federation meta-info request accepted
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          type: object
          required:
            - edgeDiscoveryServiceEndPoint
            - lcmServiceEndPoint
          properties:
            edgeDiscoveryServiceEndPoint:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/ServiceEndpoint'
            lcmServiceEndPoint:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/ServiceEndpoint'
            allowedMobileNetworkIds:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/MobileNetworkIds'
            allowedFixedNetworkIds:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/FixedNetworkIds'
            offeredAvailabilityZones:
              type: array
              items:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneDetails'
              minItems: 1
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
patch:
  summary: API used by the Originating OP towards the partner OP, to update the parameters associated to
  the existing federation
  operationId: UpdateFederation
  tags:
    - FederationManagement
  parameters:
    - name: federationContextId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
  requestBody:
    required: true
    description: Details about changes origination OP wished to apply
    content:
```

```
application/json:
  schema:
    type: object
    required:
      - objectType
      - operationType
      - modificationDate
    properties:
      objectType:
        type: string
        enum:
          - MOBILE_NETWORK_CODES
          - FIXED_NETWORK_CODES
      operationType:
        type: string
        enum:
          - ADD_CODES
          - REMOVE_CODES
          - UPDATE_CODES
      addMobileNetworkIds:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/MobileNetworkIds'
      removeMobileNetworkIds:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/MobileNetworkIds'
      addFixedNetworkIds:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FixedNetworkIds'
      removeFixedNetworkIds:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FixedNetworkIds'
      modificationDate:
        type: string
        format: date-time
        description: Date and time of the federation modification by the originating partner OP
responses:
  "200":
    description: Federation meta-info request accepted
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          type: object
          required:
            - edgeDiscoveryServiceEndPoint
            - lcmServiceEndPoint
          properties:
            edgeDiscoveryServiceEndPoint:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/ServiceEndpoint'
            lcmServiceEndPoint:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/ServiceEndpoint'
            allowedMobileNetworkIds:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/MobileNetworkIds'
            allowedFixedNetworkIds:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/FixedNetworkIds'
            offeredAvailabilityZones:
              type: array
              items:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneDetails'
              minItems: 1
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
```



```
  $ref: '#/components/responses/401'  
"404":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/404'  
"409":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/409'  
"422":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/422'  
"500":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/500'  
"503":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/503'  
"520":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/520'  
default:  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/default'  
delete:  
summary: Remove existing federation with the partner OP  
operationId: DeleteFederationDetails  
tags:  
- FederationManagement  
parameters:  
- name: federationContextId  
  in: path  
  required: true  
  schema:  
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'  
responses:  
"200":  
  description: Federation removed successfully  
"400":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/400'  
"401":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/401'  
"404":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/404'  
"409":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/409'  
"422":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/422'  
"500":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/500'  
"503":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/503'  
"520":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/520'  
default:  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
```

/{federationContextId}/partner/service/{serviceType}:

```
get:  
summary: Retrieves the list of Service APIs and associated information that a partner OP supports  
operationId: GetServiceAPIsDetails  
tags:  
- FederationManagement  
parameters:  
- name: federationContextId  
  in: path  
  required: true
```

```
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
  - name: serviceType
    in: path
    required: true
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/serviceType'
responses:
  '200':
    description: List of Service APIs names and associated configuration info as supported capabilities
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          type: object
          required:
            - ServiceType
            - serviceCaps
            - apiRoutingInfo
          properties:
            serviceCaps:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/serviceAPINames'
            serviceType:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/serviceType'
            apiRoutingInfo:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/serviceRoutingInfo'
  '400':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  '401':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  '404':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  '409':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  '422':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  '500':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  '503':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  '520':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
```

/{federationContextId}/zones:

```
post:
  summary: Originating OP informs partner OP that it is willing to access the specified zones and partner OP
  shall reserve compute and network resources for these zones.
  operationId: ZoneSubscribe
  tags:
    - AvailabilityZoneInfoSynchronization
  parameters:
    - name: federationContextId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
  requestBody:
```

```
content:
  application/json:
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneRegistrationRequestData'
required: true
responses:
  "200":
    description: Zone registered successfully
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneRegistrationResponseData'
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
default:
  $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
callbacks:
  onZoneResourceUpdateEvent:
    '{$request.body#/availZoneNotifLink}':
      post:
        requestBody:
          description: Notification about resource availability.
          content:
            application/json:
              schema:
                type: object
                required:
                  - federationContextId
                  - zoneId
                  - zoneResUpdInfo
                properties:
                  federationContextId:
                    $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationIdentifier'
                  zoneId:
                    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'
                  zoneResUpdInfo:
                    type: array
                    items:
                      type: object
                      minProperties: 1
                      properties:
                        availableCompResources:
                          description: Resources exclusively reserved for the originator OP.
                          type: array
```

```
    items:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ComputeResourceInfo'
    minItems: 1
  availableNetResources:
    type: object
    properties:
      egressBandWidth:
        type: integer
        format: int32
        description: Max dl throughput that this edge can offer. It is defined in Mbps.
      dedicatedNIC:
        type: integer
        format: int32
      supportSriov:
        type: boolean
        description: If this zone support SRIOV networks or not
      supportDPDK:
        type: boolean
        description: If this zone supports DPDK based networking
    minProperties: 1
  responses:
    "200":
      description: Zone info notification acknowledged
    "400":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
    "401":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
    "404":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
    "409":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
    "422":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
    "500":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
    "503":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
    "520":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
    default:
      $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
  /{federationContextId}/zones/{zoneId}:
    delete:
      summary: Assert usage of a partner OP zone. Originating OP informs partner OP that it will no longer access
      the specified zone.
      operationId: ZoneUnsubscribe
      tags:
        - AvailabilityZoneInfoSynchronization
      parameters:
        - name: federationContextId
          in: path
          required: true
          schema:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
        - name: zoneId
          in: path
          required: true
          schema:
```

