19<sup>th</sup> April 2023

GSMA

# Challenges identified in the Network and Roaming Working Group

Issues	Impact
MNOs unable to sunset 2G/3G networks	5G roll out is delayed as MNOs unable to use 2G/3G spectrum
OEMs block unknown VoLTE networks	Operational costs of maintaining old networks
OEMs block VoLTE roaming	Regional device blocking
Variations in network settings despite GSMA Network Settings Exchange	Testing logistics - shipping of test devices expensive and impractical at volume
Lack of industry VoLTE interoperability experience	Large OEMs will not provide the time or resource to smaller MNOs
~ 500 LTE networks yet to launch VoLTE increases roaming testing exponentially	Scale prevents direct testing ~2000 VoLTE capable devices ~350 new ones per year



### NG Testing PRD & TSG Endorsement for OMDs

## GSMA Networks Group agreed the VoLTE test methodology

We have adopted the GSMA NG defined VoLTE testing methodology, documented in IR.25 PRD, for GSMA Interoperability Testing

IR.25 documents the specification of the end-to-end functional capability tests for VoLTE roaming

Recent changes enhance emergency call testing in line with VRE TF recommendations

## **GSMA Terminal Steering Group** supports the VoLTE tests

Both OEM and operator members in TSG have endorsed the tests through the creation of TS.59 PRD (Device Type Naming Requirements)

An OMD no longer blocks an accredited network using a known / supported IMS profile

TS.59 is a reference document to align all device types in markets around the world to enable a common baseline, it references SIM locked, OEM locked, unlocked, custom and open market device types



### NRG recommendation: GSMA loP VoLTE testing



#### MNO / MVNO

### Network Test

- Network examined via test equipment acting as a reference device
- Test uses the IMS configuration settings of the network



#### MNO / MVNO

### Network Roaming Test

- Testing of two S8HR VoLTE roaming networks via test equipment acting as a reference device in each network
- The test uses the respective IMS configuration settings of each network



#### Manufacturer / OEM

#### Device Test

- Testing of a device against test equipment (i.e. a simulated network) of an IMS-based service
- The device is tested against the recommended IR.25 device profiles to generically test its IMS service capability



#### MNO / MVNO and OEM

### Network & Device Test

- Real device tested against already tested network
- The network is an emulation of the real network based on message traces taken during the network only test
- The test uses the IMS configuration settings of the MNO network



### **Evolution of device testing**



#### **Device Test**

- Testing of a device against test equipment (i.e. a simulated network) of an IMS-based service
- The device is tested against the recommended IR.25 device profiles to generically test its IMS service capability



#### **Device Test (Self-Accreditation)**

- The GSMA also permits an OEM to carry out selfaccreditation in their own labs to prove compliance of its devices for IMSbased services against P#6.
- Self accredited devices are requested to unlock VoLTE for all accredited networks using P#4 or P#6 as recommended in GSMA PRD TS.59.



- Real device tested against already tested network
- The network is an emulation of the real network based on message traces taken during the network only test
- The test uses the IMS configuration settings of the MNO network



### Companies involved in VoLTE IoP Testing

MNOs/ MVNOs	OEMs
Altan Redes	Google
Andorra Telecom	HMD
APUA	Huawei
ASTCA	ОРРО
Evolve Cellular	Samsung
Gibtel	Sony
LTC Mobile	Unisoc
Manx Telecom	
Post Luxembourg	
Truphone	
Union Telephone	

**VoLTE Test Results** 



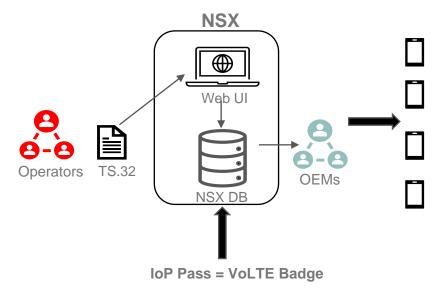
### **GSMA Network Settings Exchange - VoLTE badge**

One location, where MNOs can share their latest IMS network settings with OEMs, so services run reliably across all devices, worldwide.

90%
of the world's devices reached

OEMs
participating

location to access the world's OEMs





### **Our Goal**

## **Build confidence** and **trust** between MNOs + OEMs to get away from 1:1 testing everywhere

### **MNO Strategy**

- Focus on P#4 or P#6 profiles
- Both support SMSoIP and differ in that the latter also includes VoWiFi
- MNO planning VoLTE starts with P#4 and can migrate to P#6
- Recognise IoP tests attract smaller MNOs and MVNOs
- Continued engagement with OEMs to try to speed up device unlocking for accredited networks

### **OEM Strategy**

- Self-Certification of Devices
  - Aimed at "bigger" manufacturers
  - Devices tested in-house and traces provided to GSMA
  - A certificate is then issued.
- Promote device test to smaller manufacturers
- Encourage testing in accredited networks (own QA test, lend devices or unlock in-hand devices)
- Request OEMs unlock IR.25 compliant networks (via NSX)
- Encourage all OEMs to adopt the similar noncertified carrier strategy as Apple



### Thank you

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