

End-to-End WLAN Roaming Test Cases

3.2

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Document History

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Summary

The following document outlines test cases for RADIUS-based username-password and EAP-SIM authenticated WLAN roaming. The roaming environment is defined in PRD IR.61 WLAN Roaming Guidelines.

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1. Introduction

1.1. Scope of document

This document specifies a set of test cases for WLAN roaming service to confirm that it complies with PRD IR.61 WLAN Roaming Guidelines. RADIUS shall be the protocol to be used for passing authentication, authorization and accounting data, AAA.

Whilst it is expected that WLAN-roaming will be a bilateral activity between two WOs, please note that this document is written in a unidirectional context. Hence Roaming is taking place by a Mobile Terminal MT(a) to Visited WLAN(b) only. There is no reference to a Mobile Terminal MT(b) visiting Home WLAN(a).

To complete End-to-end WLAN Roaming tests for bilateral roaming, it is necessary to perform the tests in this document twice: the second time the real identities of WLAN (a) and WLAN (b) are swapped.

Remark: Billing cycle will not be part of these tests. However, the production of valid RADIUS accounting data that is used in the billing cycle is tested in similar fashion as the generation of CDRs described in IR.35 End – to – End Functional Capability Test Specification for Inter-PLMN GPRS Roaming.

The WLAN roaming environment shall be as described in PRD IR.61.

1.2. Strategy for Testing

To complete the test cases efficiently, the amount of simultaneous joint activity between Home WO(a) and Visited WO (b) should be minimized.

To this effect, testing program forms three separate components:

- (i) Home WO(a) issues Test User Accounts and programmes Authentication Servers accordingly
- (ii) Visited WO(b) performs tests
- (iii) Visited WO(b) and Home WO(a) exchange data and discuss results

2. Username/Password Test Cases

The test cases are divided into four groups:

- Access tests
 - Login procedure and authentication, routing to correct server, Realm functionality in each proxy
- Accounting tests
 - Validating that RADIUS accounting logs match.
- Service Failure tests
- User Experience tests

Pre-requisites for Username/Password Testing

- A GSMA WLAN Roaming Guidelines (PRD IR.61) compliant WLAN roaming test environment implemented.
- RADIUS configuration information shared (Realms, IP addresses of proxies, etc. via IR.21, RADIUS Shared Secret via secure means).
- List of active/valid test accounts made available by the Home WO(a) to Visited WO(b) for testing purposes. 3 accounts to each roaming partner.
- One barred user account provided to Visited WO(b) for the tests.
- Relevant system logs identified. The Visited WO(b) has to collect RADIUS messages going to Home WO(a) network server for to be able to validate RADIUS accounting data.

An ftp location established from where test file of a known size may be downloaded in data transfer testing.

2.1 Access Tests

2.1.1 Valid Roaming Authentication

Action: Enter a valid Home WO(a) username and a valid password

using the Visited WO(b) network.

Result: Home WO user should be granted access and get full network

capabilities.

2.1.2 Valid Username, Invalid Password

Action: Enter a valid Home WO(a) username and an invalid password

using the Visited WO(b) network.

Result: Home WO user should be denied access.

2.1.3 Invalid Username

Action: Enter an invalid username and password using the Visited

WO(b) network.

Result: User should be denied access.

2.1.4 Operator Determined Barring

Background: The HPLMN decides which ODB 's should stop the customer

from using WLAN (e.g. Barring of GPRS, Barring of Roaming,

Barring of outgoing calls, or other kind / way of barring).

Action: Enter a valid but barred Home WO (a) Username and a valid

Password using the Visited WO(b) network.

Result: User access should be denied by the home WO(a).

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2.1.5 Operator Determined Barring While Session Open

Background: Observe the reaction of an open session when the customer

gets barred.

Action: HPLMN bars the customer while roaming on WO(b)

while he has an open session.

Result: The session is closed and can not be reestablished.

Comments: The RADIUS protocol defined in RFC 2865 does not support

unsolicited messages sent from the Home WO(a)'s RADIUS server to the Visited WO(b)'s NAS. This means that there is no standardized mechanism as such for active disconnect from the

Home WO(a) network in the RADIUS specifications.

