



RSP Architecture

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1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

This document provides an architecture approach as a proposed solution for the Remote SIM Provisioning of Devices across all markets.

The main goal of the Architecture is to define a mechanism for the Remote SIM Provisioning of Devices with the necessary credentials to gain mobile network access.

This version focuses on Devices for the consumer market.

1.2 Scope

The aim of this document is to define a common architecture framework to enable the Remote SIM Provisioning and management of the Embedded UICC (eUICC) in Devices. The adoption of this architecture framework will aim to provide the basis for ensuring global interoperability for Remote SIM Provisioning between Operators in different deployment scenarios.

1.3 Intended Audience

Technical experts working within Operators, SIM solution providers, Device vendors, standards organisations, network infrastructure vendors, Service Providers and other industry bodies.

1.4 Definition of Terms

Term	Description
Activation Code	Information issued by an Operator/Service Provider to an End User. It is used by the End User to request for the download and installation of a Profile.
Activation Code Token	A part of the Activation Code information provided by the Operator/Service Provider to reference a Profile.
Authenticated Confirmation	Describes a mechanism for which the End User is confirming their action through a method involving the input of personalised information (e.g. PIN, fingerprint).
Bound Profile Package	A Protected Profile Package which has been encrypted for a target eUICC.
Certificate	A certificate as defined in RFC.5280 [1] and GlobalPlatform specifications [11].
Certified eUICC	An eUICC meeting the GSMA requirements for Remote SIM Provisioning and certified according to a GSMA eUICC protection Profile.
Companion Device	A Device that relies on the capabilities of a Primary Device for the purpose of Remote SIM Provisioning.

Term	Description
Confirmation Code	A code entered by an End User to authorise the usage of an Activation Code to confirm the download and installation of a Profile. For added security, the Operator MAY choose to communicate the Confirmation Code via a separate delivery channel.
Confirmation Code Required Flag	A parameter to indicate whether the Confirmation Code is required or not.
Data Subset	The Data Subset is a list of Elementary Files of the respective Profile whose content SHALL be stored in the Metadata of said Profile.
Device	User equipment used in conjunction with an eUICC to connect to a mobile network. E.g. a tablet, wearable, smartphone or handset.
Device Factory Reset	A term generally understood in the industry to mean that the Device is returned to a state equivalent to a Factory State. Further definition is beyond the scope of this document.
Device Manufacturer	An entity responsible for manufacturing Devices. The Device Manufacturer MAY be responsible for the selection and insertion of eUICCs in Devices.
Disabled Profile	Profile, the files and/or applications (e.g. NAA) of which are not selectable over the UICC-Device interface.
Embedded UICC (eUICC)	UICC which enables the secure remote and/or local management of Profiles.
Enabled Profile	Profile, the files and/or applications (e.g. NAA) of which are selectable over the UICC-Device interface. [18]
End User	The person using the Device.
End User Data	Information that pertains to the identity of an End User such as personal details, name, address, biometric characteristics, assigned identification numbers, etc. Note: In many jurisdictions (including EU and US), identifying data extends to indirect identifiers (such as ICCID, EID, MSISDN, cookies, etc) that are linkable to a person's real identity when considered in combination with other data sources.
eUICC Certificate	A Certificate issued by the EUM for a specific eUICC. This Certificate can be verified using the EUM Certificate.
eUICC Eligibility Check Information	The information set sent from the eUICC to the SM-DP+ to allow eligibility checks.
eUICC Manufacturer	The eUICC Manufacturer provides eUICC products.
eUICC Memory Reset	An action that returns the eUICC to a state equivalent to a Factory State.
EUM Certificate	A Certificate issued to a GSMA accredited EUM which can be used to verify eUICC Certificates. This Certificate can be verified using the Root Certificate.
Factory State	The configured state of the Device and/or the eUICC at the point it was distributed after manufacture.

Term	Description
Form Factor	Manifestation of the UICC as specified in ETSI TS 102 221 [2] and ETSI TS 102 671 [3].
ICCID	Unique number to identify a Profile in an eUICC as defined by ITU-T E.118 [19]. <i>Note: the ICCID throughout this specification is used to identify the Profile.</i>
International Mobile Subscriber Identity	Refer to 3GPP 21.905 [4].
Link Profile	The process that associates a Protected Profile Package with a specific eUICC so that a Profile Download including Bound Profile Package generation can be triggered. <i>Note: This is normally an offline process, binding is an online process happening during the communication between the SM-DP+ and the eUICC.</i>
Local Profile Management	Local Profile Management are operations that are locally initiated on the ESeu interface.
Local Profile Management Operation	Local Profile Management Operations include enable Profile, disable Profile, delete Profile, query Profile Metadata, eUICC Memory Reset, edit nickname, and add Profile.
Metadata	The Metadata is a copy of the Data Subset of the respective Profile stored in the eUICC for informative displaying to the End User that contains the information listed in Section 4.6.
Mobile Network Operator	An entity providing access capability and communication services to its Subscribers through a mobile network infrastructure.
Mobile Virtual Network Operator	An entity providing access capability and communication services to its Subscribers through a mobile network infrastructure but does not have an allocation of spectrum.
Network Access Application	Refer to 3GPP 21.905 [4].
Network Access Credentials	Data required to authenticate to an ITU E.212 [5] network. This MAY include data such as Ki/K and IMSI stored within a NAA.
Nonce	An arbitrary random number generated for one time use, employed for cryptographic communication.
Operator	A Mobile Network Operator or Mobile Virtual Network Operator; a company providing wireless cellular network services.
Operator Credentials	A set of credentials owned by the Operator, including Network Access Credentials, OTA Keys for remote Profile Management, and authentication algorithm parameters.
OTA Keys	The credentials included in the Profile used in conjunction with OTA Platforms.
OTA Platform	A platform used by an Operator for the remote management of enabled Operator Profiles on eUICCs, i.e. using OTA RAM or RFM.
Primary Device	A Device that can be used to provide some capabilities to a Companion Device for the purpose of Remote SIM Provisioning.

Term	Description
Profile	A combination of Operator data and applications to be provisioned on to an eUICC for the purposes of providing services by the Operator. The Profile SHALL be in support of a Subscription with the relevant Operator. Applications MAY be included to provide non-telecommunication services.
Profile Description	The description of a Profile in a format specific to the Operator; example formats could be an Excel table, xml format, or plain text.
Profile Management	A combination of local and remote management operations (enable, disable, delete, and query)
Profile Package	A personalised Profile using an interoperable description format that is transmitted to an eUICC to load and install a Profile [6].
Protected Profile Package	A Profile Package which has been encrypted for storage but not to a specific eUICC.
Remote SIM Provisioning	The downloading, installing, enabling, disabling, switching, and deleting of a Profile on an eUICC.
Root Certificate	A Certificate used to authenticate other entities within the Remote SIM Provisioning framework.
Service Provider	The Service Provider provides Subscriptions to Subscribers either as part of an Operator or as a party with a wholesale agreement with an Operator. The Service Provider could also be the Operator.
Simple Confirmation	Describes a mechanism for which the End User is confirming their action through a confirmation (e.g yes or no).
SMDPid	Identifier of the SM-DP+ that is globally unique and is included as part of the SM-DP+ Certificate.
Subscriber	An entity (associated with one or more users) that is engaged in a Subscription with an Operator. The Subscriber is allowed to subscribe and unsubscribe to services, as well as register an End User or a list of End Users authorised to use these services.
Subscriber Data	Information that pertains to the identity of a Subscriber such as contract details, authentication credentials, cryptographic keys, etc. Note: In many instances, the Subscriber is also the End User and therefore Subscriber Data is likely to include End User Data.
Subscription	A Subscription describes the commercial relationship between the Subscriber and the Service Provider.
Subscription Manager Data Preparation+ (SM-DP+)	This role prepares Profile Packages, secures them with a Profile protection key, stores Profile protection keys in a secure manner and the Protected Profile Packages in a Profile Package repository, and allocates the Protected Profile Packages to specified EIDs. The SM-DP+ binds Protected Profile Packages to the respective EID and securely downloads these Bound Profile Packages to the LPA of the respective eUICC.
User Intent	Describes the direct, real time acquisition and validation of the manual End User instruction by the LUI to trigger locally a Profile download or Profile Management operation.

1.5 Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
AC	Activation Code
AuC	Authentication Centre
BSS	Business Support Services
CI	Certificate Issuer
DNSCurve	Domain Name System Curve
DNSSEC	Domain Name System Security Extensions
ECASD	eUICC Certificate Authority Security Domain
EID	Embedded UICC Identifier
eSVN	embedded Specification Version Number
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
eUICC	Embedded UICC
EUM	eUICC Manufacturer
GSMA	GSM Association
HLR	Home Location Register
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol
ICCID	Integrated Circuit Card Identifier
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
ISD-P	Issuer Security Domain - Profile
ISD-R	Issuer Security Domain - Root
ISIM	IP Multimedia Services Identity Module
ITU	International Telecoms Union
LPA	Local Profile Assistant
LPD	Local Profile Download
LUI	Local User Interface
MNO	Mobile Network Operator
MNO-SD	Mobile Network Operator - Security Domain
MSISDN	Mobile Subscriber International Subscriber Directory Number
NAA	Network Access Application
OTA	Over The Air
RAM	Remote Application Management
RFM	Remote File Management
SAS	Security Accreditation Scheme
SD	Security Domain
SIM	Subscriber Identity Module
SM-DP+	Subscription Manager - Data Preparation +
USIM	Universal Subscriber Identity Module

1.6 References

Ref	Document Number	Title
[1]	RFC 5280	X.509 Public Key Infrastructure Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile
[2]	ETSI TS 102 221	UICC-Terminal interface; Physical and logical characteristics
[3]	ETSI TS 102 671	Smart cards; Machine to Machine UICC; Physical and logical characteristics
[4]	3GPP 21.905	Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications
[5]	ITU E.212	The international identification plan for public networks and Subscriptions
[6]	SIMAPP	SIMalliance: eUICC Profile Package - Interoperable Format Technical Specification http://simalliance.org/euicc/euicc-technical-releases/
[7]	ETSI TS 102 226	Remote APDU structure for UICC based applications
[8]	RFC 2119	"Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", S. Bradner http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt
[9]	3GPP TS 21.133	3G security; Security threats and requirements
[10]	SGP.02	GSMA Remote SIM Provisioning of Embedded UICC Technical specification
[11]	GPC_SPE_034	GlobalPlatform Card Specification with its Amendments
[12]	3GPP TS 35.231	Specification of the TUAK Algorithm Set; Document 1: Algorithm Specification
[13]	3GPP TS 35.205	Specification of the MILENAGE Algorithm Set; Document 1: General
[14]	3GPP TS 35.206	Specification of the MILENAGE Algorithm Set; Document 2: Algorithm Specification
[15]	RFC 7469	Public Key Pinning Extension for HTTP
[16]	EUM SAS	FS.04 - Security Accreditation Scheme for UICC Production – Standard
[17]	SM-DP SAS	FS.08 - GSMA SAS Standard for Subscription Manager Roles
[18]	ETSI TS 103 383	Smart Cards; Embedded UICC; Requirements Specification
[19]	ITU-T E.118	The International Telecommunication Charge Card

1.7 Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC2119 [8].

2 Principles

This section contains the principles related to the GSMA Remote SIM Provisioning system for the Embedded UICC.

2.1 Basic Principles

Principle no.	Description
BAS1	Existing standards and specifications SHALL be used where possible for the specification of the eUICC and related provisioning systems.
BAS2	GlobalPlatform specifications SHALL be used as a framework of choice for the implementation of the eUICC.
BAS3	The overall security of the eUICC in combination with the related management processes SHALL at all times and under all circumstances be at least equivalent to the current removable UICC and its provisioning processes.
BAS4	The architecture of the eUICC and its Remote SIM Provisioning system SHALL comply with the requirements of 3GPP TS 21.133 [9].
BAS5	The architecture SHALL support a level of security with respect to the protection of Operator Credentials which is at least equal to the present levels of security. This applies in particular to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">the confidentiality of cryptographic keys and authentication parameters;the integrity of Subscriber identities (e.g. IMSI).
BAS6	The architecture SHALL support a level of security for all Profile content which is at least equal to the current state of the art level of security of the UICC.
BAS7	The architecture SHALL NOT compromise the security and privacy of Subscriber data, nor the security and privacy of End User Data. Examples include identities that can be used for tracking such as ICCID, MSISDN, EID, IMSI Ki etc.
BAS8	Regulatory issues are considered outside the scope of this document. However, any data which could be used to identify an individual SHALL be treated as personal data and in compliance with local regulations e.g. the EID, ICCID, etc.

Table 1 Basic Principles

2.2 Profile Principles

Principle no.	Description
PRO1	Profiles are the property of and SHALL be under the control of the issuing Operator.
PRO2	A Profile does not exist outside of an eUICC. I.e. a Profile is always located on a particular eUICC.
PRO3	A Profile SHALL be uniquely identified.
PRO4	An Enabled Profile in combination with an eUICC SHALL be able to carry all logical characteristics of a UICC.
PRO5	Once the Profile is enabled, all relevant UICC characteristics or features as described in ETSI 102 221 [2] specifications SHALL apply with the exceptions as defined within this specification.

Principle no.	Description
PRO6	It SHALL be possible to delete Profiles only when in a disabled state, with the exception of the eUICC Memory Reset function which deletes all Profiles.

Table 2 Profile Principles

3 Roles

3.1 eUICC Manufacturer

Role no.	Description
EUM1	The eUICC Manufacturer is responsible for the initial cryptographic configuration and security architecture of the eUICC.
EUM2	The eUICCs are delivered by the eUICC Manufacturer (EUM) to other parties (e.g. the Device Manufacturer).
EUM3	Relevant parts of the eUICC Manufacturer's products and processes are certified by a GSMA-approved certification process.
EUM4	The EUM SHALL issue the eUICC Certificate to allow: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> eUICC authentication and proof of certification to other entities; authenticated keyset establishment between a SM-DP+ and an eUICC.
EUM5	Both storage and communication channels for the EUM Certificate and Root Certificate SHALL be reliable.

Table 3 eUICC Manufacturer Role

3.2 Device Manufacturer

Role no.	Description
DM1	The Device Manufacturer SHALL be responsible for the implementation of any LPA elements that reside on the Device and the compliance of the LPA with the requirements in Section 4.8.2.
DM2	The Device Manufacturer SHALL be responsible for the implementation of any application that resides on the Primary Device allowing User Interface access to the Companion Device.

Table 4 Device Manufacturer Role

3.3 Operator and Service Provider

This section describes the characteristics of the Operator and Service Provider roles relevant to this architecture and its operation. Other characteristics exist but are considered out of scope.

Role no.	Description
OPE1	The Operator SHALL have access to a SM-DP+.
OPE2	In the event that a Subscriber has selected a Service Provider, that Service Provider will initiate the provisioning of a Profile.
OPE3	The Operator, potentially on behalf of the Service Provider, specifies the Profile characteristics and any features and applications analogous to

Role no.	Description
	removable UICCs.
OPE4	Operators SHALL be able to use an OTA Platform in order to manage the content of their Enabled Profile in the eUICC (RAM, RFM).
OPE5	A Subscriber MAY have a relationship with any number of Service Providers simultaneously.

