



### Introduction



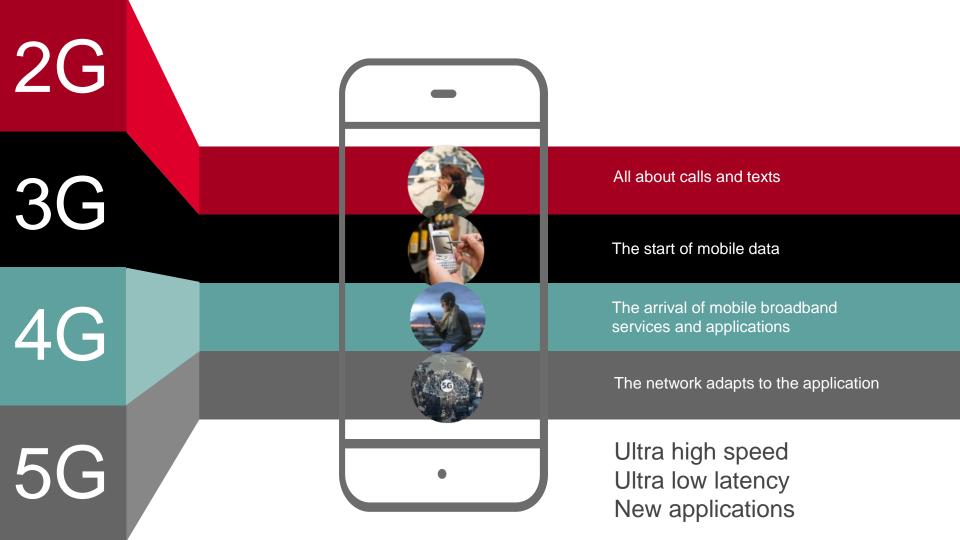


# **Mats Granryd**



### John Giusti







### 5G Ramps Up

5G

LG Uplus is seeing 1.3 gigabytes of data a day per subscriber in the early days of its 5G launch

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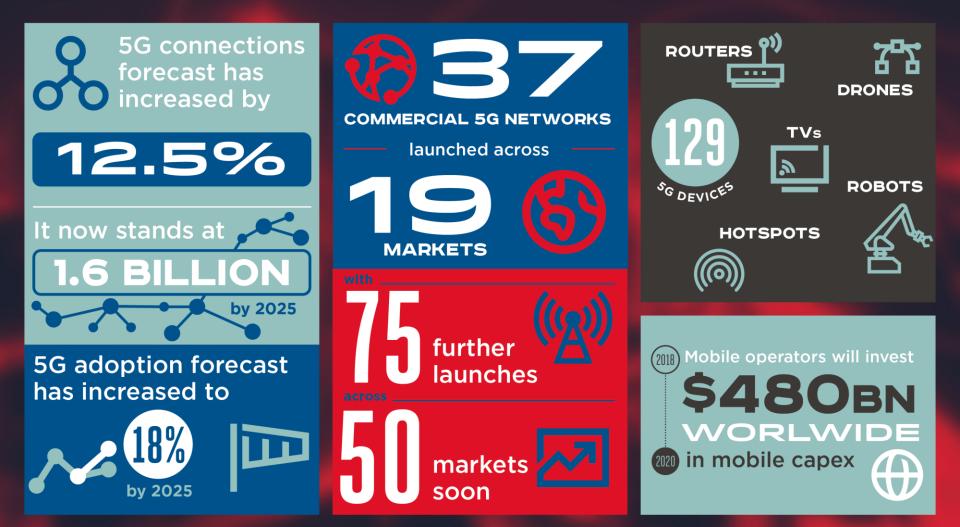