However, there are various vendor specific ways to implement such a mechanism. The methods for active disconnect demand specific functionality from the Home WO(a)'s and Visited WO(b)'s networks. For example the following methods can be utilized to disconnect an active session:

- By using the Session-Timeout attribute in the RADIUS
 Access-Accept messages the user can be forced to re authenticate periodically. If the user account gets barred,
 the next authentication attempt will be a failure.
- The Session-Timeout and Termination-Action attribute –
 pair can be used to make the re-authentication transparent
 to the end-user. If the Termination-Action is set to RADIUSRequest, the NAS MAY send a new Access-Request to the
 RADIUS server. The NAS has to be able to distinguish
 between re-authentication after Session-Timeout period
 and user initiated session termination.
- Some vendors have implemented support for additional unsolicited RADIUS messages in their RADIUS and NAS implementations. This enables dynamic authorization changes, e.g. active disconnect.

Some methods are described in more detail in RFC 2882 and IETF Internet Draft <draft-chiba-radius-dynamic-authorization-07.txt>.)

2.2 Accounting Tests

2.2.1 RADIUS Accounting Data Generation (Session Time)

Action: Login with a valid Home WO(a) username in Visited WO(b)

network, logout after set time.

Result: RADIUS accounting log should reflect the set time.

Comments: If Interim RADIUS accounting messages are used, the set time

should be longer than the interim interval and interim message(s) should be generated during this test.

2.2.2 RADIUS Accounting Data Generation (Data Transferred)

Action: Login with a valid Home WO(a) username in Visited WO(b)

network, download a test file of known size, upload a test file of

known size, and logout.

Result: RADIUS accounting log Bytes-In and Bytes-Out fields should

reflect the transferred file size and some network overhead.

Comments: If Interim RADIUS accounting messages are used, the

transferred file should be big enough that interim message(s)

are generated during this test.

2.2.3 Verifying RADIUS Accounting Logs

Action: Exchange RADIUS session logs of the accounting tests

between Home WO(a) and Visited WO(b)

Result: Both accounting logs should have the same values in correct

fields for the accounting tests. Also verify that proxy-state

attributes are logged and that the values are correct.

2.3 Service Failure Tests

2.3.1 Implicit Logout

Action: Login with a valid Home WO(a) username in Visited WO(b)

network, disconnect the WLAN card or switch off the Mobile Terminal(a). Wait for set time, re-insert card or switch on the

Mobile Terminal (a).

Result: Access should be denied to the user without a new login and

accounting session should be closed.

Comments: The wait time depends on the access controller configuration.

2.3.2 Inactivity Logout

Action: Login with a valid Home WO (a) username in Visited WO (b)

network and leave the Mobile Terminal (a) idle.

Result: An automatic logout should happen after a pre-determined

time.

Comments: The idle-timeout time depends on the used system. Normal

accounting data should be generated after an automatic logout.

2.4 User Experience Tests

While conducting Access and Accounting tests, some user experience related issues should also be checked.

2.4.1 Login Page

Action: Visited WO (b)'s login page is displayed after association with

Visited WLAN.

Result: Yes/No.

2.4.2 Help Page

Action: Visited WO (b)'s help page is available on the login page and is

displayed before login.

Result: Yes/No.

2.4.3 Start Page

Action: Visited WO (b)'s start page and/or session status window are

displayed after a successful login.

Result: Yes/No.

2.4.4 Unsuccessful Login

Action: An error message is displayed after an unsuccessful login.

Result: Yes/No.

2.4.5 Successful Login

Action: Logout method is clearly displayed after a successful login.

Result: Yes/No.

2.4.6 Logout Confirmation

Action: Logout confirmation is displayed after explicit and inactivity

logouts.

Result: Yes/No.