```
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/Zoneldentifier'
responses:
  "200":
    description: Zone deregistered successfully
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
get:
  summary: Retrieves details about the computation and network resources that partner OP has reserved for
  this zone.
  operationId: GetZoneData
  tags:
    - AvailabilityZoneInfoSynchronization
  parameters:
    - name: federationContextId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    - name: zoneld
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/Zoneldentifier'
  responses:
    "200":
      description: Zone metadata
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneRegisteredData'
    "400":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
    "401":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
    "404":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
    "409":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
    "422":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
    "500":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
```

```
"503":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
"520":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
default:
  $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
/{federationContextId}/artefact:
  post:
    summary: Uploads application artefact on partner OP. Artefact is a zip file containing scripts and/or packaging
    files like Terraform or Helm which are required to create an instance of an application.
    operationId: UploadArtefact
    tags:
      - ArtefactManagement
    parameters:
      - name: federationContextId
        in: path
        required: true
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    requestBody:
      description: An application can consist of multiple components. App providers are allowed to define separate
      artefacts for each component or they could define a consolidated artefact at application level.
      content:
        multipart/form-data:
          schema:
            type: object
            required:
              - artefactId
              - appProviderId
              - artefactName
              - artefactVersionInfo
              - artefactVirtType
              - artefactDescriptorType
              - componentSpec
            properties:
              artefactId:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/ArtefactId'
              appProviderId:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
              artefactName:
                type: string
                pattern: ^[A-Za-z][A-Za-z0-9_]{7,31}$
                description: Name of the artefact.
              artefactVersionInfo:
                type: string
                description: Artefact version information
              artefactDescription:
                type: string
                maxLength: 256
                description: Brief description of the artefact by the application provider
              artefactVirtType:
                type: string
                enum:
                  - VM_TYPE
                  - CONTAINER_TYPE
              artefactFileName:
                type: string
                minLength: 8
```

```
    maxLength: 32
    description: Name of the file.
  artefactFileFormat:
    type: string
    enum:
      - WINZIP
      - TAR
      - TEXT
      - TARGZ
    description: Artefacts like Helm charts or Terraform scripts may need compressed format.
  artefactDescriptorType:
    type: string
    enum:
      - HELM
      - TERRAFORM
      - ANSIBLE
      - SHELL
      - COMPONENTSPEC
    description: Type of descriptor present in the artefact. App provider can either define either a Helm
    chart or a Terraform script or container spec.
  repoType:
    type: string
    enum:
      - PRIVATEREPO
      - PUBLICREPO
      - UPLOAD
    description: Artefact or file repository location. PUBLICREPO is used of public URLs like GitHub,
    Helm repo, docker registry etc., PRIVATEREPO is used for private repo managed by the application developer,
    UPLOAD is for the case when artefact/file is uploaded from MEC web portal. OP should pull the image from
    'repoUrl' immediately after receiving the request and then send back the response. In case the repoURL
    corresponds to a docker registry, use docker v2 http api to do the pull.
  artefactRepoLocation:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ObjectRepoLocation'
  artefactFile:
    type: string
    format: binary
    description: Helm archive/Terraform archive/container spec file or Binary image associated with an
    application component.
  componentSpec:
    description: Details about compute, networking and storage requirements for each component of the
    application. App provider should define all information needed to instantiate the component. If artefact is being
    defined at component level this section should have information just about the component. In case the artefact is
    being defined at application level the section should provide details about all the components.
    type: array
    items:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ComponentSpec'
    minItems: 1
  required: true
  responses:
    "200":
      description: Artefact uploaded successfully
    "400":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
    "401":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
    "404":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
    "409":
```

```
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
/{federationContextId}/artefact/{artefactId}:
get:
  summary: Retrieves details about an artefact.
  operationId: GetArtefact
  tags:
  - ArtefactManagement
  parameters:
  - name: federationContextId
    in: path
    required: true
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
  - name: artefactId
    in: path
    required: true
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ArtefactId'
  responses:
  "200":
    description: Artefact details
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          type: object
          required:
          - artefactId
          - appProviderId
          - artefactName
          - artefactVersionInfo
          - artefactVirtType
          - artefactDescriptorType
        properties:
          artefactId:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/ArtefactId'
          appProviderId:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
          artefactName:
            type: string
            pattern: ^[A-Za-z][A-Za-z0-9_]{7,31}$
            description: Name of the artefact.
          artefactDescription:
            type: string
            maxLength: 256
            description: Brief description of the artefact by the application provider
          artefactVersionInfo:
            type: string
            description: Artefact version information
```