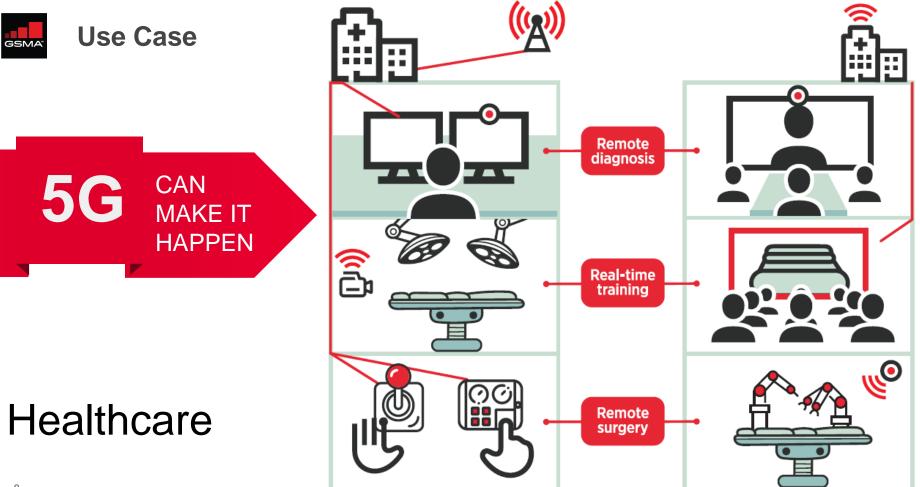
Early 5G data usage has tripled, according to SK Telecom, in comparison with 4G

5G Mobi orld's First 5G structure ederated Network Co-develo Slicing Technology Development ture and service for SG service are all Welcome to resent Early Stage 5G lueprint to NGMN Self-Driving Car KORE Successfully Test **Pupe 26 kilomet** Smart City Deployment Using LoRe SK telecom



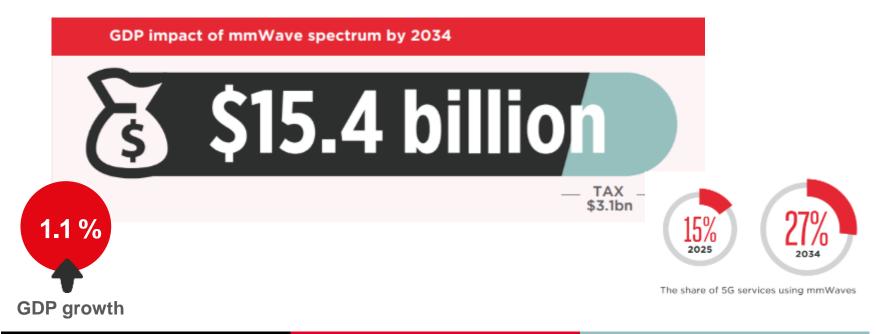
In Saudi, 1820 TB of data, a 66% increase in daily consumption, were consumed over Hajj in Mecca using networks including 37 5G sites







# The socio-economic benefits of mmWave 5G (2020-2034) Middle East and North Africa Edition







# **5G ECOSYSTEM UPDATE**

Noel Kirkaldy GSA Arab States



**VISION** 



large contiguous amounts of high band (mmWave) harmonised spectrum, with suitable regulatory conditions, helps enable extreme capacity and ultra fast local area services. planning for the future with WRC-23 mid & low band agenda item

HOW

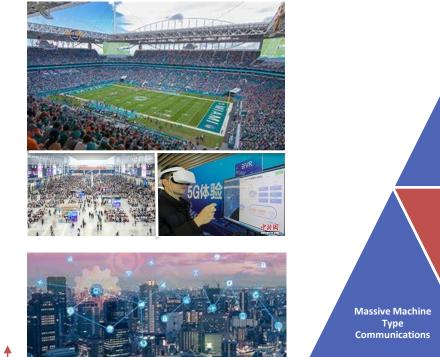
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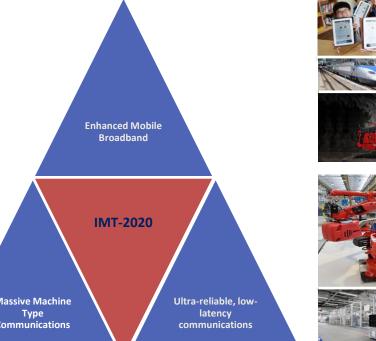
spectrum from the low-band, mid-band and high-band frequency ranges helps realise the Vision



wirelessly connect almost all 7 billion people globally to new and exciting services through 100 billion devices and things, by 2030 **USE CASES** 