3. Test Evaluation

- Accounting logs to be prepared to check that they match between all participants
- Analyse failures
- Produce Test Report:
 - Completed Test cases
 - Experiences
 - Problems
 - Solutions
 - Proposals

4. EAP-SIM Test Cases

The test cases are divided into four groups:

- Access tests
 - Login procedure and authentication, routing to correct server, Realm functionality in each proxy
- Accounting tests
 - Validating that RADIUS accounting logs match.
- Service Failure tests
- User Experience tests

Pre-requisites for EAP-SIM Testing

- A GSMA WLAN Roaming Guidelines (PRD IR.61) compliant WLAN roaming test environment implemented.
- RADIUS configuration information shared (Realms, IP addresses of proxies, etc. via IR.21, RADIUS Shared Secret via secure means).
- List of active/valid test SIMs made available by the Home WO(a) to Visited WO(b) for testing purposes. 3 SIMs to each roaming partner.
- One barred SIM (SIM-card with no WLAN service) provided to Visited WO(b) for the tests.
- Relevant system logs identified. The Visited WO(b) has to collect RADIUS messages going to Home WO(a) network server for to be able to validate RADIUS accounting data.
- An ftp location established from where test file of a known size may be downloaded in data transfer testing.
- It is suggested that pseudonym and realm together are max. 64 octets long according to the 3GPP specification
- It is suggested that Visited WO(b) sets re-authentication period max. 30 minutes. This is because of new security key delivery.

NOTE: next test cases refer to re-authentication, which means that during the user session the client is authenticated and the security keys are exchanged. Reauthentication can be Full authentication (AS fetches the triplets from HLR) or Fast reauthentication (no HLR query)

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4.1. Access Tests

4.1.1. Valid Roaming Authentication using IMSI as identity

Action: Configure client to use IMSI as an identity. Enter a valid Home

WO(a) SIM-card to the terminal, enter the correct PIN-code

using the Visited WO(b) network.

Result: Home WO(a) user should be granted access and get full

network capabilities.

4.1.2. Valid Roaming Authentication using pseudonym as identity

Background: In order to use pseudonym identity, at least one successful

authentication with IMSI must be performed. The usage of pseudonyms must be enabled in the Home WO(a) network.

Action: Configure client to use pseudonym as an identity. Enter a valid

Home WO(a) SIM-card to the terminal, enter the correct PIN-

code using the Visited WO(b) network.

Result: Home WO user should be granted access and get full network

capabilities.

4.1.3. Valid Roaming Authentication using fast re-authentication mechanism

Background: Fast Re-authentication mechanism allows the authentication to

be completed without querying Home WO(a) HLR. The usage of fast re-authentication must be enabled in the Home WO(a)

network.

Action: Perform successful authentication with mechanism described

either in 2.1.1 or 2.1.2. While authenticated, push reauthenticate or similar button in your client to make fast re-

authentication.

Result: Home WO user should be granted access and get full network capabilities.

4.1.4. Periodical re-authentication

Background: Home WO(a) network can require periodically re-

authentications. After configured time period the client must authenticate itself to Home WO(a) network either by using fast

re-authentication or full authentication mechanism.

Action: Perform successful authentication with mechanism described

either in 2.1.1 or 2.1.2. Wait for an agreed time period and

examine if re-authentication occurs.

Result: Home WO user should be granted access and get full network

capabilities.

4.1.5. Handover

Background: When moving from AP coverage to another AP coverage, the

client should make automatically new authentication or fast re-

authentication depending on the client features

Action: Session is active; change your position so that a handover

occurs.

Result: Handover succeeds, check the authentication type

4.1.6. Operator Determined Barring

Background: The Home WO(a) decides how to stop the customer from using

WLAN.

Action: Enter a valid Home WO(a) SIM-card to the terminal, enter the

correct PIN-code using the Visited WO(b) network.

Result: User access should be denied by the home WO(a).

4.1.7. Operator Determined Barring While Session Open

Background: Re-authentication mechanism could be used to implement

barring mechanism. If the user account gets barred between two sequential authentications, the next authentication attempt

will fail.

Action: Perform a successful authentication. After that, Home WO(a)

removes WLAN capability from user at issue. After that, next re-

authentication (full authentication) should fail.

Result: The session is closed and cannot be re-established.

4.1.8. Removing SIM-Card During User Session

Background: Removing SIM-card during the session should terminate the

session.

Action: Remove USB or PCMCIA smart card reader during the session

Result: The session is terminated in time period of 2 seconds.

4.2. Accounting Tests

4.2.1. RADIUS Accounting Data Generation (Session Time)

Action: Login with a valid Home WO(a) SIM card in Visited WO(b)

network, logout after set time (with the help of Session timeout

attribute).

Result: RADIUS accounting log should reflect the set time.

Comments: If Interim RADIUS accounting messages are used, the set time

should be longer than the interim interval and interim message(s) should be generated during this test.