```
    artefactVirtType:
      type: string
      enum:
        - VM_TYPE
        - CONTAINER_TYPE
    artefactFileName:
      type: string
      minLength: 8
      maxLength: 32
      description: Name of the file.
    artefactFileFormat:
      type: string
      enum:
        - WINZIP
        - TAR
        - TEXT
        - TARGZ
      description: Artefacts like Helm charts or Terraform scripts may need compressed format.
    artefactDescriptorType:
      type: string
      enum:
        - HELM
        - TERRAFORM
        - ANSIBLE
        - SHELL
        - COMPONENTSPEC
      description: Type of descriptor present in the artefact. App provider can either define either a Helm
      chart or a Terraform script or container spec.
    repoType:
      type: string
      enum:
        - PRIVATEREPO
        - PUBLICREPO
        - UPLOAD
      description: Artefact or file repository location. PUBLICREPO is used of public URLs like GitHub,
      Helm repo, docker registry etc., PRIVATEREPO is used for private repo managed by the application developer,
      UPLOAD is for the case when artefact/file is uploaded from MEC web portal. OP should pull the image from
      'repoUrl' immediately after receiving the request and then send back the response. In case the repoURL
      corresponds to a docker registry, use docker v2 http api to do the pull.
    artefactRepoLocation:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ObjectRepoLocation'
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
```

```
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
delete:
  summary: Removes an artefact from partner OP.
  operationId: RemoveArtefact
  tags:
    - ArtefactManagement
  parameters:
    - name: federationContextId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    - name: artefactId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/ArtefactId'
  responses:
    "200":
      description: Artefact deletion successful
    "400":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
    "401":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
    "404":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
    "409":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
    "422":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
    "500":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
    "503":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
    "520":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
/({federationContextId})/files:
  post:
    summary: Uploads an image file. Originating OP uses this api to onboard an application image to partner OP.
    operationId: UploadFile
    tags:
      - ArtefactManagement
    parameters:
      - name: federationContextId
        in: path
        required: true
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    requestBody:
      content:
        multipart/form-data:
          schema:
            type: object
            required:
              - fileId
              - appProviderId
```

```
- fileName
- fileVersionInfo
- fileType
- imgOSType
- imgInsSetArch
properties:
  fileId:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/FileId'
  appProviderId:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
  fileName:
    type: string
    pattern: ^[A-Za-z][A-Za-z0-9_]{7,31}$
    description: Name of the image file. App provides specifies this name when image is uploaded on
originating OP over NBI.
  fileDescription:
    type: string
    minLength: 8
    maxLength: 128
    description: Brief description about the image file.
  fileVersionInfo:
    type: string
    description: File version information
  fileType:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/VirtImageType'
  checksum:
    type: string
    description: MD5 checksum for VM and file-based images, sha256 digest for containers
  imgOSType:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/OSType'
  imgInsSetArch:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/CPUArchType'
  repoType:
    type: string
    enum:
      - PRIVATEREPO
      - PUBLICREPO
      - UPLOAD
    description: Artefact or file repository location. PUBLICREPO is used of public URLs like GitHub,
Helm repo, docker registry etc., PRIVATEREPO is used for private repo managed by the application developer,
UPLOAD is for the case when artefact/file is uploaded from MEC web portal. OP should pull the image from
'repoUrl' immediately after receiving the request and then send back the response. In case the repoURL
corresponds to a docker registry, use docker v2 http api to do the pull.
  fileRepoLocation:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ObjectRepoLocation'
  file:
    type: string
    format: binary
    description: Binary image associated with an application component.
required: true
responses:
  "200":
    description: File uploaded successfully
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
```

```
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
  /{federationContextId}/files/{fileId}:
  delete:
    summary: Removes an image file from partner OP.
    operationId: RemoveFile
    tags:
      - ArtefactManagement
    parameters:
      - name: federationContextId
        in: path
        required: true
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
      - name: fileId
        in: path
        required: true
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/FileId'
  responses:
    "200":
      description: Image deletion successful
    "400":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
    "401":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
    "404":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
    "409":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
    "422":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
    "500":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
    "503":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
    "520":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
    default:
      $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
  get:
    summary: View an image file from partner OP.
    operationId: ViewFile
    tags:
      - ArtefactManagement
    parameters:
      - name: federationContextId
```

```
in: path
required: true
schema:
  $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
- name: fileId
in: path
required: true
schema:
  $ref: '#/components/schemas/FileId'
responses:
  "200":
    description: Image details
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          type: object
          required:
            - fileId
            - appProviderId
            - fileName
            - fileVersionInfo
            - fileType
            - imgOSType
            - imgInsSetArch
          properties:
            fileId:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/FileId'
            appProviderId:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
            fileName:
              type: string
              pattern: ^[A-Za-z][A-Za-z0-9_]{7,31}$
              description: Name of the image file. App provides specifies this name when image is uploaded on
originating OP over NBI.
            fileDescription:
              type: string
              minLength: 8
              maxLength: 128
              description: Brief description about the image file.
            fileVersionInfo:
              type: string
              description: File version information
            fileType:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/VirtImageType'
            checksum:
              type: string
              description: MD5 checksum for VM and file-based images, sha256 digest for containers
            imgOSType:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/OSType'
            imgInsSetArch:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/CPUArchType'

            repoType:
              type: string
              enum:
                - PRIVATEREPO
                - PUBLICREPO
                - UPLOAD
```

description: Artefact or file repository location. PUBLICREPO is used of public URLs like GitHub, Helm repo, docker registry etc., PRIVATEREPO is used for private repo managed by the application developer, UPLOAD is for the case when artefact/file is uploaded from MEC web portal. OP should pull the image from 'repoUrl' immediately after receiving the request and then send back the response. In case the repoURL corresponds to a docker registry, use docker v2 http api to do the pull.