Table 5 Operator Role

3.4 Subscriber and End User

Role no.	Description
SEU1	The Subscriber is the contract partner of the Service Provider for the Subscription. <i>Note: The Subscriber MAY not be the End User.</i>
SEU2	The End User is a human and uses the Device and/or the services related to the Enabled Profile.
SEU3	There SHALL be a means for the End User to obtain the EID.

Table 6 Subscriber and End User Role

3.5 Certificate Issuer

Role no.	Description
CIS1	The Certificate Issuer issues Certificates for Remote SIM Provisioning entities and acts as a trusted third party for the purpose of authenticating the entities of the system.
CIS2	The Certificate Issuer communicates with the SM-DP+ and the EUM through interfaces that are out of scope of this specification.

Table 7 Certificate Issuer Role

4 Remote SIM Provisioning System Architecture

This section contains the functional description of the architecture of the Remote SIM Provisioning system for the Embedded UICC.

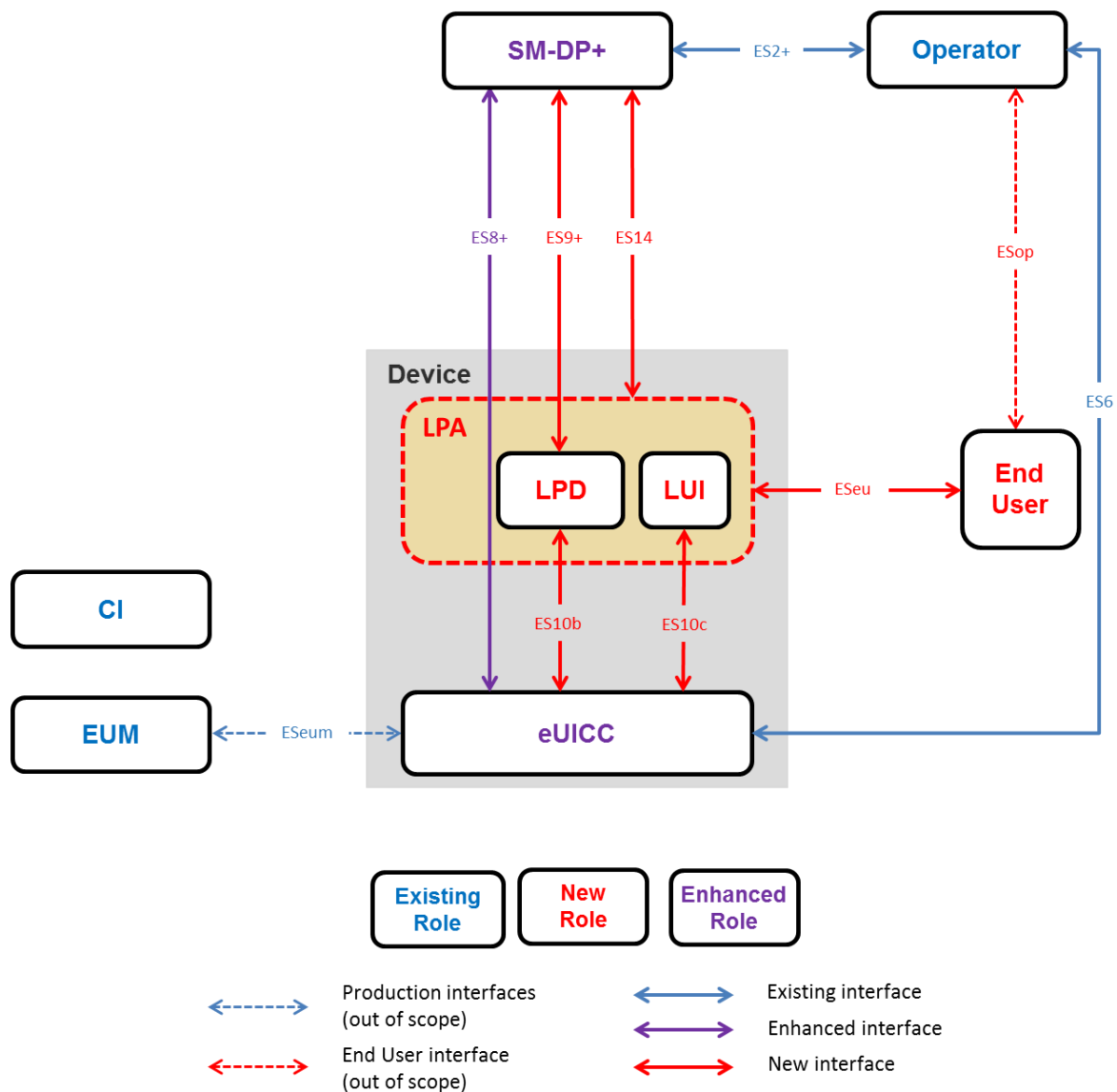


Figure 1: Remote SIM Provisioning System Architecture

4.1 eUICC Architecture

4.1.1 eUICC Architecture Overview

This section describes the internal high-level architecture of the eUICC. It SHOULD be noted that the eUICC architecture is similar to that used in the GSMA Remote SIM specification [10]. Profiles are provisioned based on the security framework defined in the GlobalPlatform Card Specification [11].

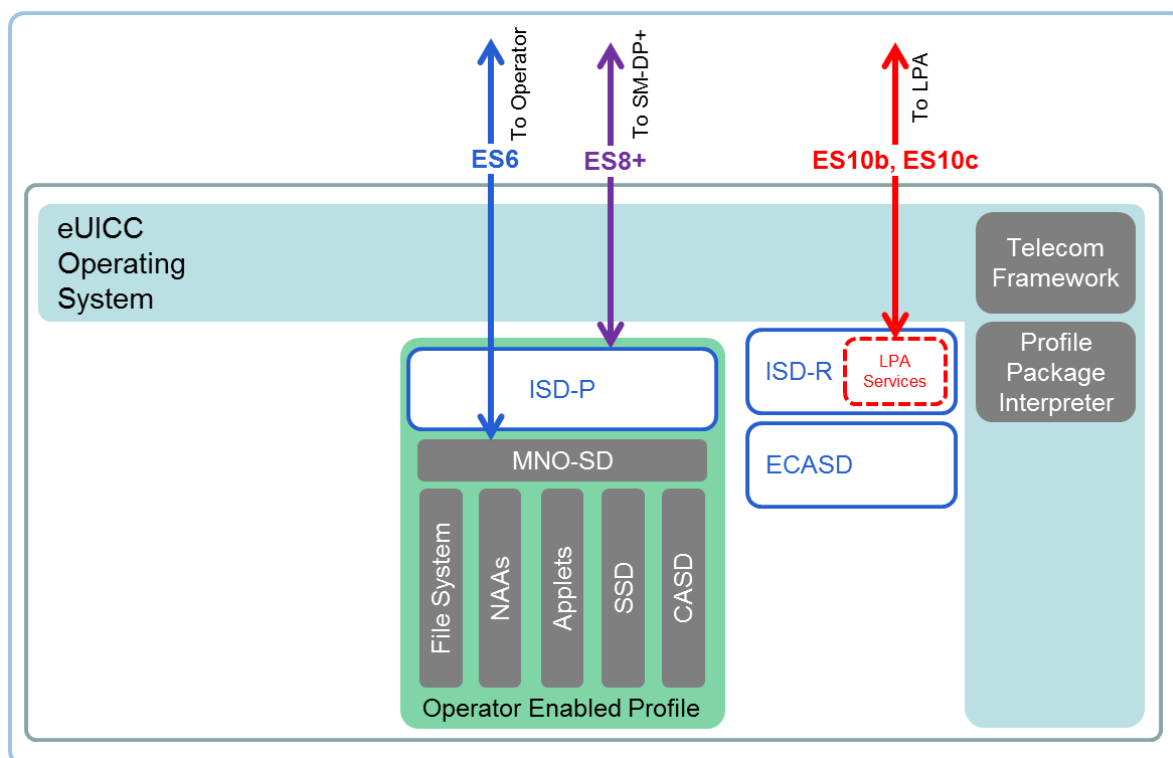


Figure 2: Schematic Representation of the eUICC

4.1.1.1 ECASD

The Embedded UICC Controlling Authority Security Domain (ECASD) is responsible for the secure storage of credentials required to support the required security domains on the eUICC.

There SHALL be only one ECASD on an eUICC. The ECASD SHALL be installed and personalised by the EUM during the eUICC manufacturing as described in [11].

The ECASD SHALL have the following properties:

- Non-modifiable eUICC private keys for creating signatures
- Associated Certificates for eUICC authentication
- The Certificate Issuers' (CI) root public keys for verifying SM-DP+ Certificates
- eUICC Manufacturers' (EUMs) keyset for key/Certificate renewal.

Additionally, the ECASD SHALL provide security functions used during key establishment and eUICC authentication.

4.1.1.2 ISD-R

The ISD-R is responsible for the creation of new ISD-Ps and the lifecycle management of all ISD-Ps.

4.1.1.3 ISD-P

The ISD-P is a secure container (security domain) for the hosting of a Profile. The ISD-P is used for Profile download and installation in collaboration with the Profile Package interpreter for the decoding/interpretation of the received Bound Profile Package.

The ISD-P is the on-card representative of the SM-DP+.

4.1.1.4 MNO-SD

The MNO-SD is the on-card representative of the Operator. It contains the Operator's Over-The-Air (OTA) Keys and provides a secure OTA channel.

4.1.1.5 Telecom Framework

The telecom framework is an operating system service that provides standardised network authentication algorithms to the NAAs hosted in the ISD-Ps. Furthermore, it offers the capability to configure the algorithms with the necessary parameters.

4.1.1.6 Profile Package Interpreter

The Profile Package interpreter is an eUICC operating system service that translates the Profile Package data into an installed Profile using the specific internal format of the target eUICC.

4.1.1.7 LPA Services

The LPA services provide necessary access to the services and data required by the LPA functions.

4.2 eUICC Requirements

Req no.	Description
EUICC1	The eUICC is a discrete hardware component in a standardised ETSI Form Factor [2] [3].
EUICC2	The eUICC SHALL be either removable or non-removable.
EUICC3	The behaviour of the eUICC with an Enabled Profile SHALL be similar to the UICC.
EUICC4	The eUICC SHALL be able to contain zero or one Profile.
EUICC5	At a maximum, only one Profile SHALL be enabled at any point in time.
EUICC6	The behaviour of a NAA USIM or ISIM within a Profile on an eUICC SHALL be identical to a removable UICC NAAs USIM or ISIM. <i>Note: No changes to existing 3GPP/3GPP2 USIM, CSIM and ISIM specifications are expected.</i>
EUICC7	The eUICC MAY implement the TUAK algorithm [12] in addition to Milenage [13][14].
EUICC8	The ownership of the eUICC MAY change throughout its lifetime as can the Device.
EUICC9	If any operation such as Profile enabling, Profile disabling, and Profile download and installation does not complete successfully, the eUICC SHALL maintain the state it was in before it received the request.
EUICC10	The eUICC SHALL contain an ECASD and ISD-R security domains installed and personalised during manufacture.
EUICC11	The ECASD cannot be deleted or modified after eUICC manufacture.
EUICC12	The ISD-R SHALL be responsible for the creation of new ISD-Ps and the lifecycle management of all ISD-Ps.

Req no.	Description
EUICC13	The ISD-R SHALL be installed and personalised by the EUM during eUICC manufacturing as described in [11].
EUICC14	The eUICC SHALL be able to support an eUICC Memory Reset. This can only be requested by the End User.
EUICC15	The eUICC SHALL support the eUICC Profile Package Interoperable format as defined by SIMalliance [6].
EUICC16	An ISD-R SHALL: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • be created within an eUICC at the time of manufacture; • NOT be deleted or disabled; • NOT be able to perform any operations inside an ISD-P.
EUICC17	An ISD-P SHALL be created by the ISD-R at the request of the SM-DP+.
EUICC18	If a Profile download and installation does not terminate successfully, the Profile and the ISD-P SHALL be securely deleted.
EUICC19	The eUICC SHALL ensure that the communication between the eUICC and the SM-DP+ participating in the Profile creation is protected in authenticity, integrity, and confidentiality.
EUICC20	The eUICC SHALL NOT export Profiles installed on the eUICC.
EUICC21	The eUICC SHALL enforce an isolation of Profiles and prevent Profiles from operating outside of their execution environment i.e. Profile SHALL run in a sandbox.
EUICC22	The integrity of the Bound Profile Package SHALL be ensured during its installation on the eUICC.
EUICC23	The eUICC SHALL be tamper resistant (physically and logically).
EUICC24	Profile keys and algorithm parameters SHALL NOT be extractable from the eUICC.
EUICC25	All cryptographic functions SHALL be implemented in a robust tamper-resistant way and be resistant to side-channel attacks.
EUICC26	The Operator SHALL be able to update the OTA Keys in its Profile on the eUICC in a secure and confidential way, reusing existing OTA Platform mechanisms.
EUICC27	A downloaded Profile Package SHALL be installed on the eUICC in a disabled state.
EUICC28	The eUICC SHALL enforce a mechanism to ensure that there is not more than one Profile installed. <i>Note: This mechanism enforcement is dedicated for phase 1.</i>
EUICC29	The eUICC SHALL always report its specification version number in the first communication during the commencement of each session.
EUICC30	The EUM SHALL install an eUICC Certificate in the eUICC used to verify the eUICC Certification.
EUICC31	The EUM SHALL install an EUM Certificate in the eUICC used to verify the eUICC Certificate.

Table 8 eUICC Requirements

4.3 eUICC Eligibility Check

The eUICC eligibility check enables a SM-DP+ to validate the eligibility of an eUICC for the installation of a Profile using information sent by the eUICC. The set of information sent by the eUICC to the SM-DP+ for eligibility checking purposes is referenced herein as the eUICC Eligibility Check Information.

4.3.1 eUICC Eligibility Check Requirements

Req no.	Description
ELG1	The eUICC SHALL include the eSVN in the eUICC Eligibility Check Information.
ELG2	The eUICC SHALL include the available memory in the eUICC Eligibility Check Information.
ELG3	The eUICC SHALL declare whether a Profile is currently installed in the Eligibility Check Information.
ELG4	Eligibility Check Information SHALL be integrity and authenticity protected by the eUICC for its sending to the SM-DP+.

Table 9 eUICC Eligibility Check Requirements

Note: It is assumed that the EID is normally shared to the SM-DP+ by other means and could be used for the eligibility check procedure.

4.4 Device Requirements

Req no.	Description
DEV1	The Device SHALL conform to the terminal requirements within ETSI TS 102 221 [2] or ETSI TS 102 671 [3].
DEV2	There SHALL be a means for the End User to obtain the EID from the Device.
DEV3	If an eUICC is within the Device packaging, then the EID SHALL be printed in machine readable form on the Device packaging.
DEV4	Bearer connection of the Companion Device to the SM-DP+ SHALL only be determined by the bearer availability. <i>Note: The Companion Device MAY use any connectivity method available to connect to the SM-DP+.</i>

Table 10 Device Requirements

4.5 Device Initiated Requirements

4.5.1 Device Factory Reset

Req no.	Description
FAC1	Invocation of Device Factory Reset SHALL NOT impact the eUICC.