4.2.2. RADIUS Accounting Data Generation (Data Transferred)

Action: Login with a valid Home WO(a) SIM card in Visited WO(b)

network, download a test file of known size, upload a test file of

known size, and logout.

Result: RADIUS accounting log Bytes-In and Bytes-Out fields should

reflect the transferred file size and some network overhead.

Comments: If Interim RADIUS accounting messages are used, the

transferred file should be big enough that interim message(s)

are generated during this test.

4.2.3. Verifying RADIUS Accounting Logs

Action: Exchange RADIUS session logs of the accounting tests

between Home WO(a) and Visited WO(b)

Result: Both accounting logs should have the same values in correct

fields for the accounting tests. Also verify that proxy-state attributes are logged and that the values are correct.

4.2.4. Handover

Background: In case the user is moving from one AP's coverage to another

AP's coverage the ongoing accounting session may be altered.

Action: Session is active; change your position so that a handover

occurs.

Result: Handover succeeds; check the Accounting session. Current

accounting session may remain after the handover.

Alternatively a new accounting session is created after successful handover and the old accounting session gets

terminated.

4.2.5. Chargeable User Identity (CUID)

Background: The usage of the pseudonym creates the accounting problem

for the visited WO(b), because it does not know the real user and such identity that would be usable with existing interoperator billing systems. CUID is solving this problem. The visited WO(b) must send back the CUID received in the authentication accept message back to the Home WO(a) in the

format the WO(a) sent it.

Action: Home WO(a) sends CUID to the visited WO(b) in the

predefined format (IMSI, MSISDN, NAI...) in a Access-Accept

message

Result: Visited WO(b) sends the CUID back in the same format it was

received (refer to the IR.61 to see which packet may include CUID). Visited WO(b) is able to use CUID for the accounting

purposes.

4.3. Service Failure Tests

4.3.1. Implicit Logout

Action: Login with a valid Home WO(a) SIM card in Visited WO(b)

network, disconnect the WLAN card or switch off the Mobile Terminal(a). Wait for set time, re-insert card or switch on the

Mobile Terminal (a).

Result: Access should be denied to the user without a new login and

accounting session should be closed.

Comments: The wait time depends on the access controller configuration.

4.3.2. Inactivity Logout

Action: Login with a valid Home WO(a) SIM in Visited WO(b) network

and leave the Mobile Terminal (a) idle.

Result: An automatic logout should happen after a pre-determined

time.

Comments: The idle-timeout time depends on the used system. Normal

accounting data should be generated after an automatic logout.

4.4. User Experience Tests

While conducting Access and Accounting tests, some user experience related issues should also be checked. These issues are mainly pointing to the 1X-client features, not so much to the visited WO(b) network features.

4.4.1. Help Page

Action: Visited WO(b)'s help page (or link) is available on the start page

of the visited WO(b).

Result: Yes/No.

4.4.2. Start Page

Action: Visited WO(b)'s start page appears after browser opening

and/or session status might be seen in the EAP-SIM client.

Result: Yes/No.

4.4.3. Unsuccessful Login

Action: An error message is displayed after an unsuccessful login in

the client.

Result: Yes/No.

4.4.4. Successful Login

Action: The successful login is clearly displayed by the client after

successful login.

Result: Yes/No.

4.4.5. Logout Confirmation

Action: Logout confirmation is displayed after explicit and inactivity

logouts.

Result: Yes/No.

5. Test Evaluation

- Accounting logs to be prepared to check that they match between all participants
- Analyse failures
- Produce Test Report:
 - Completed Test cases
 - Experiences
 - Problems
 - Solutions
 - Proposals
- The client used for the tests to be mentioned (name, version etc.)

APPENDIX A

WLAN Operator Name: 1	
WLAN Operator Country (Abbreviated according to ISO 3166):	
Testing Personnel's Name:	
Test Execution Date:	

A.1 Test Results for Username/Password

2.1 Access Tests

2.1.1 Valid Roaming Authentication

Username Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Description	Enter valid roaming username and password
Status/Comments/Expectations	Username should be in the proper format. User should be granted access and have full network capabilities.

2.1.2 Valid Username, Invalid Password

Username Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Description	Enter valid roaming username and invalid password
Status/Comments/Expectations	Access denied. No network access.