```
fileRepoLocation:
  $ref: '#/components/schemas/ObjectRepoLocation'
"400":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
"401":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
"404":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
"409":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
"422":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
"500":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
"503":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
"520":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
default:
  $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
/{federationContextId}/application/onboarding:
  post:
    summary: Submits an application details to a partner OP. Based on the details provided, partner OP shall do
    bookkeeping, resource validation and other pre-deployment operations.
    operationId: OnboardApplication
    tags:
      - ApplicationOnboardingManagement
    parameters:
      - name: federationContextId
        in: path
        required: true
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    requestBody:
      required: true
      description: Details about application compute resource requirements, associated artefacts, QoS profile and
      regions where application shall be made available etc.
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            type: object
            required:
              - appld
              - appProviderId
              - appMetaData
              - appQoSProfile
              - appComponentSpecs
              - appStatusCallbackLink
            properties:
              appld:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppIdentifier'
              appProviderId:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
```

```
    appDeploymentZones:
      description: Details about partner OP zones where the application should be made available; This
field when specified will instruct the OP to restrict application instantiation only on the listed zones.
      type: array
      items:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'
      minItems: 1
    appMetaData:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppMetaData'
    appQoSProfile:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppQoSProfile'
    appComponentSpecs:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppComponentSpecs'
    appStatusCallbackLink:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/Uri'
  responses:
    "202":
      description: Application onboarded request accepted
    "400":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
    "401":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
    "404":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
    "409":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
    "422":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
    "500":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
    "503":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
    "520":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
    default:
      $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
  callbacks:
    onApplicationOnboardStatusEvent:
      '{$request.body#/appStatusCallbackLink}':
        post:
          requestBody:
            description: Notification payload.
            content:
              application/json:
                schema:
                  type: object
                  required:
                    - federationContextId
                    - appld
                    - statusInfo
                properties:
                  federationContextId:
                    $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationIdentifier'
                  appld:
                    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ApiIdentifier'
                  statusInfo:
                    type: array
                    items:
```

```
    type: object
    required:
      - zoneld
      - onboardStatusInfo
    properties:
      zoneld:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneldIdentifier'
      onboardStatusInfo:
        description: Defines change in application status. This change could be related to application
        itself or an application instance status
        type: string
        enum:
          - PENDING
          - ONBOARDED
          - DEBOARDING
          - REMOVED
          - FAILED
      minItems: 1
  responses:
    "204":
      description: Application status updated
    "400":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
    "401":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
    "404":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
    "409":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
    "422":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
    "500":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
    "503":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
    "520":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
    default:
      $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
  /{federationContextId}/application/onboarding/app/{appld}:
    delete:
      summary: Deboards the application from any zones, if any, and deletes the App.
      operationId: DeleteApp
      tags:
        - ApplicationOnboardingManagement
      parameters:
        - name: federationContextId
          in: path
          required: true
          schema:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
        - name: appld
          in: path
          required: true
          schema:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppIdentifier'
      responses:
        '200':
```



```
description: App deletion successful
'400':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
'401':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
'404':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
'409':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
'422':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
'500':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
'503':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
'520':
  $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
default:
  $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
patch:
  summary: Updates partner OP about changes in application compute resource requirements, QOS Profile,
  associated descriptor or change in associated components
  operationId: UpdateApplication
  tags:
  - ApplicationOnboardingManagement
  parameters:
  - name: federationContextId
    in: path
    required: true
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
  - name: appld
    in: path
    required: true
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ApplIdentifier'
  requestBody:
    required: true
    description: Details about application compute resource requirements, associated artefact and QOS profile
    that needs to be updated.
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          type: object
          minProperties: 1
          properties:
            appUpdQoSProfile:
              description: Parameters corresponding to the performance constraints, tenancy details etc.
              type: object
              anyOf:
                - required:
                  - latencyConstraint
                - required:
                  - bandwidthRequired
                - required:
                  - mobilitySupport
                - required:
                  - multiUserClients
```

- required:
- appProvisioning

properties:
latencyConstraints:
type: string
enum:
- NONE
- LOW
- ULTRALOW
description: Latency requirements for the application. Allowed values (non-standardized) are none, low and ultra-low. Ultra-Low may corresponds to range 15 - 30 msec, Low correspond to range 30 - 50 msec. None means 51 and above

bandwidthRequired:
type: integer
format: int32
minimum: 1
description: Data transfer bandwidth requirement (minimum limit) for the application. It should in
Mbits/sec

mobilitySupport:
type: boolean
default: false
description: Indicates if an application is sensitive to user mobility and can be relocated. Default is
"FALSE"

multiUserClients:
type: string
enum:
- APP_TYPE_SINGLE_USER
- APP_TYPE_MULTI_USER
description: Single user type application are designed to serve just one client. Multi user type
application is designed to serve multiple clients

noOfUsersPerAppInst:
type: integer
default: 1
description: Maximum no of clients that can connect to an instance of this application. This
parameter is relevant only for application of type multi user

appProvisioning:
type: boolean
default: true
description: Define if application can be instantiated or not

appComponentSpecs:
description: An application may consist of more than one component. Each component is associated
with a descriptor and may exposes its services externally or internally. App providers are required to provide
details about all these components, their associated descriptors and their DNS names.
type: array
items:
type: object
required:
- componentName
anyOf:
- required:
- serviceNameNB
- required:
- serviceNameEW
- required:
- artefactId

properties:
serviceNameNB:
type: string