Table 11 Device Factory Reset Requirements

4.5.2 eUICC Memory Reset

Req no.	Description
MEM1	eUICC Memory Reset SHALL delete all Profiles on the eUICC including the Enabled Profile if any.
MEM2	A secured means SHALL be provided to enable eUICC Memory Reset.
MEM3	Such means as described in MEM2, SHALL include an item in the LUI menu of the Device.
MEM4	In addition to MEM3, other secure means MAY be provided to perform the eUICC Memory Reset function. The same level of security and User Intent as is offered by the LUI based reset function SHALL apply.

Table 12 eUICC Memory Reset Requirements

4.6 Metadata Requirements

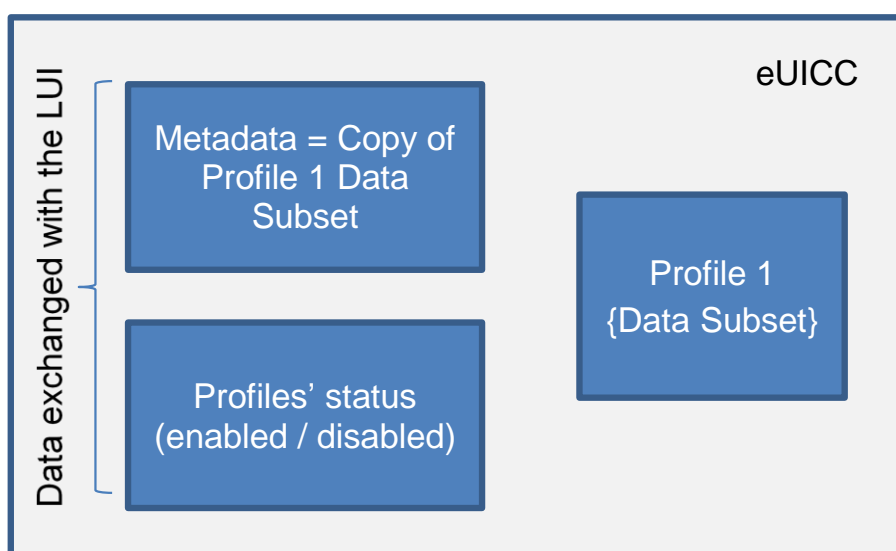


Figure 3: eUICC Metadata Representation

Req no.	Description
META1	All Profiles SHALL have a Data Subset which will be included in the associated Metadata.
META2	When a Profile is installed, the Metadata SHALL be automatically copied by the eUICC operating system from the Profile Data Subset during Profile installation.
META3	The Metadata SHALL at all times reflect the respective data in the Profile with the exception of the nickname which can be edited by the End User.
META4	The Metadata SHALL be exclusively stored in the eUICC.
META5	The Metadata SHALL be accessible irrespective of the state of the Profile.
META6	The Metadata SHALL include a field for the Service Provider name. The Elementary File of the Profile associated with this data SHALL be EFmetservice (a new EF TBD). <i>Note: EFSPN is already used in a different context outside of this specification and could be blank.</i>

Req no.	Description
META7	The Metadata SHALL include a field for the ICCID of the Profile. The Elementary File of the Profile associated with this data SHALL be EFiccid.
META8	The Metadata SHALL include a field for the End User nickname of the Profile. The Elementary File of the Profile associated with this data SHALL be EFmetnick (a new EF TBD).
META9	The Metadata SHALL include a field for containing a short description of the Profile defined by the Operator/Service Provider. The Elementary File of the Profile associated with this data SHALL be EFmettxt (a new EF TBD).
META10	The nickname SHALL be End User editable.
META11	The Metadata SHALL always be available to the LUI to allow the End User to be informed of installed Profiles in the eUICC.
META12	The Metadata SHALL include a field to allow the display of an icon defined by the Operator/Service Provider for the respective Profile.

Table 13 Metadata Requirements

4.7 Subscription Manager Data Preparation + (SM-DP+)

4.7.1 SM-DP+ Overview

The SM-DP+ is responsible for the creation, generation, management and the protection of resulting Profiles upon the input/request of the Operator. It is also responsible for the delivery of a Profile within a Bound Profile Package, making the Bound Profile Package available for the secure delivery. In addition, the SM-DP+ is responsible for requesting the creation of the ISD-P in the eUICC into which the Profile will be installed. The SM-DP+ will also be the off-card entity that will be responsible for the lifecycle management of the ISD-P that was created at its request. This is performed via the distinct functions listed below.

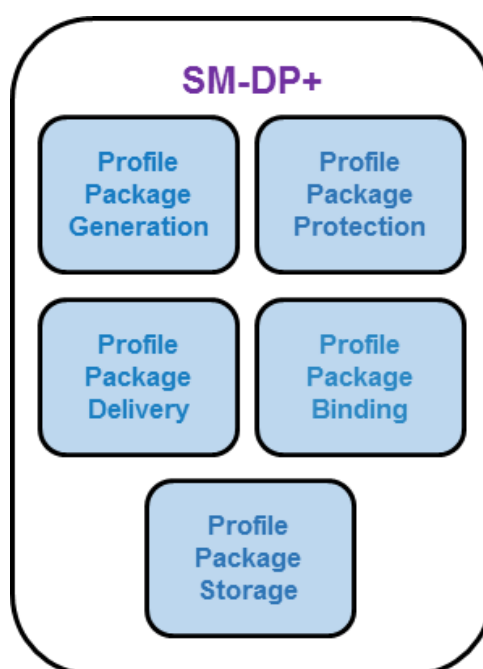


Figure 4: SM-DP+ Functions

Function name	Description
Profile Package Generation	Creates Profile Packages (i.e. Personalised Profiles, including (IMSI, Ki, ICCID,...)) from Profile Descriptions agreed with Operators. This can be an off-line batch or real time process.
Profile Package Protection	Secures each Profile Package according to the security process creating the Protected Profile Package.
Profile Package Binding	Binds the Protected Profile Package to a target eUICC using the security process thus creating the Bound Profile Package.
Profile Package Storage	Temporarily stores Protected Profile Packages or Bound Profile Packages for subsequent delivery to the eUICC.
Profile Package Delivery	Securely transmits and installs the Bound Profile Package to the eUICC through the LPA or directly to the eUICC.

Table 14 SM-DP+ Function Descriptions

4.7.2 SM-DP+ Requirements

Req no.	Description
SMDP1	The SM-DP+ SHALL act on behalf of the Operator.
SMDP2	The SM-DP+ SHALL be able to initiate the request for ISD-P creation as part of the Bound Profile Package delivery.
SMDP3	The SM-DP+ SHALL establish an end-to-end secure channel to the eUICC to download and install Bound Profile Packages via the LPA.
SMDP4	The SM-DP+ SHALL allocate a Protected Profile Package for binding to a specific eUICC only at the request of the respective Operator.
SMDP5	The SM-DP+ SHALL create a Bound Profile Package from the allocated Protected Profile Package only at the request of the respective eUICC.
SMDP6	The SM-DP+ SHALL be able to create a Bound Profile Package for any Certified eUICC.
SMDP7	Only the target eUICC SHALL be able to decrypt the content of a Bound Profile Package delivered by the SM-DP+.
SMDP8	Profile Packages SHALL only leave the SM-DP+ after completing all production steps, Profile Package Protection, and binding.
SMDP9	Once the Bound Profile Package is downloaded, the SM-DP+ SHALL NOT retain a network connection to the LPA/eUICC.
SMDP10	End-to-end communication between the SM-DP+ and the eUICC involved in the Profile download and installation SHALL be protected in terms of integrity, authenticity and confidentiality.
SMDP11	Profile Packages stored within the SM-DP+ SHALL always be protected through encryption.
SMDP12	The SM-DP+ SHALL accept "Certificate pinning" operations up to server granularity (refer to [15]).
SMDP13	On the SM-DP+, backups as well as used data within the Profile creation and storage infrastructure SHALL be discarded using secure deletion procedures (logically and physically).
SMDP14	Past communications associated with Bound Profile Package download and

Req no.	Description
	installation between the SM-DP+ and the eUICC whenever intercepted by a third party, SHALL NOT be recoverable due to the compromise of a single long-term key (i.e. Perfect Forward Secrecy).
SMDP15	The transport used for the Bound Profile Package SHALL implement anti-replay mechanisms between the SM-DP+ and the eUICC.
SMDP16	Connectivity to the SM-DP+ SHALL be aborted and an explicit error message SHALL be triggered by the SM-DP+ upon failure to verify authenticity of the connecting party. (No message SHALL be sent to the connecting party)
SMDP17	After a configurable number of failed attempts to download a Bound Profile Package, the transport encryption procedure SHALL be renewed. If subsequent attempts to download the Bound Profile Package fail more than a configurable number of times, the provisioning transaction SHALL be terminated and the Operator SHALL be notified.
SMDP18	The SM-DP+ SHALL use a secure version of Internet protocols whenever available (e.g. DNSSEC, DNSCurve, etc.).
SMDP19	The SM-DP+ SHALL implement rate-limiting mechanisms to avoid DoS attacks.
SMDP20	The SM-DP+ SHALL log all Certificate authentication failures.
SMDP21	The SM-DP+ SHALL prepare Profile Packages following the eUICC Profile Package Interoperable Format Specification as defined by SIMalliance [6].
SMDP22	The SM-DP+ SHALL be able to create Bound Profile Packages on demand.
SMDP23	It SHALL be possible for the SM-DP+ to create Profile Packages in bulk.
SMDP24	The SM-DP+ SHALL send a confirmation of the successfully completed download and installation of a Profile to the Operator.
SMDP25	There SHALL be a mechanism to remove any relationship between the SM-DP+ and the ISD-P following the successful installation of the Profile. Such a mechanism SHALL either be ordered by the Operator or be performed by the Operator itself. If such deletion mechanism is used, there will be no off-card entity responsible for managing the ISD-P of the installed Profile.
SMDP26	The SM-DP+ SHALL be globally uniquely identified by its SMDPid.
SMDP27	The SM-DP+ Certificate SHALL include the SMDPid.

Table 15 SM-DP+ Requirements

4.8 Local Profile Assistant (LPA)

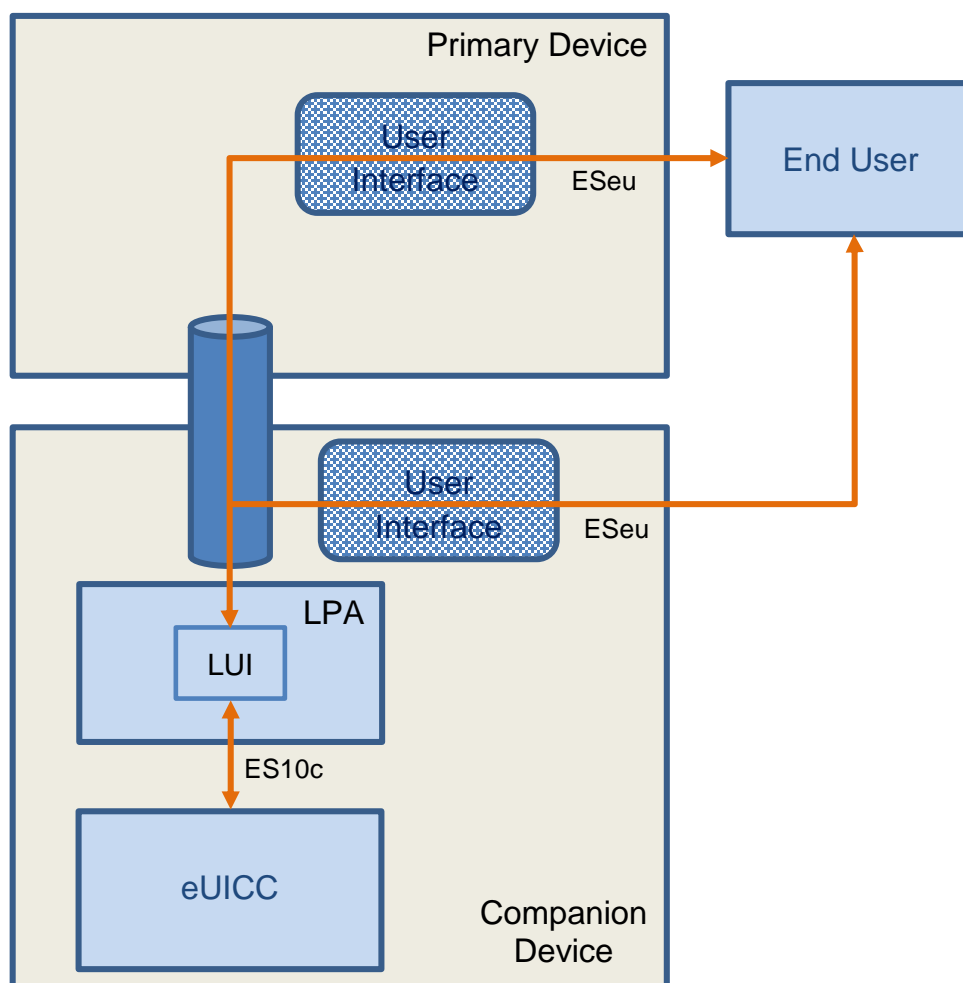


Figure 5: End User Interaction and Interfaces between a Primary and Companion Device, where the Companion Device MAY have a UI

4.8.1 LPA Overview

This role exists within the Device and in conjunction with LPA Services provided by the eUICC. It provides two distinct functions as described below. Whilst the eUICC alone cannot provide any of these functions without Device interaction, the specific level of interaction will depend upon the capability within the Device. Therefore, the functions of the LPA will be undertaken within the Device. The way this variability is implemented across different Devices and Device types is for further study.

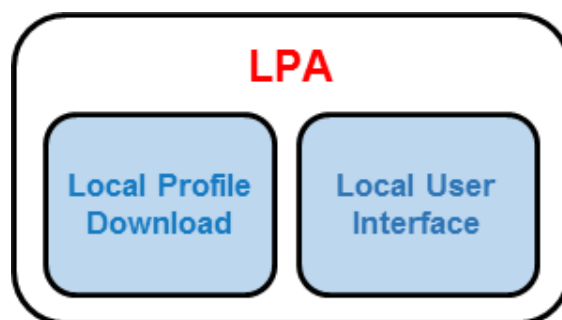


Figure 6: LPA Functions

Function name	Description
Local Profile Download (LPD)	This plays a proxy role for the efficient download of a Bound Profile Package in two stages: (i) the download of a Bound Profile Package from the SM-DP+ to the LPD in a single transaction, and (ii) the onward transfer of the Bound Profile Package into the eUICC in segments. This function will depend on network, Device, and eUICC capabilities.
Local User Interface (LUI)	This function allows Local Profile Management on the Device by the End User. User Intent has to be enforced as required.