Maximum 22 letters. This field is only used for administrative purposes, however, it must always be filled in order to identify the operator.

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2.1.3 Invalid Username

Username Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Description	Enter invalid roaming username and password
Status/Comments/Expectations	Username should be in the proper format. User should be denied access and have no network capabilities.

2.1.4 Operator Determined Barring

Username Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Description	Enter a valid roaming username and password of an account that has been barred by Home WO(a)
Status/Comments/Expectations	Access denied. No network access.

2.1.5 Operator Determined Barring While Session Open

Username Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Description	Enter a valid roaming username and password. When the session is open, the WO(a) should assign a barring to this subscriber.
Status/Comments/Expectations	The session should be cancelled automatically a pair of seconds later (quasi-online).

2.2 Accounting Tests

2.2.1 RADIUS Accounting Data Generation (Session Time)

Username Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Test Verification Result ²	
Description	Login, Logoff after a set time
Status/Comments/Expectations	Accounting logs should reflect the connection time.

2.2.2 RADIUS Accounting Data Generation (Data Transferred)

Username Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Volume (Amount of transferred data)	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Test Verification Result ²	
Description	Login, download test file, upload test file and Logoff
Status/Comments/Expectations	Bytes-In and Bytes-Out in Accounting Logs should be values which are approximately the size of the test file + some network overhead.

2.2.3 Verifying RADIUS Accounting Logs

Username Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Volume (Amount of transferred data)	

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Test Verification Result field is used for verifying test result against HPLMN RADIUS messages. HPLMN Testing Personnel should check that RADIUS logs correspond to values mentioned in this testing document.

Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Test Verification Result ²	
Description	Verify that both accounting logs have the same results for all of the accounting tests. Specially, verify that proxy-state attributes are logged and that values are correct.
Status/Comments/Expectations	Session logs to be exchanged along with a copy of the test plan used (for username/time resolution per test).

2.3 Service Failure Tests

2.3.1 Implicit Logout

Username Used in Test	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Test Verification Result ²	
Description	Disconnect Wireless LAN card or turn off computer while connected. Wait a set time. Re-insert card or turn on computer.
Status/Comments/Expectations	Accounting should show a closed session and user should have no network access.

2.3.2 Inactivity Logout

Username Used in Test	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Test Verification Result ²	
Description	The WLAN connection is left idle, an automatic log-off should happen after a predetermined time.
Status/Comments/Expectations	Absence time-out.

2.4 User Experience Tests

2.4.1 Login Page

Username Used in Test	
Test Result (Yes/No)	
Description	User's welcome page is displayed after association to network.

Status/Comments/Expectations

2.4.2 Help Page

Username Used in Test	
Test Result (Yes/No)	
Description	Help-page displayed by clicking on link at Login page.
Status/Comments/Expectations	

2.4.3 Start Page

Username Used in Test	
Test Result (Yes/No)	
Description	Local Start-page and session window are displayed after successful login
Status/Comments/Expectations	

2.4.4 Unsuccessful Login

Username Used in Test	
Test Result (Yes/No)	
Description	Error message shown after unsuccessful login.
Status/Comments/Expectations	

2.4.5 Successful Login

Username Used in Test	
Test Result (Yes/No)	
Description	Logout method is clearly displayed after successful login.
Status/Comments/Expectations	

2.4.6 Logout Confirmation

Username Used in Test	
Test Result (Yes/No)	
Description	Logout confirmation is displayed after explicit and inactivity logouts.
Status/Comments/Expectations	

WLAN Operator Name: 3	
WLAN Operator Country (Abbreviated according to ISO 3166):	
Testing Personnel's Name:	
Test Execution Date:	

A.2 Test Results for EAP-SIM

4.1. Access Tests

4.1.1 Valid Roaming Authentication using IMSI as identity

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Description	Enter valid PIN code to the client
Status/Comments/Expectations	User should be granted access and have full network capabilities.

4.1.2 Valid Roaming Authentication using pseudonym as identity

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Description	Configure client to use pseudonym as an identity, Enter valid PIN code.
Status/Comments/Expectations	User should be granted access and have full network capabilities

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Maximum 22 letters. This field is only used for administrative purposes, however, it must always be filled in in order to identify the operator.