```
    pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$
    description: Must be a valid RFC 1035 label name. This defines the DNS name via which the
component can be accessed over NBI. Access via serviceNameNB is restricted on specific ports. Platform shall
expose component access externally via this DNS name
    serviceNameEW:
    type: string
    pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$
    description: Must be a valid RFC 1035 label name. This defines the DNS name via which the
component can be accessed via peer components. Access via serviceNameEW is open on all ports. Platform
shall not expose serviceNameEW externally outside edge.
    componentName:
    type: string
    pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,62}[A-Za-z0-9]$
    description: Must be a valid RFC 1035 label name. Component name must be unique with an
application
    artefactId:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ArtefactId'
    minItems: 1
responses:
  "202":
    description: Application update request accepted
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
get:
  summary: Retrieves application details from partner OP
  operationId: ViewApplication
  tags:
    - ApplicationOnboardingManagement
  parameters:
    - name: federationContextId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    - name: appld
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/ApplIdentifier'
  responses:
    "200":
      description: Application details
```

```
content:
  application/json:
    schema:
      type: object
      required:
        - appId
        - appProviderId
        - appDeploymentZones
        - appMetaData
        - appQoSProfile
        - appComponentSpecs
      properties:
        appId:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppIdentifier'
        appProviderId:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
        appDeploymentZones:
          description: Details about partner OP zones where the application should be made available; This
field when specified will instruct the OP to restrict application instantiation only on the listed zones.
          type: array
          items:
            type: object
            required:
              - countryCode
              - zoneInfo
            properties:
              countryCode:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/CountryCode'
              zoneInfo:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZonIdentifier'
            minItems: 1
        appMetaData:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppMetaData'
        appQoSProfile:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppQoSProfile'
        appComponentSpecs:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppComponentSpecs'
      "400":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
      "401":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
      "404":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
      "409":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
      "422":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
      "500":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
      "503":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
      "520":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
      default:
        $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
    /{federationContextId}/application/onboarding/app/{appId}/zone/{zoneId}:
      delete:
        summary: Deboards an application from partner OP zones
```

```
operationId: DeboardApplication
tags:
  - ApplicationOnboardingManagement
parameters:
  - name: federationContextId
    in: path
    required: true
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
  - name: appld
    in: path
    required: true
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppIdentifier'
  - name: zoneId
    in: path
    required: true
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'
responses:
  "202":
    description: Application deboard request accepted
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
/{"federationContextId}/application/onboarding/app/{appld}/additionalZones:
post:
  summary: Onboards an existing application to a new zone within partner OP.
  operationId: OnboardExistingAppNewZones
  tags:
    - ApplicationOnboardingManagement
  parameters:
    - name: federationContextId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    - name: appld
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppIdentifier'
  requestBody:
```

```
required: true
description: Details about new zones where application shall be made available
content:
  application/json:
    schema:
      type: array
      items:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'
      minItems: 1
responses:
  "202":
    description: Application onboarding request accepted
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
/{federationContextId}/application/onboarding/app/{appld}/zoneForbid:
  post:
    summary: Forbid/allow application instantiation on a partner zone
    operationId: LockUnlockApplicationZone
    tags:
      - ApplicationOnboardingManagement
    parameters:
      - name: federationContextId
        in: path
        required: true
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
      - name: appld
        in: path
        required: true
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/ApplIdentifier'
    requestBody:
      required: true
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            type: array
            items:
              type: object
              description: List of zones where application instantiation shall be forbidden or allowed.
            required:
              - zoneId
```

```
- forbid
properties:
  zoneId:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'
  forbid:
    type: boolean
    description: Value 'true' will forbid application instantiation on this zone. No new instance of the
application can be created on this zone.
  minItems: 1
responses:
  "200":
    description: Application forbid/permit request accepted
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
/{federationContextId}/application/lcm:
  post:
    summary: Instantiates an application on a partner OP zone.
    operationId: InstallApp
    tags:
      - ApplicationDeploymentManagement
    parameters:
      - name: federationContextId
        in: path
        required: true
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    requestBody:
      description: Details about application and zones where application instance should be created. It also
define a call back URI which the partner OP shall use update home OP about a change in instance status.
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            type: object
            required:
              - appld
              - appProviderId
              - appVersion
              - zoneInfo
              - appInstCallbackLink
            properties:
              appld:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/ApplIdentifier'
```

```
    appVersion:
      type: string
      description: Version info of the application
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
    appProviderId:
    zoneInfo:
      type: object
      required:
        - zoneId
        - flavourId
      properties:
        zoneId:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'
        flavourId:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/FlavourId'
      resourceConsumption:
        type: string
        enum:
          - RESERVED_RES_SHALL
          - RESERVED_RES_PREFER
          - RESERVED_RES_AVOID
          - RESERVED_RES_FORBID
        default: RESERVED_RES_AVOID
        description: Specifies if the application can be instantiated using pre-reserved resource or not. App
        provider can pre-reserve a pool of compute resource on each zone. 'RESERVED_RES_SHALL' instruct OP to
        use only the pre-reserved resources. 'RESERVED_RES_PREFER' instruct to first try using pre-reserved
        resource, if none available go for non-reserved resources. 'RESERVED_RES_AVOID' instruct OP not to use pre-
        reserved resource if possible, it is a choice depending upon circumstances 'RESERVED_RES_FORBID' instruct
        OP not to use pre-reserved resources.
      resPool:
        type: string
        pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,30}[A-Za-z0-9]$
        description: Resource pool to be used for application instantiation on this zone. Valid only if IE
        'resourceConsumption' is set to 'RESERVED_RES_SHALL' or 'RESERVED_RES_PREFER'
      appInstCallbackLink:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/Uri'
  responses:
    "202":
      description: Application instance creation request accepted.
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            type: object
            required:
              - zoneId
              - appInstIdentifier
            properties:
              zoneId:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'
              appInstIdentifier:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/InstanceIdentifier'
    "400":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
    "401":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
    "404":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
    "409":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
```