Table 16 LPA Function Descriptions

4.8.2 LPA Requirements

Req no.	Description
LPA1	The LPA SHALL be responsible for instructing the eUICC to perform Local Profile Management functions as per End User request.
LPA2	A mechanism SHALL be implemented between any LPA elements outside the eUICC, and the eUICC to ensure that the communication is not compromised.
LPA3	A secure mechanism SHALL be implemented between the LUI and the associated display or input applications on the Device.
LPA4	Access to the LUI application(s) SHALL be protected according to current best practices. This SHALL be enforced by the Device OS.
LPA5	All Local Profile Management Operations SHALL require User Intent (no automation).
LPA6	LUI access SHALL require User Intent (no automation).
LPA7	The End User SHALL be able to easily access the list of installed Profiles.
LPA8	Profile Metadata SHALL be protected from unauthorised access.
LPA9	The Local Profile Management Operation, 'enable' SHALL be supported. This operation SHALL allow the End User to select the Profile.
LPA10	The Local Profile Management Operation, 'disable' SHALL be supported. This operation SHALL allow the End User to disable the Enabled Profile.
LPA11	The Local Profile Management Operation, 'delete' SHALL be supported. This operation SHALL allow the End User to delete a Disabled Profile from the eUICC. The End User SHALL acknowledge the message of consequences for the deletion of the Profile. Authenticated Confirmation SHALL be enforced.
LPA12	The Local Profile Management Operation 'query' SHALL be supported. This operation SHALL allow the End User to view the list of installed Profiles on the eUICC and relevant associated information through the Metadata.
LPA13	The Local Profile Management Operation 'eUICC Memory Reset' SHALL be supported. This operation SHALL execute the eUICC Memory Reset as described in Section 4.5.2. The End User SHALL acknowledge the message of consequences of 'eUICC Memory Reset'. Authenticated Confirmation SHALL be enforced.
LPA14	The Local Profile Management Operation 'edit nickname' SHALL be supported. This operation SHALL allow the End User to add or modify a nickname for the selected Profile. The operation SHALL NOT modify the Service Provider name.
LPA15	The Local Profile Management Operation "add Profile" SHALL be supported. This

	operation SHALL allow the LPA to request an Activation Code in order to download and install a new Profile to the eUICC. Authenticated Confirmation SHALL be enforced.
LPA16	The LPA SHALL NOT be accessible by any applications other than that developed by the provider of the LPA for the sole purpose of enabling the services and functions of the LPA.
LPA17	The LPA provider SHALL enforce a secure and non-interceptable Authenticated Confirmation.
LPA18	The LPA provider SHALL enforce a secure and non-interceptable Simple Confirmation located on the Device.
LPA19	Access to the LUI SHALL be protected by an Authenticated Confirmation.
LPA20	The mechanism in LPA19 SHALL be selectable/unselectable by the End User.
LPA21	The mechanisms in LPA19 SHALL be prompted to be enabled by default but this can be skipped by the End User.
LPA22	The Device SHALL implement a mechanism to protect the LPA access through an Authenticated Confirmation. This Authenticated Confirmation MAY be implemented by using the mechanisms implemented in the Device such as phone lock code, fingerprint input, etc.
LPA23	The End User SHALL be able to define dedicated personalised information to access the LPA.
LPA24	If the End User selects the protection of access to the LUI (LPA21), then the subsequent Authenticated Confirmation at operation level MAY be replaced with a Simple Confirmation.
LPA25	When enforced, any User Intent SHALL allow the End User to cancel the Local Profile Management Operation.
LPA26	It SHALL be possible to expose the LUI of a Companion Device allowing input from an End User interface on the Primary Device.
LPA27	When a Companion Device LUI allows input from a Primary Device, the Companion Device LUI SHALL be able to restrict the actions that can be applied. For example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • not offer the eUICC Memory Reset; • only 'enable' and 'disable' operation are exposed. • Profile enabling is exposed only if no Profile is already enabled on the Companion Device.
LPA28	The LUI of the Companion Device SHALL be able to request an End User initiated action on the Companion Device before the establishment of any proximity secure link (used for inputs into the LUI from another Device).
LPA29	A point-to-point proximity secure link initiated by the End User and offering confidentiality and integrity SHALL be established between the Companion and Primary Device for any input executed from the Primary Device.
LPA30	Any required User Intent SHALL only be executed by the LPA on the Companion Device. A User Intent input MAY be done in either the Primary or the Companion Device.
LPA31	The Device Manufacturer of the Companion Device SHALL implement a secure measure to ensure integrity and eligibility of any application accessing the LUI.
LPA32	The End User Data used for the User Intent protection (e.g. PIN code, fingerprint)

	SHALL be stored in a secure environment.
LPA33	The LPA SHALL be able to utilise any on-Device and existing connection to the internet, such as Wi-Fi or Wi-Fi direct, in order to reach out to the SM-DP+. Over such connection, ES8+ and ES9+ can be established.
LPA34	The LPA SHALL be able to utilise any internet connection offered by another Device, via other connectivity mechanisms such as cabled tethering, locally shared Wi-Fi connections or Bluetooth in order to reach out to the SM-DP+. Over such connection, ES8+, and ES9+ can be established.
LPA35	The LPA SHALL be able to determine if a connection to the internet and or SM-DP+ is available.
LPA36	The LPA SHALL be able to prompt the End User that there is no connection to internet and or no connection to the SM-DP+, in order to allow the End User to enable or troubleshoot required connectivity.
LPA37	The LPA SHALL only be able to access the eUICC if it has assigned privileges.
LPA38	There SHALL only be one LPA on the Device.
LPA39	Any action where the End User MAY be unaware of the consequences about the result of the operation, the LUI SHALL offer additional explanation prior to user acceptance.
LPA40	The LPA SHALL only handle actions that are described in this specification.
LPA41	The LPA SHALL have no part in or trigger the subscription selection process.
LPA42	LPA procedures SHALL always be initiated by the LPA itself.
LPA43	LPA procedures SHALL not be called by any external (non-LPA) processes.

Table 17 LPA Requirements

4.9 Interfaces

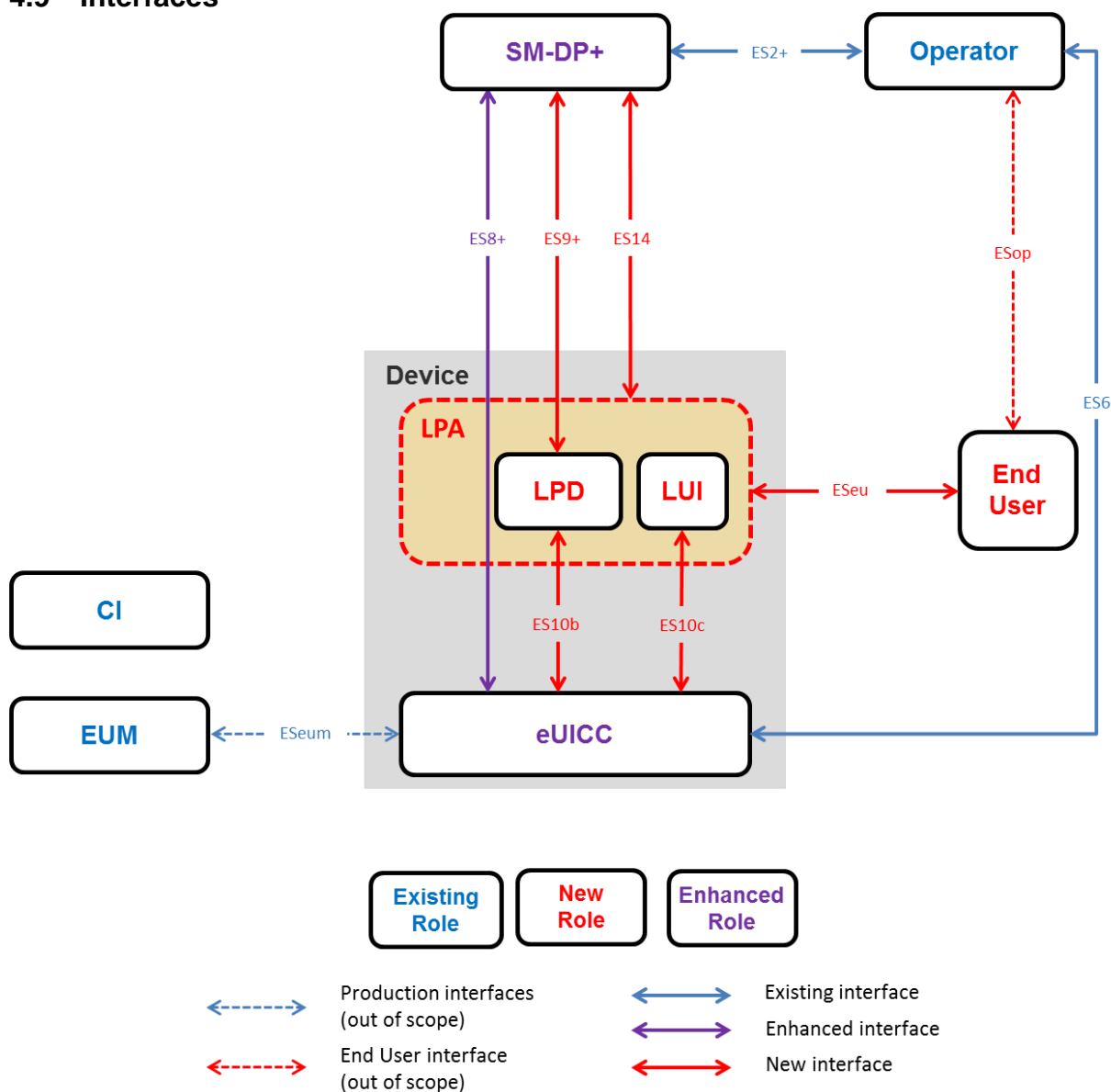


Figure 7: Interfaces on the eUICC Architecture with the LPA in the Device Configuration

4.9.1 Operator – SM-DP+ (ES2+)

The ES2+ interface is used by the Operator to order Profiles for specific eUICCs as well as other administrative functions.

4.9.2 Operator – End User (ESop)

Out of scope of this document.

4.9.3 End User - LUI (ESeu)

ESeu is the interface between the End User and the LUI.

In a Primary/Companion Device scenario the LUI used SHALL only reside on the Companion Device.

The ESeu interface is used to support the following requirements:

Req no.	Description
ESeu1	The Local Profile Management Operations SHALL be executed only over the ESeu interface.
ESeu2	Each Local Profile Management Operation SHALL be explicitly initiated by the End User, verified by User Intent.
ESeu3	The ESeu SHALL support the triggering and confirmation of the Profile download and installation operation.

Table 18 End User to LUI (ESeu) Interface Requirements

4.9.4 Operator – eUICC (ES6)

Used by the Operator for the management of Operator services via OTA services.

4.9.5 LPA – SM-DP+ (ES14)

This interface will be provided either by:

- An internet connectivity available or provided on the same Device where the LPA resides.
or
- An internet connection shared from another Device via a local go-between connection

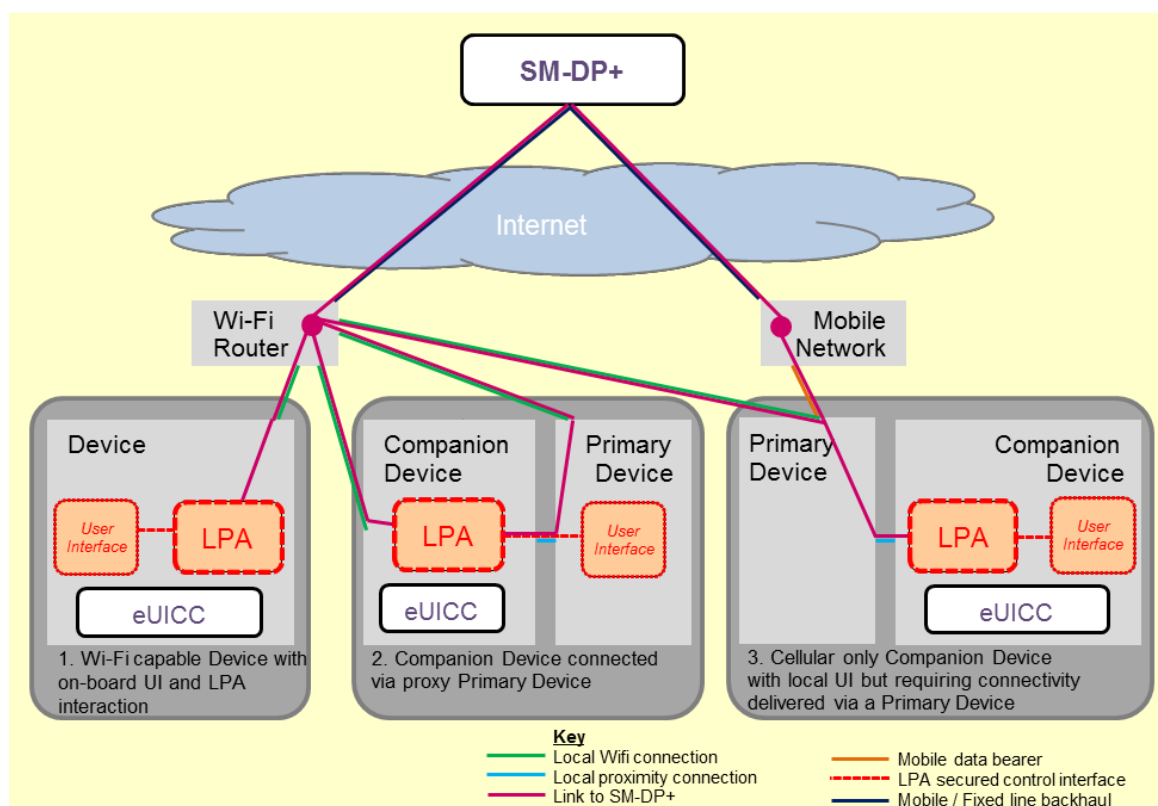


Figure 8: Example Connection Methods for Companion Devices to reach out to the SM-DP+

4.9.6 SM-DP+ – LPD (ES9+)

For Devices with an LPA, this interface is used to provide a secure transport for the delivery of the Bound Profile Package between the SM-DP+ and the LPD.

4.9.7 SM-DP+ – eUICC (ES8+)

The ES8+ interface provides a secure end-to-end channel between the SM-DP+ and the eUICC for the administration of the ISD-P and the associated Profile during download and installation. It is an enhanced version of the existing ES8 interface, providing Perfect Forward Secrecy.

4.9.8 EUM – eUICC (ESeum)

Out of scope of this document.

4.9.9 LPD – eUICC (ES10b)

The ES10b interface is used by the LPA to transfer a Bound Profile Package to the eUICC.

4.9.10 LUI – eUICC (ES10c)

The ES10c interface is used for Local Profile Management by the End User.

4.9.11 General Interface Requirements

Req no.	Description
INT1	All interfaces from the eUICC SHALL indicate the specification version number.
INT2	The behaviour of all interfaces SHALL support the indicated specification version number.
INT3	During the indication of the supported specification version number from the eUICC to the SM-DP+, the eUICC version SHALL be used or the procedure SHALL fail. See table below.
INT4	All communicating entities involved in remote Profile Management SHALL be mutually authenticated.