4.1.3 Valid Roaming Authentication using fast re-authentication mechanism

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Description	Press fast re-authentication button or similar in the client
Status/Comments/Expectations	User should be granted access and have full network capabilities

4.1.4 Periodical re-authentication

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Description	While session open, periodical re-authentication should happen
Status/Comments/Expectations	User should be granted access and have full network capabilities

4.1.5 Handover

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Description	Move between 2 APs so that handover occurs
Status/Comments/Expectations	Handover succeeds, check authentication type.

4.1.7 Operator Determined Barring

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	

Description	Operator Determined Barring
Status/Comments/Expectations	The user access should be denied by WO(a)

4.1.8 Operator Determined Barring While Session Open

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Description	Operator is barring the session while session is open
Status/Comments/Expectations	The user access should be denied by WO(a). This is up to WO(a) implementation

4.1.9 Removing SIM-Card During User Session

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Description	Remove SIM-card during user session
Status/Comments/Expectations	The session is terminated in time period of 2 seconds

4.2 Accounting Tests

4.2.1 RADIUS Accounting Data Generation (Session Time)

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Test Verification Result 4	

Test Verification Result field is used for verifying test result against HPLMN RADIUS messages. HPLMN Testing Personnel should check that RADIUS logs correspond to values mentioned in this testing document.

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Description	Login, Logoff after a set time
Status/Comments/Expectations	Accounting logs should reflect the connection time.

4.2.2 RADIUS Accounting Data Generation (Data Transferred)

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SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Volume (Amount of transferred data)	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Test Verification Result	
Description	Login, download test file, upload test file and Logoff
Status/Comments/Expectations	Bytes-In and Bytes-Out in Accounting Logs should be values which are approximately the size of the test file + some network overhead.

4.2.3 Verifying RADIUS Accounting Logs

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Volume (Amount of transferred data)	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Test Verification Result	
Description	Verify that both accounting logs have the same results for all of the accounting tests. Specially, verify that proxy-state attributes are logged and that values are correct.
Status/Comments/Expectations	Session logs to be exchanged along with a copy of the test plan used (for username/time resolution per test).

4.2.4 Handover

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Volume (Amount of transferred data)	

Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Test Verification Result	
Description	Move so that handover occurs during an open session
Status/Comments/Expectations	The user session continues, may be two separate accounting sessions

4.2.5 Chargeable User Identity (CUID)

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Date	
Start Time	
End Time	
Volume (Amount of transferred data)	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Test Verification Result	
Description	Login with a valid SIM card
Status/Comments/Expectations	Home WO(a) sends CUID to the visited WO(b). Check that WO(b) sends CUID back to the WO(a) in the same format it was received.

4.3 Service Failure Tests

4.3.1 Implicit Logout

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Test Verification Result	
Description	Disconnect Wireless LAN card or turn off computer while connected. Wait a set time. Reinsert card or turn on computer.
Status/Comments/Expectations	Accounting should show a closed session and user should have no network access.

4.3.2 Inactivity Logout

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SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Start Time	
End Time	
Test Result (Pass/Fail)	
Test Verification Result	

Description	The WLAN connection is left idle, an automatic log-off should happen after a pre-determined time.		
Status/Comments/Expectations	Absence time-out.		

4.4 User Experience Tests

4.4.1 Help Page

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Test Result (Yes/No)	
Description	User's welcome page is displayed after successful login and opening the browser.
Status/Comments/Expectations	This functionality is up to WO(b) implementation

4.4.2 Start Page

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Test Result (Yes/No)	
Description	Help-page displayed by clicking on link at Login page.
Status/Comments/Expectations	This functionality is up to WO(b) implementation

4.4.3 Unsuccessful Login

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test Test Result (Yes/No)	
Description	Error message shown after unsuccessful login.
Status/Comments/Expectations	An error message is displayed after an unsuccessful login in the client

4.4.4 Successful Login

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Test Result (Yes/No)	
Description	The successful login is clearly displayed by the client after successful login
Status/Comments/Expectations	

4.4.5 Logout Confirmation

SIM (IMSI, MSISDN) Used in Test	
Test Result (Yes/No)	
Description	Logout confirmation is displayed after explicit and inactivity logouts by the client.

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Status/Comments/Expectations	
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