```
"422":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
"500":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
"503":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
"520":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
default:
  $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
callbacks:
  onInstanceStatusEvent:
    '{$request.body#/appInstCallbackLink}':
      post:
        requestBody:
          description: Notification payload.
          content:
            application/json:
              schema:
                type: object
                required:
                  - federationContextId
                  - appld
                  - appInstanceId
                  - zoneld
                  - appInstanceInfo
                properties:
                  federationContextId:
                    $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationIdentifier'
                  appld:
                    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ApplIdentifier'
                  appInstanceId:
                    $ref: '#/components/schemas/InstanceIdentifier'
                  zoneld:
                    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneldIdentifier'
                  appInstanceInfo:
                    type: object
                    properties:
                      appInstanceState:
                        type: string
                        enum:
                          - PENDING
                          - READY
                          - FAILED
                          - TERMINATING
                        description: Running status of the application instance.
                      message:
                        type: string
                        description: Event information or failure message.
                      accesspointInfo:
                        description: Information about the IP and Port exposed by the OP. Application clients shall use
                        these access points to reach this application instance
                        type: array
                        items:
                          type: object
                          required:
                            - interfaceId
                            - accessPoints
```

```
    properties:
      interfaceId:
        type: string
        pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,30}[A-Za-z0-9]$
        description: This is the interface Identifier that app provider defines when application is
onboarded.
      accessPoints:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/ServiceEndpoint'
      minItems: 1
      minProperties: 1
      modificationDate:
        type: string
        format: date-time
        description: Date and time of the instance state modification by partner OP.
    responses:
      "204":
        description: Application instance state notification acknowledged
      "400":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
      "401":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
      "404":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
      "409":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
      "422":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
      "500":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
      "503":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
      "520":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
      default:
        $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
  /{federationContextId}/application/lcm/app/{appId}/instance/{appInstanceId}/zone/{zoneId}:
    get:
      summary: Retrieves an application instance details from partner OP.
      operationId: GetAppInstanceDetails
      tags:
        - ApplicationDeploymentManagement
      parameters:
        - name: federationContextId
          in: path
          required: true
          schema:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
        - name: appId
          in: path
          required: true
          schema:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppIdentifier'
        - name: appInstanceId
          in: path
          required: true
          schema:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/InstanceIdentifier'
        - name: zoneId
```

```
    in: path
    required: true
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZonelIdentifier'
  responses:
    "200":
      description: Application instance details
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            type: object
            properties:
              appInstanceState:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/InstanceState'
              accesspointInfo:
                description: Information about the IP and Port exposed by the OP. Application clients shall use these
                access points to reach this application instance
                type: array
                items:
                  type: object
                  required:
                    - interfaceld
                    - accessPoints
                  properties:
                    interfaceld:
                      type: string
                      pattern: ^[A-Za-z0-9][A-Za-z0-9_]{6,30}[A-Za-z0-9]$
                      description: This is the interface identifier that app provider defines when application is
onboarded.
                    accessPoints:
                      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ServiceEndpoint'
                    minItems: 1
                    minProperties: 1
    "400":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
    "401":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
    "404":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
    "409":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
    "422":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
    "500":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
    "503":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
    "520":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
  delete:
    summary: Terminate an application instance on a partner OP zone.
    operationId: RemoveApp
    tags:
      - ApplicationDeploymentManagement
    parameters:
      - name: federationContextId
```

```
    in: path
    required: true
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
  - name: appld
    in: path
    required: true
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppIdentifier'
  - name: applInstanceId
    in: path
    required: true
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/InstanceIdentifier'
  - name: zoneld
    in: path
    required: true
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'
responses:
  "200":
    description: Application instance termination request accepted
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
/({federationContextId})/application/lcm/app/{appId}/appProvider/{appProviderId}:
get:
  summary: Retrieves all application instance of partner OP
  operationId: GetAllAppInstances
  tags:
    - ApplicationDeploymentManagement
  parameters:
    - name: federationContextId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    - name: appld
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppIdentifier'
    - name: appProviderId
```

```
in: path
required: true
schema:
  $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
responses:
  "200":
    description: Application Instance details
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          type: array
          items:
            type: object
            required:
              - zoneId
              - appInstanceInfo
            properties:
              zoneId:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'
              appInstanceInfo:
                type: array
                items:
                  type: object
                  required:
                    - appInstIdentifier
                    - appInstanceState
                  properties:
                    appInstIdentifier:
                      $ref: '#/components/schemas/InstanceIdentifier'
                    appInstanceState:
                      $ref: '#/components/schemas/InstanceState'
                minItems: 1
          minItems: 1
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
/{federationContextId}/isv/resource/zone/{zoneId}/appProvider/{appProviderId}:
  post:
    summary: Reserves resources (compute, network and storage) on a partner OP zone. ISVs registered with
    home OP reserves resources on a partner OP zone.
    operationId: CreateResourcePools
    tags:
      - AppProviderResourceManagement
```