Table 19 General Interface Requirements

Platform	Version 1 (V1)	Version 2 (V2)	Version 3 (V3)
eUICC V1	Platform uses V1	Platform uses V1 or fails.	Platform uses V1 or fails.
eUICC V2	X	Platform uses V2	Platform uses V2 or fails.
eUICC V3	X	X	Platform uses V3

Table 20 eUICC Version vs Platform

4.10 Certification

4.10.1 eUICC Certification

Req no.	Description
CERTEU1	The EUM SHALL be GSMA SAS certified [16].
CERTEU2	The EUM SHALL be required to declare eUICC product compliance with GSMA SGP.22 V1.0.
CERTEU3	The eUICC Certificate SHALL be signed by the EUM.

Table 21 eUICC Certification Requirements

4.10.2 SM-DP+ Certification

Req no.	Description
CERTDP1	The SM-DP+ provider SHALL be required to declare product (SM-DP+) compliance with GSMA SGP.22 V1.0.
CERTDP2	The SM-DP+ SHALL be GSMA SAS SM-DP part certified [17] excluding the communication with the SM-SR.
CERTDP3	The SM-DP+ Certificate SHALL be signed by the GSMA CI.

Table 22 SM-DP+ Certification Requirements

5 Operational Procedures

5.1 Profile Download with Activation Code

5.1.1 Activation Code Requirements

Req no.	Description
AC1	The Activation Code SHALL be used to download a Bound Profile Package from a specific SM-DP+.
AC2	The Activation Code SHALL comprise of the following parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SM-DP+ address • Activation Code Token (Includes OPTIONAL Confirmation Code Required Flag) • SMDPid (OPTIONAL)
AC3	The Activation Code Token SHALL be able to include a parameter indicating whether a Confirmation Code is required or not. If such a Confirmation Code is required, the LPA SHALL ask the End User to input a Confirmation Code. The SM-DP+ SHALL verify the Confirmation Code before delivering the Bound Profile Package. <i>Note: How the Confirmation Code is created and provided to the End User is out of scope of this specification.</i>
AC4	The Activation Code SHALL be verified by the SM-DP+ before delivering the Bound Profile Package.
AC5	The Activation Code input in the LPA by the End User SHALL support at least manual typing and QR code scanning.
AC6	All Activation Code procedures SHALL be implemented natively as part of the LPA.
AC7	The Activation Code procedure SHALL be automatically offered to the End User during initial Device set-up. This automatic setting SHALL NOT apply if a Profile is already provisioned. No Authenticated Confirmation is required.
AC8	Following the Activation Code procedure, the Profile Package download procedure SHALL be used.
AC9	The Activation Code procedure SHALL preserve eco-system security, privacy and validation of User Intent.
AC10	The Activation Code procedure SHALL be used for the sole purpose of downloading a Profile package to the targeted eUICC. The Activation Code procedure SHALL prevent sending IMEI and EID information to a non-authenticated SM-DP+.
AC11	The Activation Code SHALL uniquely identify the Operator/Service Provider.
AC12	The Activation Code request to the SM-DP+ SHALL be extended by the LPA with the EID after the specific SM-DP+ has been authenticated.

Table 23 Activation Code Requirements

5.1.2 Profile Download with Activation Code Procedure

The Activation Code procedure defines a common functionality which allows the Subscriber or the End User on behalf of the Subscriber to “activate” a Device by means of requesting the download of an Operator Profile from the Device itself.

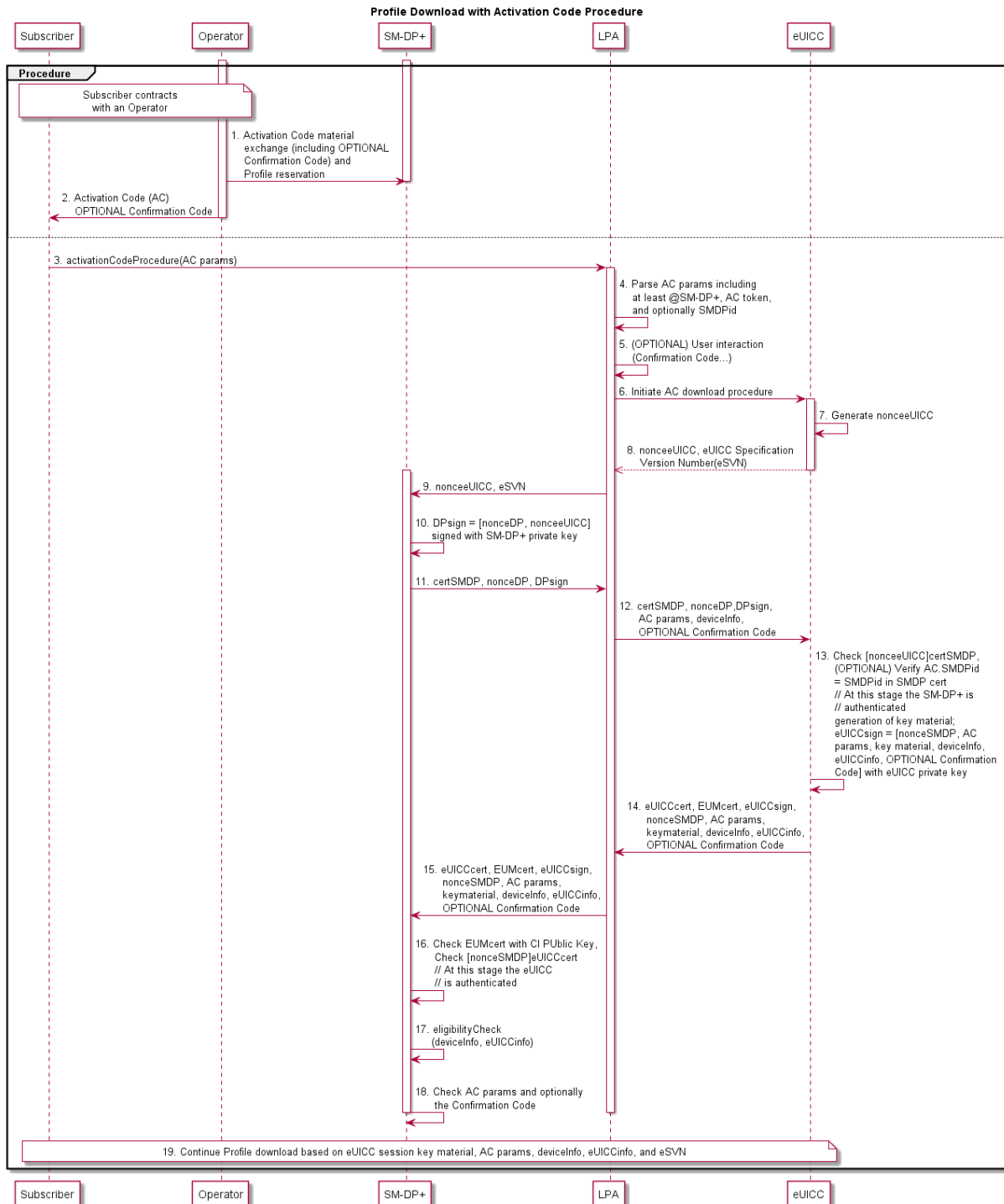


Figure 9: Profile Download with Activation Code Procedure

Start Conditions:

- a. A Subscription has been established by the Subscriber.
- b. An Activation Code has been provided to the End User and optionally a Confirmation Code (side channel).

Procedure:

1. The End User inputs the Activation Code to the LPA through the LUI.
2. The LPA parses the Activation Code parameters to recognise the SM-DP+ address, the Activation Code Token, and optionally the SMDPid; in addition, the LPA MAY parse in the Activation Token the information that a Confirmation Code is required.
3. If the Confirmation Code parameter in the Activation Code Token is set to “require Confirmation Code”, the End User is prompted to input a Confirmation Code provided to them by the issuing Operator/Service Provider.
4. The Activation Code download procedure is initiated by the LPA. The LPA requests a nonceeUICC from the eUICC.
5. The eUICC creates a nonceeUICC associated with the supported eUICC specification version number (eSVN).
6. The eUICC transmits the nonceeUICC associated with the supported eSVN to the LPA.
7. The LPA sends the nonceeUICC associated with the supported eSVN to the SM-DP+.

Note: Prior to this step a HTTPs session SHALL be established between the LPA and the SM-DP+ based on a public key of the Root certificate stored in the Device used for the TLS session.

8. Upon receiving the nonceeUICC and the associated eSVN, the SM-DP+ creates nonceSMDP and signs both the nonceSMDP and the nonceeUICC.
9. The SM-DP+ sends the signed nonceeUICC and nonceSMDP to the LPA.
10. The LPA collects the Activation Code parameters as well as the Device information needed for the eligibility procedure and optionally the Confirmation Code and transmits them with the signed nonceeUICC and nonceSMDP to the eUICC.
11. The eUICC checks the signature attached to the nonceeUICC. If the SMDPid is configured in the AC, the eUICC checks that the SMDPid provided by the LPA and the SMDPid in the SM-DP+ Certificate correspond. The SM-DP+ is at this stage authenticated by the eUICC. The eUICC generates key material that will be used for the session key establishment. The eUICC signs a set of information with the eUICC private key which includes:
 - a. The nonceSMDP
 - b. Key material created by the eUICC to calculate session keys for the preparation of the Bound Profile Package
 - c. Activation Code parameters
 - d. The Device and eUICC information
 - e. Optionally the Confirmation Code
12. The eUICC sends the signed set of information to the LPA in addition to:
 - a. The nonceSMDP

- b. Key material created by the eUICC to calculate session keys for the preparation of the Bound Profile Package
 - c. Activation Code parameters
 - d. The Device and eUICC information
 - e. The eUICC Certificate which includes the EID
 - f. The EUM Certificate
 - g. Optionally the Confirmation Code
- 13. The LPA sends the whole set of information received from the eUICC to the SM-DP+.
- 14. The SM-DP+ checks the EUM Certificate with the CI Public Key. The SM-DP+ checks the signature of the nonceSMDP; the eUICC is at this stage authenticated by the SM-DP+.
- 15. The SM-DP+ proceeds with the eligibility check based on the transmitted information (EID, Device information, eUICC information, eSVN).
- 16. The SM-DP+ checks the Activation Code parameters and optionally the Confirmation Code to retrieve the referenced Profile Package.
- 17. The Profile Package is downloaded to the eUICC:
 - a. The SM-DP+ establishes session keys with the eUICC.
 - b. A Bound Profile Package is prepared on the basis of the eUICC session key material and is downloaded and installed on the eUICC.
 - c. Successful installation of the Profile on the eUICC is acknowledged and the Operator is notified by the SM-DP+.
 - d. Successful installation of the Profile on the eUICC is acknowledged by the eUICC to the LPA which notifies the End User of the status.

End Conditions:

- a. A Bound Profile Package has been downloaded and installed on the eUICC in a Disabled state.
- b. The LPA MAY offer the Profile for enablement by the End User.

5.2 Local Profile Management Procedures

5.2.1 Enable Profile

This procedure performs the enabling of a target Profile. The request is given by the End User to the LPA.

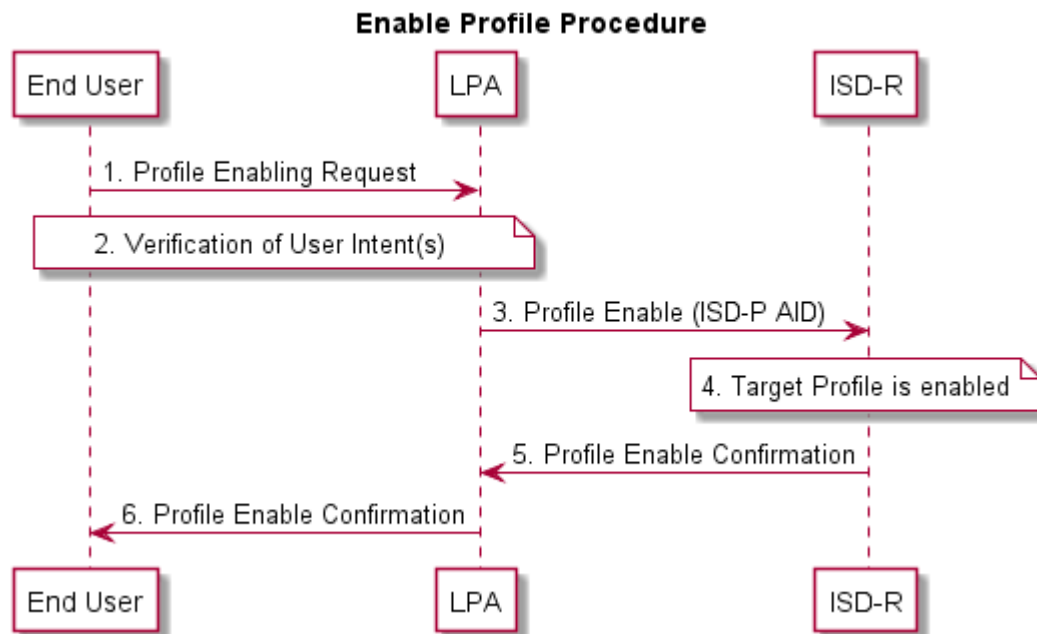


Figure 10: Enable Profile Procedure

Start conditions:

- a. The target Profile is disabled on the eUICC.
- b. The target Profile has been chosen by the End User.
- c. The LPA is authenticated to the eUICC as legitimate for performing Local Profile Management.

Procedure:

1. The End User makes a Profile enable request on the LPA.
2. User Intent is verified.
3. The LPA sends a Profile enable operation for the target Profile to the ISD-R on the eUICC.
4. The target Profile is enabled.
5. The ISD-R informs the LPA of the enabling of the Profile.
6. The End User is informed via the LPA.

End conditions:

- a. The target Profile is enabled.

5.2.2 Disable Profile

Profile disabling can be achieved by the following procedure. The request is given by the End User on the LPA.

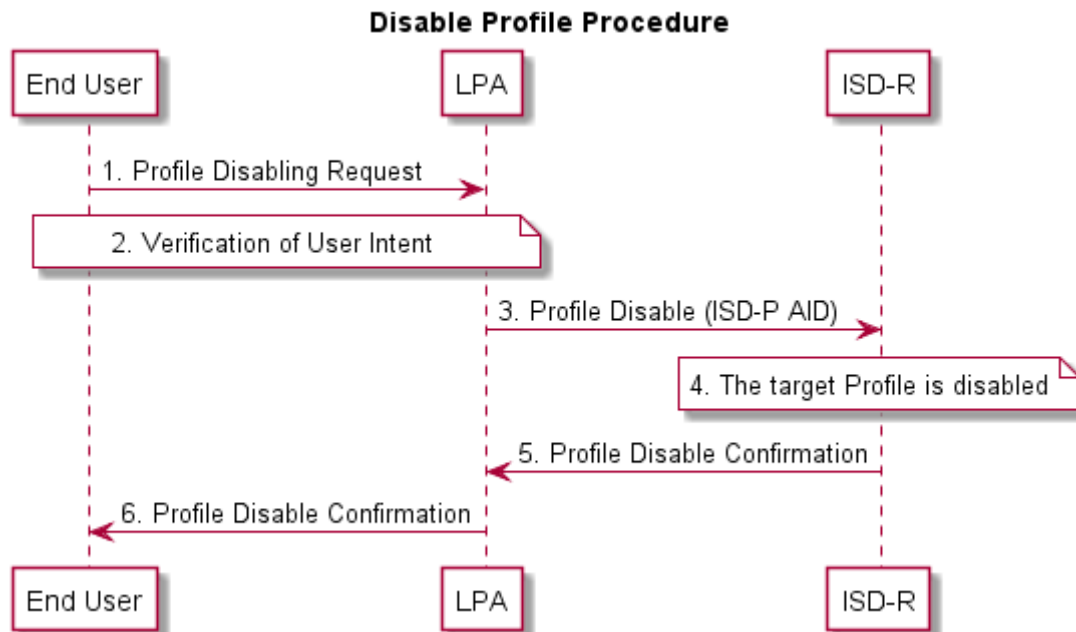


Figure 11: Disable Profile Procedure

Start conditions:

- a. The target Profile is enabled on the eUICC.
- b. The target Profile has been chosen by the End User.
- c. The LPA is authenticated to the eUICC as legitimate for performing Local Profile Management.

Procedure:

1. The End User makes a Profile disable request on the LPA.
2. User Intent is verified.
3. The LPA sends a Profile disable operation to the ISD-R on the eUICC.
4. The ISD-R disables the target Profile.
5. The ISD-R informs the LPA of the disabling of the Profile.
6. The End User is informed via the LPA.

End conditions:

- a. The target Profile is disabled.

5.2.3 Delete Profile

Profile deletion can be achieved by the following procedure. The request is given by the End User on the LPA.

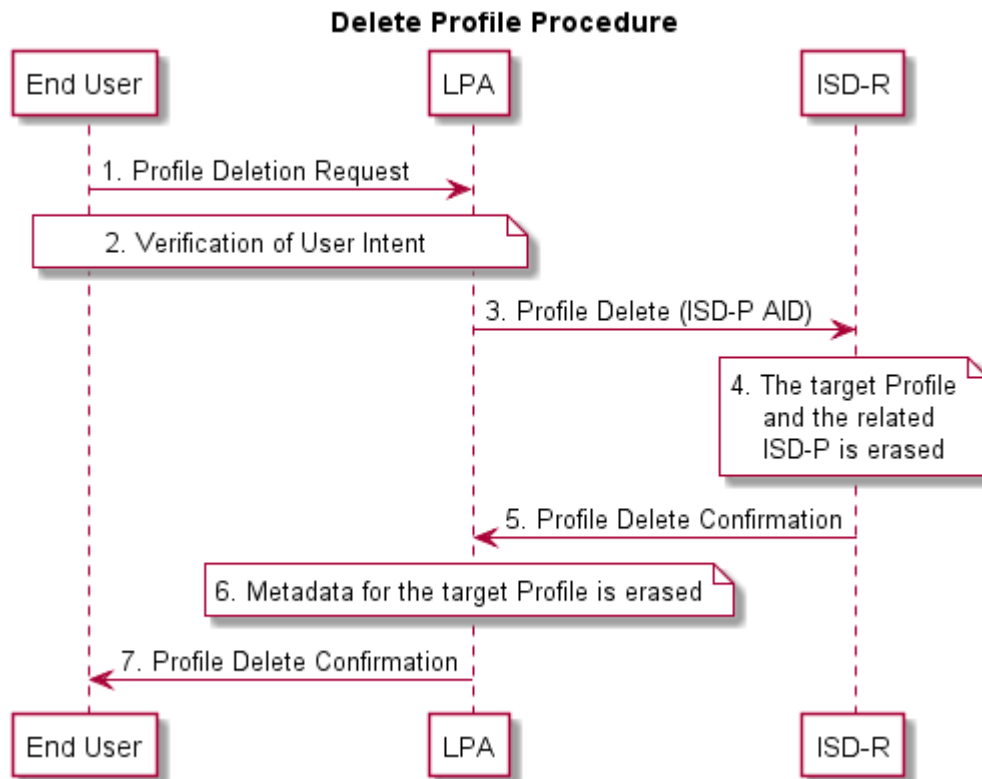


Figure 12: Delete Profile Procedure

Start conditions:

- a. The target Profile is disabled.
- b. The target Profile has been chosen by the End User
- c. The LPA is authenticated to the eUICC as legitimate for performing Local Profile Management.

Procedure:

1. The End User makes a Profile deletion request on the LPA.
2. User Intent is verified.
3. The LPA sends a Profile deletion operation for the target Profile to the ISD-R on the eUICC. The request includes the ISD-P AID of the target Profile.
4. The ISD-R erases the target Profile and the related ISD-P.
5. The ISD-R informs the LPA of the Profile deletion.
6. The Metadata for the target Profile is erased.
7. The End User is informed via the LPA.

End conditions:

- a. The target Profile is deleted.

5.2.4 Add/Update Profile Nickname

Add/update nickname will allow the Subscriber or End User to attribute a nickname to a Profile for ease of use. Note that adding or changing a nickname SHALL NOT affect any other data or other Metadata for that Profile.

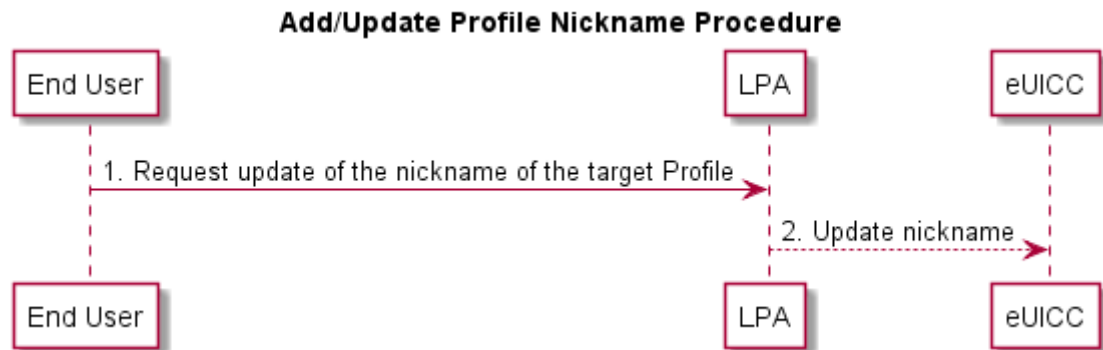


Figure 13: Add/Update Profile Nickname Procedure

Start conditions:

- a. User Intent has been verified.
- b. The target Profile has been chosen by the End User.
- c. The LPA is authenticated to the eUICC as legitimate for performing Local Profile Management.

Procedure:

1. The End User requests the update of the nickname on the LPA.
2. The LPA updates the Metadata of the target Profile with the user's choice of nickname in the eUICC.

End conditions:

- a. Metadata of the target Profile has been updated with the user's choice of nickname.

5.2.5 Query Profile Metadata

This procedure will allow the End User to query the metadata of the Profiles accessible to the End User. The result SHALL display all (or parts of) the Metadata for the selected Profile on the eUICC at the time of querying. No changes are made to any data on the eUICC as a result of this procedure.

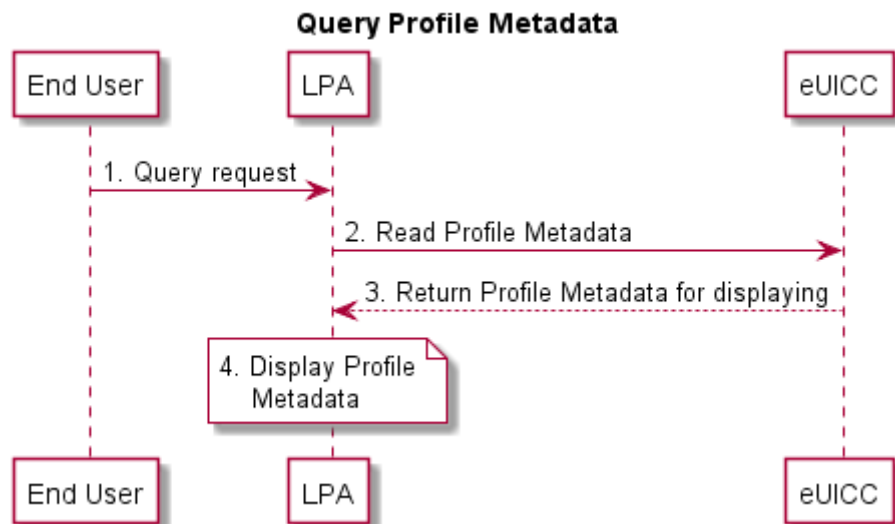


Figure 14: Query Profile Metadata Procedure

Start conditions:

- a. The LPA is authenticated to eUICC as legitimate for performing Local Profile Management.
- b. The list of Profiles accessible to the End User is displayed by the LPA(LUI).

Procedure:

1. The End User selects a Profile to query.
2. LPA receives a query request from the User.
3. LPA requests Profile Metadata from the eUICC.
4. LPA displays Profile Metadata to the User on the LUI.

End conditions:

- a. No change to Profile Metadata.

5.2.6 eUICC Memory Reset

This procedure performs the eUICC Memory Reset of the eUICC including its associated Profile Metadata. The request is given by the End User to the LPA.

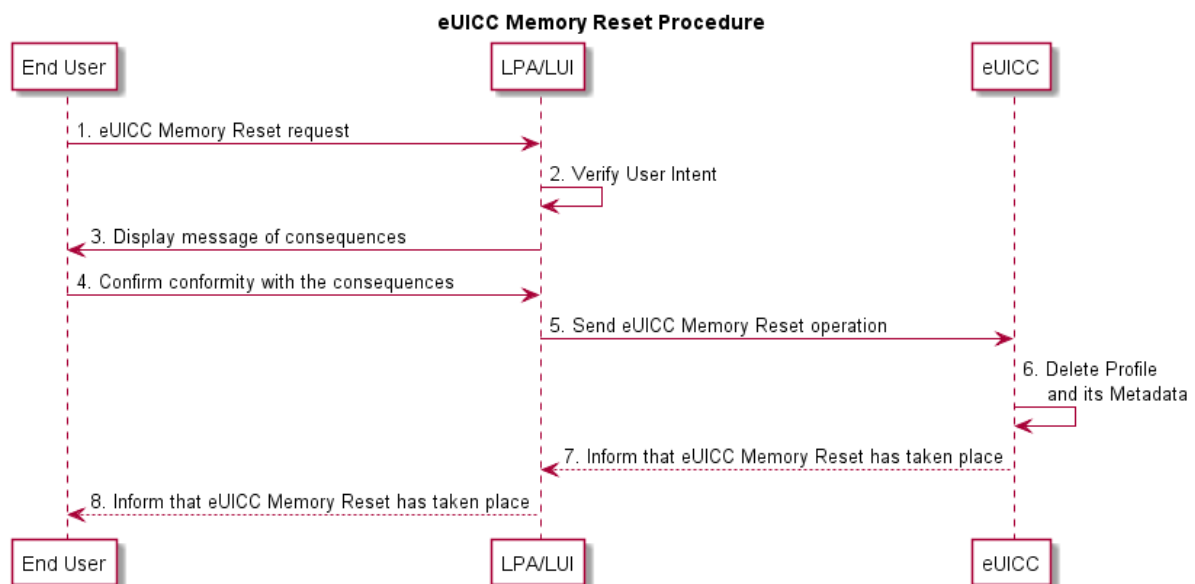


Figure 15 eUICC Memory Reset Procedure

Start conditions:

- a. The LPA is authenticated to the eUICC as legitimate for performing Local Profile Management.
- b. The eUICC Memory Reset option is displayed by the LPA (LUI).

Procedure:

1. The End User makes an eUICC Memory Reset request on the LPA (LUI).
2. User Intent is verified.
3. The LPA (LUI) displays a message of consequences of 'eUICC Memory Reset' to the End User.
4. The End User confirms the conformity with the consequences to the LPA.
5. The LPA sends an eUICC Memory Reset operation to the eUICC.
6. The eUICC deletes the Profile on the eUICC even if it is an Enabled Profile including the Metadata associated with it.
7. The eUICC informs the LPA of the eUICC Memory Reset of the eUICC.
8. The End User is informed via the LPA (LUI).

End conditions:

- a. The Profile is deleted from the eUICC.

5.2.7 Add Profile with Activation Code

This procedure will allow the Subscriber to add a single Profile. This procedure will not enable the downloaded Profile, nor disable an Enabled Profile. Network connectivity is assumed. The download can be initiated by the input of an Activation Code.

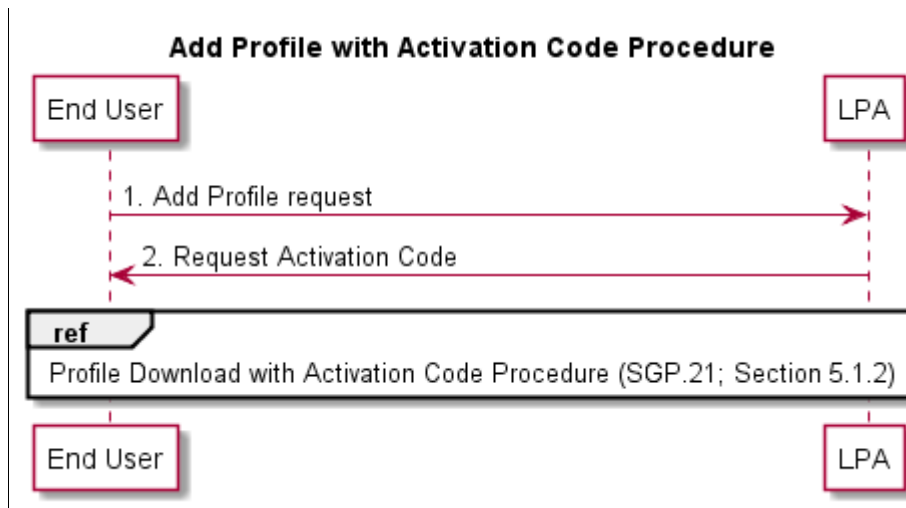


Figure 16: Add Profile with Activation Code Procedure

Start conditions:

- a. User Intent has been verified.
- b. The Download of a new Profile is allowed on the eUICC.
- c. The LPA is authenticated to eUICC as legitimate for performing Profile download.

Procedure:

1. The End User obtains an Activation Code to add a Profile to his Device.
2. The LPA requests the End User to enter the Activation Code.
3. Profile Download with Activation Code Procedure as described in Section 5.1.2 starts.

End conditions:

- a. The Profile has been installed on the User's Device.
- b. Profile Metadata has been updated from the Profile.

Annex A Security Threats, Risks and Creation Process Requirements (Informative)

New Profile on New Primary Device (Off Device Activation)

Risk no.	Risk description
INI1	Incomplete or corrupted Profile being pushed to the Subscriber.
INI2	Malicious eUICC party using privileged position in order to push unsolicited Profiles to Devices.

Table 24 New Profile on New Primary Device Risks

Profile Deletion

Risk no.	Risk description
IND1	Long term gathering of key materials due to a long term storage of delivered Profiles after their disabling.
IND2	Loss of sensitive data from discarded media supports (hard drives...)
IND3	Malware launching coordinated or isolated deletion of one or several Profiles leading to a loss of connectivity to an End User.
IND4	Accidental Profile deletion (e.g. unattended children...) leading to a loss of connectivity to an End User.
IND5	Non-tech-savvy or malicious Subscriber repeatedly deleting Profiles and asking for them to be reloaded leading to surcharge of provisioning servers.