```
parameters:
- name: federationContextId
  in: path
  required: true
  schema:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
- name: zoneId
  in: path
  required: true
  schema:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'
- name: appProviderId
  in: path
  required: true
  schema:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
requestBody:
content:
  application/json:
    schema:
      type: object
      required:
        - resRequest
        - resourceReservationCallbackLink
      properties:
        resRequest:
          description: Compute flavours to be reserved and their time duration
          type: object
          required:
            - poolName
            - flavours
            - reserveDuration
          properties:
            poolName:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/PoolName'
            flavours:
              type: array
              items:
                type: object
                required:
                  - flavourId
                  - numFlavour
                properties:
                  flavourId:
                    $ref: '#/components/schemas/FlavourId'
                  numFlavour:
                    type: integer
                    format: int32
                    description: Total number of flavours to be reserved
                  minNumOfFlavours:
                    type: integer
                    format: int32
                    description: If specified, indicate the minimum numbers of flavours to be reserved up to
                    maximum as given in "count" member. If partner OP cannot reserve the minimum number of flavours, then the
                    request shall fail.
                minItems: 1
            reserveDuration:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/ResourceReservationDuration'
```

```
    resourceReservationCallbackLink:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/Uri'
responses:
  "200":
    description: ISV Resource reservation request accepted
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          type: object
          required:
            - poolId
            - poolName
          properties:
            poolName:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/PoolName'

            poolId:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/PoolId'
  "400":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
callbacks:
  onResourceStatusChangeEvent:
    '{$request.body#/resourceReservationCallbackLink}':
      post:
        requestBody:
          description: Notification payload.
          content:
            application/json:
              schema:
                type: object
                required:
                  - federationContextId
                  - zoneId
                  - appProviderId
                  - poolId
                  - grantedFlavours
                properties:
                  federationContextId:
                    $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationIdentifier'
                  zoneId:
                    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZonIdentifier'
                  appProviderId:
```

```
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
  poolId:
    $ref: '#/components/schemas/PoolId'
  grantedFlavours:
    type: array
    items:
      type: object
      required:
        - flavourId
        - numFlavour
      properties:
        flavourId:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/FlavourId'
        numFlavour:
          type: integer
          format: int32
          description: Count of flavour
      minItems: 1
  responses:
    "204":
      description: Updated Resource reservation status updated
    "400":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
    "401":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
    "404":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
    "409":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
    "422":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
    "500":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
    "503":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
    "520":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
    default:
      $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
get:
  summary: Retrieves the resource pool reserved by an ISV
  operationId: ViewISVResPool
  tags:
    - AppProviderResourceManagement
  parameters:
    - name: federationContextId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    - name: zoneId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZonIdentifier'
    - name: appProviderId
      in: path
      required: true
```



```
    schema:
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
  responses:
    "200":
      description: Reserved Resources Details
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            type: array
            items:
              type: object
              required:
                - poolName
                - reservedPoolId
                - reservedFlavours
              properties:
                poolName:
                  $ref: '#/components/schemas/PoolName'
                reservedPoolId:
                  $ref: '#/components/schemas/PoolId'
                reservedFlavours:
                  type: array
                  items:
                    type: object
                    required:
                      - flavourId
                      - count
                    properties:
                      flavourId:
                        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FlavourId'
                        count:
                          type: integer
                          format: int32
                          description: Total number of flavours reserved
                    minItems: 1
                reserveDuration:
                  $ref: '#/components/schemas/ResourceReservationDuration'
                reservationTime:
                  type: string
                  format: date-time
                  description: Date and time when resources were reserved in UTC format
    "400":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
    "401":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
    "404":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
    "409":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
    "422":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
    "500":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
    "503":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
    "520":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
  /{federationContextId}/isv/resource/zone/{zoneId}/appProvider/{appProviderId}/pool/{poolId}:
```

```
patch:
  summary: Updates resources reserved for a pool by an ISV
  operationId: UpdateISVResPool
  tags:
    - AppProviderResourceManagement
  parameters:
    - name: federationContextId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    - name: zoneId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'
    - name: appProviderId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
    - name: poolId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/PoolId'
  requestBody:
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          type: array
          items:
            type: object
            required:
              - updateType
              - flavourId
              - count
            properties:
              updateType:
                type: string
                enum:
                  - ADD
                  - REMOVE
                  - DURATION
                description: Specify if resource corresponding this flavour needs to added or removed. Field 'count'
                gives the final total no of such flavours that should be reserved. count 0 means remove all the resources.
              flavourId:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/FlavourId'
              count:
                type: integer
                format: int32
                description: Total number of flavours to be reserved
              reserveDuration:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/ResourceReservationDuration'
  responses:
    "200":
      description: Resource pool updated
    "400":
```

```
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  "401":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  "404":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  "409":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  "422":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  "500":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  "503":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  "520":
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
delete:
  summary: Deletes the resource pool reserved by an ISV
  operationId: RemoveSVResPool
  tags:
    - AppProviderResourceManagement
  parameters:
    - name: federationContextId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    - name: zoneId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/ZoneIdentifier'
    - name: appProviderId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
    - name: poolId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/PoolId'
  responses:
    "200":
      description: Resource pool deleted
    "400":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
    "401":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
    "404":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
    "409":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
    "422":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
    "500":
      $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
```