Table 25 Profile Deletion Risks

Profile Switch

Risk no.	Risk description
INP1	Malicious Profile switching originating from an internal party.
INP2	Human error leading to the switching of alternate Profiles leading to a loss of connectivity.
INP3	Malware launching coordinated or isolated switching of one or several Profiles leading to a loss of connectivity.
INP4	Malware launching coordinated or isolated switching of one or several Profiles leading to major fraud scenarios.

Table 26 Profile Switching Risks

Profile Swap

Risk no.	Risk description
INS1	Race condition leading to the deactivation of all Profiles and a loss of connectivity.

Table 27 Profile Swapping Risks

Cryptographic Related Risks

Risk no.	Risk description
INO1	Loss or theft of private keys in one or several Profile Management components leading to the loss of confidentiality on the whole chain.
INO2	Inability to revoke compromised Certificates leading to the loss of trust on the whole Certificate chain.
INO3	Local law enforcement requests leading to the forceful disclosure of key materials.
INO4	Local law enforcement requests leading to the forceful compromise of key components.
INO5	Malicious or accidental revocation of Certificates leading to the denial of service on the whole provisioning Certificate chain.
INO6	Use of temporary symmetric cryptographic or “generic” key material during the Profile creation, temporary storage, transport, or long-term storage leading to single point of failure and attack being created.

Table 28 Cryptographic Related Risks

Quality of Service

Risk no.	Risk description
QoS1	Profile creation burst leading to the inability for the eUICC platforms to deliver expected service level.
QoS2	Denial of service on delivery platforms leading to the inability to deliver expected service level.
QoS3	Inability to recover from management communication failures leading to a temporary or permanent inability to deliver a Profile.

Table 29 Quality of Service Risks

Non-human or Unpredictable

Risk no.	Risk description
EXC1	Catastrophic event such as floods, earthquakes, etc. leading to the destruction of a datacentre.
EXC2	Geopolitical/Human events leading to the destruction of a datacentre.
EXC3	Change of regulation leading to partial or total loss of trust for an actor of the provisioning delivery chain (Operator, OEM, SIM vendor...).

Table 30 Non-human or Unpredictable Risks

New Profile during Subscriber Journey

Risk no.	Risk description
EXN1	Malicious pairing of new Device using unattended Primary or Companion Device.
EXN2	Use of public Wi-Fi for internet connectivity leading to the loss of confidentiality during the provisioning of Profile operations.
EXN3	Use of public Wi-Fi for internet connectivity leading to the tampering of registration information during provisioning of Profile operations.

Risk no.	Risk description
EXN4	Social engineering leading to the communication of OTP materials to attackers.
EXN5	Man-in-the-middle or eavesdropping during Profile provisioning leading to the loss of confidentiality.
EXN6	“Implicit authentication” (e.g. HTTP MSISDN enrichment) leading to the loss of authentication or Profile material.

Table 31 New Profile during Subscriber Journey Risks

Device Swap

Risk no.	Risk description
EXS1	Malicious Subscriber using race condition scenarios leading to Profiles being activated on both Devices.
EXS2	Malicious entity using weak swap procedures in order to compromise authentication vectors.

Table 32 Device Swapping Risks

Loss of Privacy

Risk no.	Risk description
PRI1	Improper handling, transport or disclosure of the EID or any user related data information leading to the use of the latter as a “super” user tracking identifier.
PRI2	eUICC management commands leading to the creation of unexpected and unpredicted « remote paging » or « remote control » commands used by 3rd parties to spy or compromise Devices or the Subscriber themselves.

Table 33 Loss of Privacy Risks

Others

Risk no.	Risk description
EXO1	Compromising of exchanges between Profile Management actors leading to the critical loss of private keys.
EXO2	Profile cloning due to unpredicted implementation routines for specific scenarios.

Table 34 Other Risks

Creation Process

Req no.	Requirement description
CRE1	Profiles failing to be created SHALL be securely deleted or at least purged of authentication vectors.
CRE2	Communication between systems participating in the Profile creation SHALL be protected in integrity and confidentiality.

Table 35 Creation Process Requirements

Annex B Profile Production Procedure (Informative)

B.1 Profile Production Procedure

Within the eUICC, the current functionality of the UICC is represented by a Profile. Just as with current UICCs, Profiles are the responsibility of the Operator and the Profile production is performed upon their request and permission (if not produced by the Operators themselves).

The same Operator procedures as in the current UICCs SHALL apply.

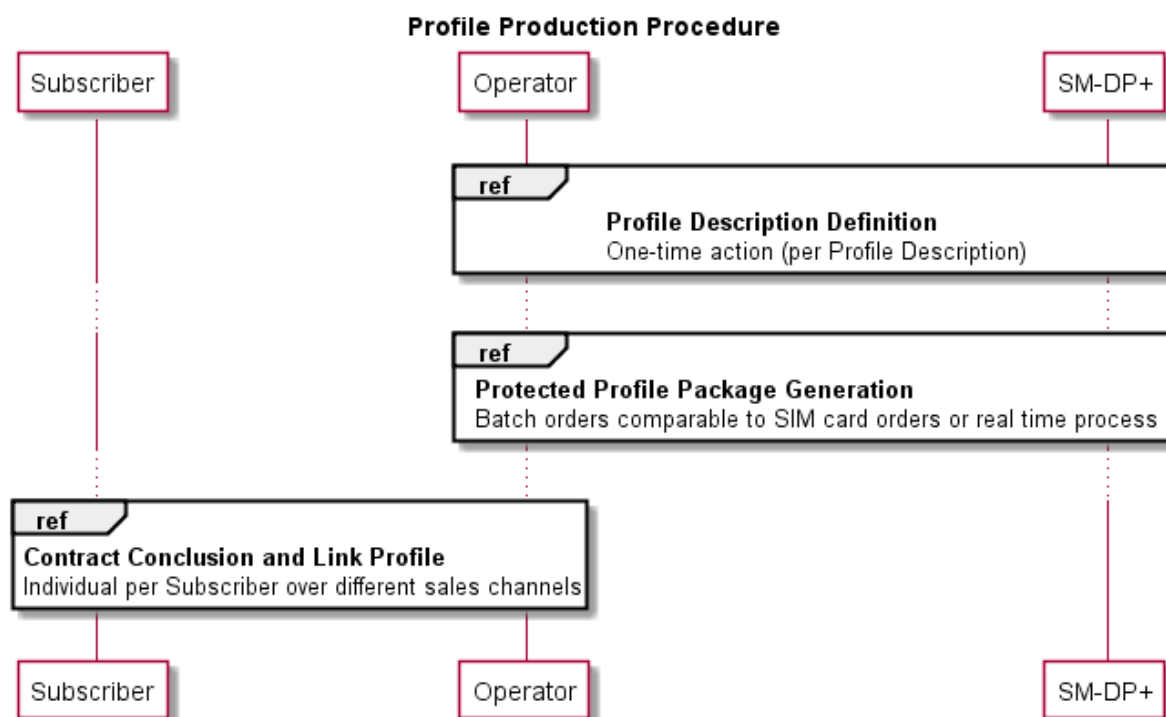


Figure 17: Profile Production Procedure

The Profile Production consists of three steps:

1. **Profile Description definition:** The SM-DP+ creates and registers a Profile Description based on the Operator Profile Description.
2. **Protected Profile Package generation:** The Profile Packages will be created, protected and stored. This step (batch type of operation or real time process) is only performed after an order of the respective Operator.
3. **Contract conclusion and Link Profile:** At the end of the contract conclusion, an Activation Code is delivered to the End User and the Profile MAY be allocated for this contract.

Note: The generation of the Bound Profile Package is part of the Profile download with Activation Code procedure in Section 5.1.2.

B.1.1 Profile Description Definition

The Profile Description definition MAY comprise of the following sequences:

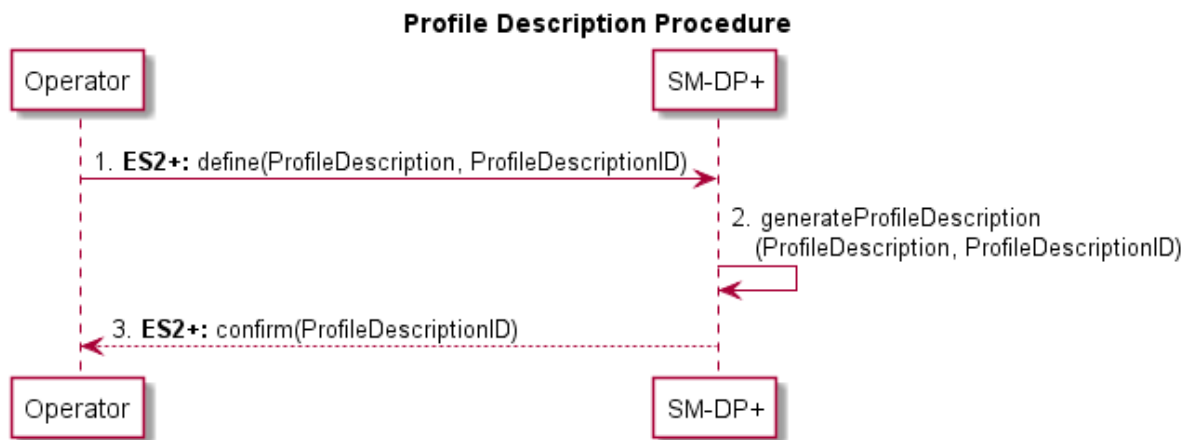


Figure 18: Profile Description Procedure

Start Conditions:

- Contractual relationship between the Operator and the SM-DP+.

Procedure:

- The Operator defines its different profile types (identified by a [non-standardised] Profile Description ID) which contains the Network Access Application like USIM, file structure, data and applications, etc.
- The SM-DP+ creates the Profile Descriptions based on the Operators input with the corresponding Profile Description ID.
- The SM-DP+ confirms the Profile Description definition e.g. by sending the corresponding Profile Description ID.

Note: An Operator can define multiple Profile Descriptions with the SM-DP+

End Condition:

- The Operator is able to order Protected Profile Packages based on Profile Description IDs.

B.1.2 Protected Profile Package Generation

The Protected Profile Package Generation MAY comprise of the following sequences:

This procedure MAY apply between the Profile Description definition, and the Contract conclusion and Link Profile, depending on whether the Protected Profile Package is created on demand or prepared in advance.

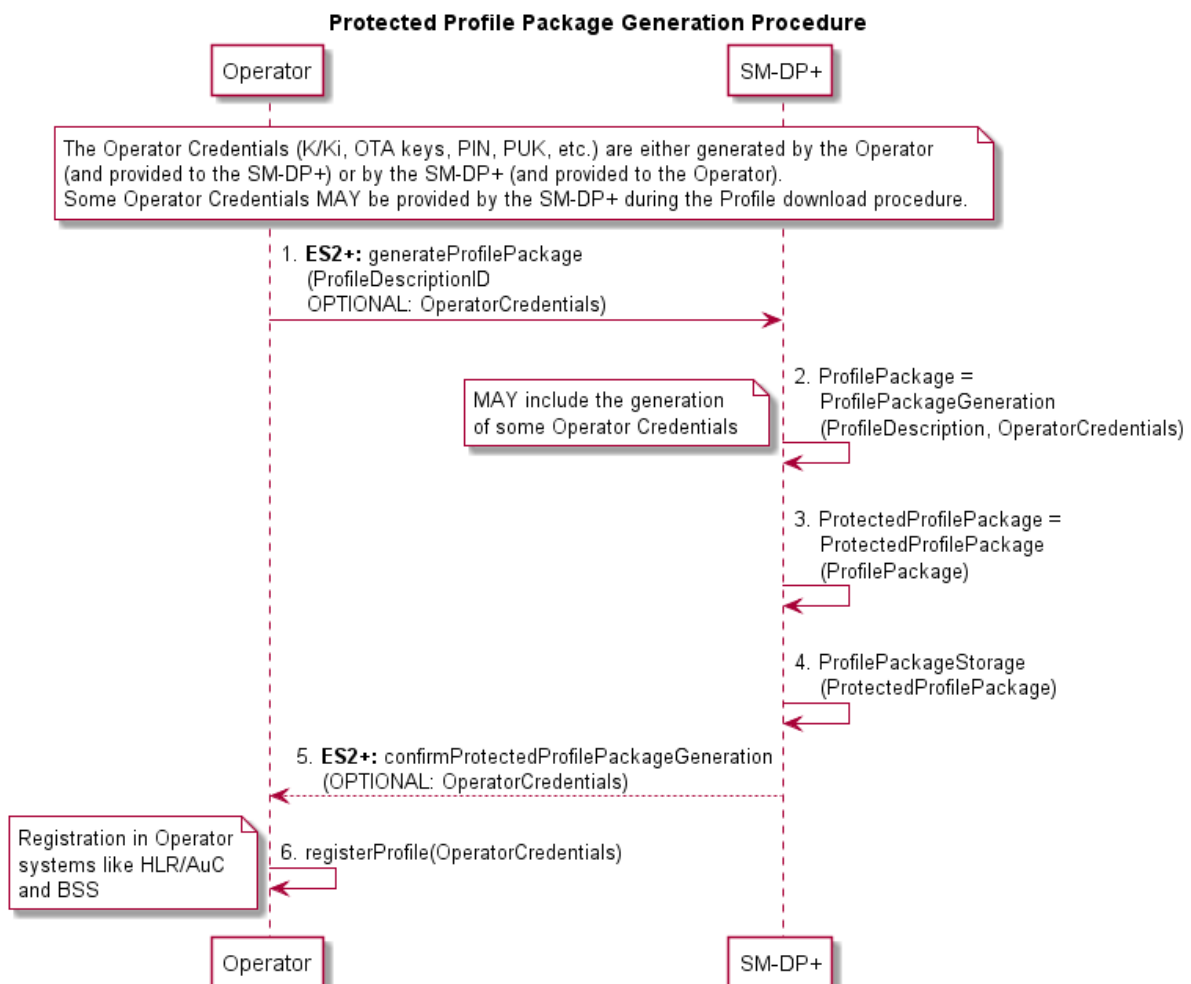


Figure 19: Protected Profile Package Generation Procedure

Start Conditions:

- Profile Description definition

Procedure:

- The Operator orders the Protected Profile Package generation by providing the SM-DP+ with the Profile Description ID and some corresponding Operator input data (credentials e.g. ICCID, IMSI). The Operator input data required for Protected Profile Package generation (IMSI, ICCID, K/Ki, OTA Keys, PIN, PUK, etc.) is either created by the Operator (and provided to the SM-DP+) or by the SM-DP+ (and provided to the Operator).

2. The SM-DP+ creates the Profile Packages.
3. The SM-DP+ creates the Protected Profile Packages.
4. The SM-DP+ stores the Protected Profile Packages (securely).
5. The SM-DP+ confirms the Protected Profile Package generation, and eventually sends the additional Operator input data created by the SM-DP+.
6. The Operator registers the Operator data in the Operator systems like HLR/AuC and BSS.

End Condition:

- a. The ordered Protected Profile Packages are available at the SM-DP+. The Operator is able to activate these Subscriptions and a Profile download can be triggered upon binding to an EID.