```
"503":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
"520":
  $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
default:
  $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
/({federationContextId})/edgenodesharing/edgeDiscovery:
  post:
    summary: Edge discovery procedures towards partner OP over E/WBI. Originating OP request partner OP to
    provide a list of candidate zones where an application instance can be created. Partner OP applies a set of
    filtering criteria's to select candidate zones.
    operationId: GetCandidateZones
    tags:
      - EdgeNodeSharing
    parameters:
      - name: federationContextId
        in: path
        required: true
        schema:
          $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    requestBody:
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            type: object
            required:
              - appId
              - appProviderId
            properties:
              appProviderId:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppProviderId'
              appId:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/AppIdentifier'
              edgeDiscoveryFilters:
                type: object
                minProperties: 1
                properties:
                  location:
                    $ref: '#/components/schemas/ClientLocation'
    responses:
      "200":
        description: List of candidate zones
        content:
          application/json:
            schema:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/DiscoveredEdgeNodes'
      "400":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
      "401":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
      "404":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
      "422":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
      "500":
        $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
    default:
      $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
```

`/{{federationContextId}}/roaminguserauth/device/{{deviceId}}/token/{{authToken}}`:

get:

summary: Validates the authenticity of a roaming user from home OP

operationId: AuthenticateDevice

tags:

- LBORoamingAuthentication

parameters:

- name: federationContextId

in: path

required: true

schema:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'

- name: deviceId

in: path

required: true

schema:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/DeviceId'

- name: authToken

in: path

required: true

schema:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/AuthorizationToken'

responses:

"200":

description: Device Auth Token validated

"401":

\$ref: '#/components/responses/401'

"404":

\$ref: '#/components/responses/404'

"422":

\$ref: '#/components/responses/422'

"500":

\$ref: '#/components/responses/500'

"503":

\$ref: '#/components/responses/503'

default:

\$ref: '#/components/responses/default'

`/{{federationContextId}}/apiservice/{{serviceNameVal}}`:

post:

summary: Service API request forwarding to the Partner OP

operationId: APIForwarding

tags:

- ServiceAPIManagement

parameters:

- name: federationContextId

in: path

required: true

schema:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'

- name: serviceNameVal

in: path

required: true

schema:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/serviceAPINameVal'

requestBody:

content:

```
application/json:
  schema:
    type: object
    required:
      - apiServiceId
      - customerID
      - customerInfo
      - txnIdentifier
      - ServiceAPIBody
    properties:
      customerID:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/customerID'
      txnIdentifier:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/txnIdentifier'
      ServiceAPIBody:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/serviceAPIContent'
      eventNotificationDest:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/Uri'
  responses:
    '200':
      description: Service API request accepted
      headers:
        Location:
          description: Contains the URI of the newly created Service API Context resource.
          required: false
          schema:
            type: string
      content:
        application/json:
          schema:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/serviceAPIResponse'
    '400':
      $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
    '401':
      $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
    '404':
      $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
    '422':
      $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
    '500':
      $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
  callbacks:
    onServiceAPISessionEvent:
      '{$request.body#/eventNotificationDest}':
        post:
          parameters:
            - name: federationContextId
              in: path
              required: true
              schema:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
            - name: apiServiceId
              in: path
              required: true
              schema:
                $ref: '#/components/schemas/serviceAPINames'
```

```
requestBody:
  description: Notification about network event.
  content:
    application/json:
      schema:
        type: object
        required:
          - txnIdentifier
          - serviceAPIEvent
        properties:
          serviceAPIEvent:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/serviceAPINetworkEvent'
          txnIdentifier:
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/txnIdentifier'
responses:
  '200':
    description: Event info notification acknowledged
  '400':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  '401':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  '404':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  '409':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  '422':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  '500':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  '503':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  '520':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
```

/{federationContextId}/apiservice/connid/{connectID}/custid/{customerID}:

delete:

summary: Remove the Service API Session earlier created with Service API forwarding request.

operationId: RemoveServiceAPISession

tags:

- ServiceAPIManagement

parameters:

- name: federationContextId

in: path

required: true

schema:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'

- name: connectID

in: path

required: true

schema:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/connectID'

- name: customerID

in: path

required: true

schema:

\$ref: '#/components/schemas/customerID'

```
responses:
  '200':
    description: Service API Session removed successfully
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          type: object
          required:
            - expiryDuration
            - connectID
          properties:
            expiryDuration:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/expiryInterval'
            connectID:
              $ref: '#/components/schemas/connectID'
  '400':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/400'
  '401':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/401'
  '404':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/404'
  '409':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/409'
  '422':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/422'
  '500':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/500'
  '503':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/503'
  '520':
    $ref: '#/components/responses/520'
  default:
    $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
get:
  summary: Retrieve the Service API context information of an existing API session identified by connectID,
customerID
  operationId: GetServiceAPISessionInfo
  tags:
    - ServiceAPIManagement
  parameters:
    - name: federationContextId
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/FederationContextId'
    - name: connectID
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/connectID'
    - name: customerID
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        $ref: '#/components/schemas/customerID'

responses:
```



```
"200":  
  description: Device Auth Token validated  
  content:  
    application/json:  
      schema:  
        type: object  
        required:  
          - expiryDuration  
          - connectID  
        properties:  
          expiryDuration:  
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/expiryInterval'  
          connectID:  
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/connectID'  
          ServiceAPIRespBody:  
            $ref: '#/components/schemas/serviceAPIContent'  
"401":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/401'  
"404":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/404'  
"422":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/422'  
"500":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/500'  
"503":  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/503'  
default:  
  $ref: '#/components/responses/default'
```

Annex B Document Management

B.1 Document History

Version	Date	Brief Description of Change	Approval Authority	Editor / Company
1.0	03 Oct 2022	New PRD defining the East/Westbound Interface of the Operator Platform	ISAG	Deepak Gunjal / Capgemini
2.0	29 Mar 2023	Update implementing OPG.04 CR1002	ISAG	Deepak Gunjal / Capgemini

B.2 Other Information

Type	Description
Document Owner	Operator Platform Group
Editor / Company	Deepak Gunjal / Capgemini

It is our intention to provide a quality product for your use. If you find any errors or omissions, please contact us with your comments. You may notify us at prd@gsma.com

Your comments or suggestions & questions are always welcome.