B.1.3 Contract Conclusion and Link Profile

The Activation Code has to be provided to the End User in order to achieve the Profile download procedure. The contract conclusion and Link Profile procedure describes different scenarios to link a contract with the Activation Code process. The following options are described below:

- **Activation Code with known EID:** The EID is given by the Subscriber to the Operator during the conclusion of the contract.
- **Activation Code with unknown EID:** The EID is not given by the Subscriber to the Operator during the conclusion of the contract. The EID is only provided to the SM-DP+ during the Profile download procedure and is given back from the SM-DP+ to the Operator.
- **Activation code with EID provided to the Operator in step 2 of Figure 22:** The EID is not immediately given by the Subscriber during the contract conclusion, but provided in step 2 to the Operator.

The contract reference MAY be, but not necessarily, any Activation Code parameter (e.g. token), ICCID or the IMSI.

In any case, the SM-DP+ SHALL be able to allocate and link a Profile to the corresponding eUICC during the Profile download procedure.

B.1.3.1 Activation Code with Known EID

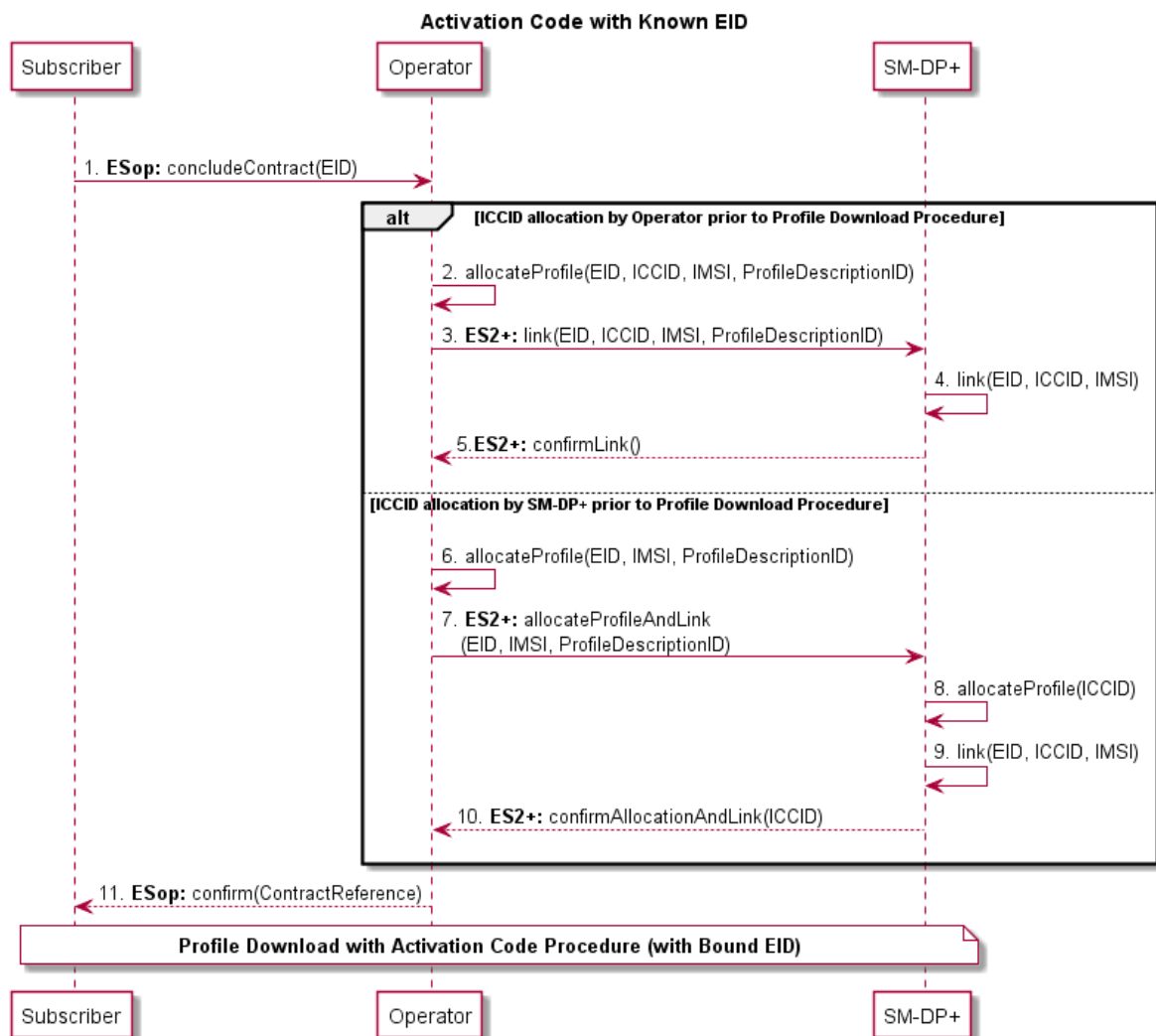


Figure 20: Activation Code with Known EID Procedure

Procedure:

Steps 1-11 in Error! Reference source not found.: Contract conclusion with known EID

1. The Subscriber concludes a contract with the Operator and provides the EID during this process.
2. to 5. **Alternatively 'ICCID allocation by Operator prior to Profile download procedure'**: The Operator allocates the Profile and sends the EID, IMSI and ICCID to the SM-DP+. The SM-DP+ links the different parameters and confirms this to the Operator.
6. to 10. **Alternatively 'ICCID allocation by SM-DP+ prior to Profile download procedure'**: The Operator sends the EID, the IMSI and the Profile Description ID to the SM-DP+. The SM-DP+ allocates an ICCID to a corresponding Profile, links the different parameters and confirms the allocated ICCID and the link to the Operator.
11. The Operator confirms the contract conclusion to the Subscriber with the corresponding information (contract reference).

End Condition:

- a. The Subscriber has concluded a contract and a valid Subscription with the Operator.
- b. The SM-DP+ is informed about a future download Profile procedure request.

B.1.3.2 Activation Code with Unknown EID

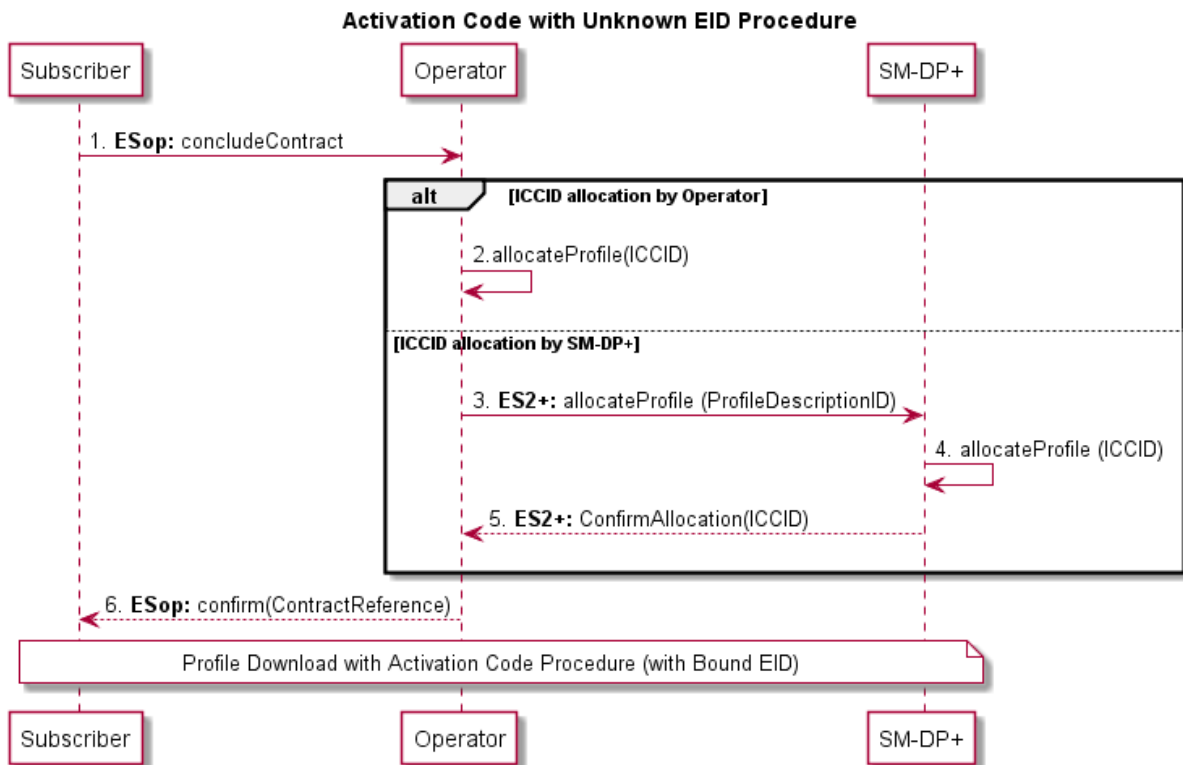


Figure 21: Activation Code with Unknown EID Procedure

Procedure:

Steps 1-6 inError! Reference source not found.: Contract conclusion without EID

1. The Subscriber concludes a contract with the Operator without knowledge about the target eUICC (EID).
2. **Alternatively 'ICCID allocation by Operator':** The Operator allocates the Profile (ICCID)
3. to 5. **Alternatively 'ICCID allocation by SM-DP+':** The Operator sends the Profile template (ID) to the SM-DP+. The SM-DP+ allocates a corresponding Profile (ICCID) and sends the allocated ICCID to the Operator.
6. The Operator confirms the contract conclusion to the Subscriber with the corresponding information (contract reference).

End Condition:

- a. The Subscriber has concluded a contract and a valid Subscription with the Operator.
- b. The SM-DP+ is informed about a future download Profile procedure request.

B.1.3.3 Activation Code with EID Provided to the Operator in Step 2

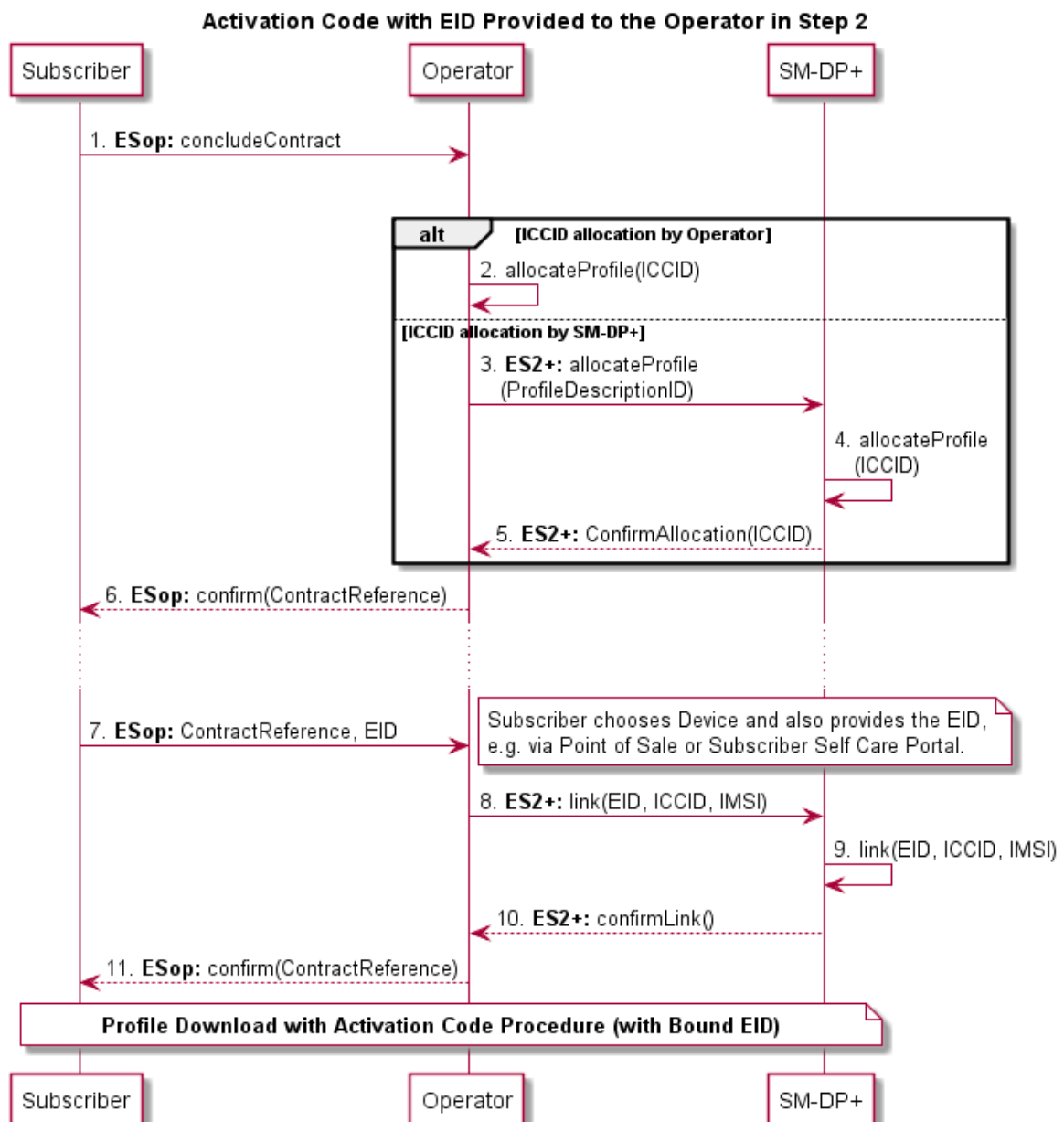


Figure 22: Activation Code with EID Provided to the Operator in Step 2

Procedure:

Steps 1-11 inError! Reference source not found.: Activation code with EID provided to the Operator in Step 2

1. The Subscriber concludes a contract with the Operator without knowledge about the target eUICC (EID).
2. **Alternatively 'ICCID allocation by Operator':** The Operator allocates the Profile (ICCID)

3. to 5. **Alternatively 'ICCID allocation by SM-DP+':** The Operator sends the Profile template (ID) to the SM-DP+. The SM-DP+ allocates a corresponding Profile (ICCID) and sends the allocated ICCID to the Operator.
6. The Operator confirms the contract conclusion to the Subscriber with the corresponding information (contract reference).
7. After the Subscriber has chosen the Device/eUICC, the EID is provided together with the contract reference to the Operator.
8. to 10. The Operator requests the linking of the eUICC (EID) and Profile (ICCID) by the SM-DP+. The SM-DP+ links the EID and the ICCID and confirm this to the Operator.
11. The Operator confirms the linking of the EID to the corresponding contract to the Subscriber.

End Condition:

- a. The Subscriber has concluded a contract and a valid Subscription with the Operator.
- b. The SM-DP+ is informed about a future download Profile procedure request.

Annex C Document Management

C.1 Document History

Version	Date	Brief Description of Change	Approval Authority	Editor / Company
V1.0	03/12/15	First Release with amendments from Security review.	PSMC	Carmen Kwok, GSMA

Other Information

Type	Description
Document Owner	Carmen Kwok
Editor / Company	GSMA

It is our intention to provide a quality product for your use. If you find any errors or omissions, please contact us with your comments. You may notify us at prd@gsma.com

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