Release 15 complete (2017-2019)

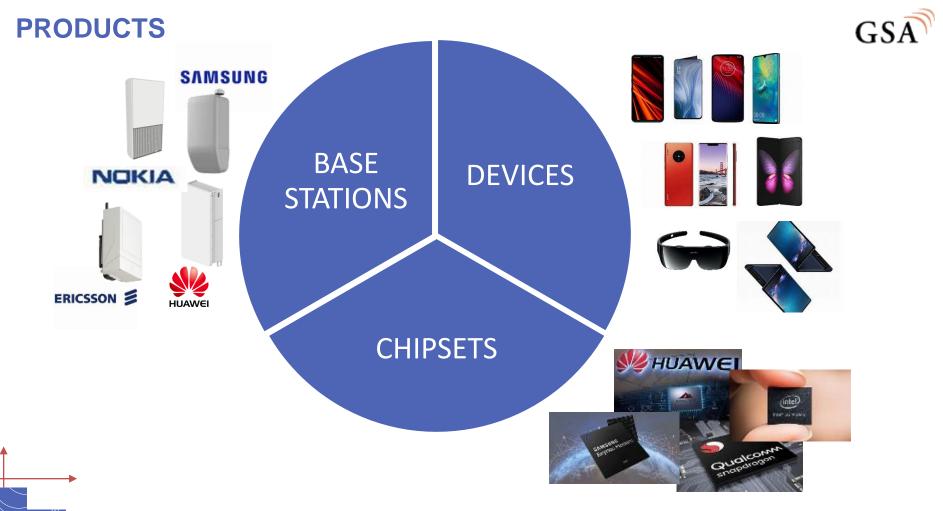
Release 16 development (2018-2020)

Enhancements, Unlicensed, URLLC+ & IoT+, V2X, etc

Release 17 planning (2019-2021)

Enhancements to support verticals, coverage improvements, NTN, etc

#### **3GPP 5G specs complete – work underway on enhancements**



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**SPECTRUM** 





High band Extreme capacity e.g. 24.25-29.5, 37-43.5 GHz etc 800-1000 MHz MNO/Network contiguous 2020 onwards

eMBB, URLLC, mMTC (no deep coverage) Mid bande.g. 2.3, 2.6, 3.3–4.2, 4.4-5 GHz etcBoth coverage & capacity80-100 MHz MNO contiguous 2020 onwards

Wide area coverage, deep indoor (mMTC, eMBB, URLLC) Low band Extended coverage e.g. 600, 700 MHz etc Upto 20 MHz channel bandwidth 2020 onwards

#### Various applications and services require access to spectrum from low, mid and high bands

# The Road to 5G with GSA

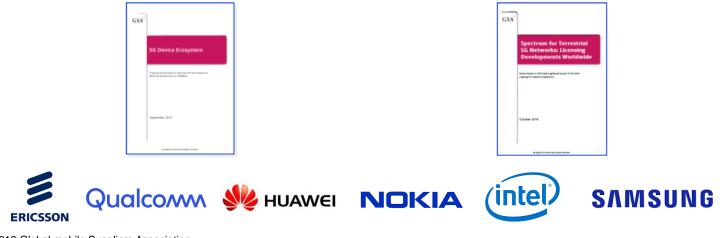
The Industry Voice of the Global Mobile Ecosystem

Facts - Figures - Graphs - Reports - Market Monitoring - Analysis - Advocacy - Databases... Read Mores

### **THANK YOU**

#### Check out <u>www.gsacom.com</u> for regular report updates

#### 5G ecosystem update



#### 5G licensing update



### **Geraldo Neto**



# Industry Perspective

### October 2019





## 5G is expected to contribute \$2.2 trillion to global GDP

STRUCTURE OF GDP CONTRIBUTIONS BY VERTICAL IN MENA, 2034

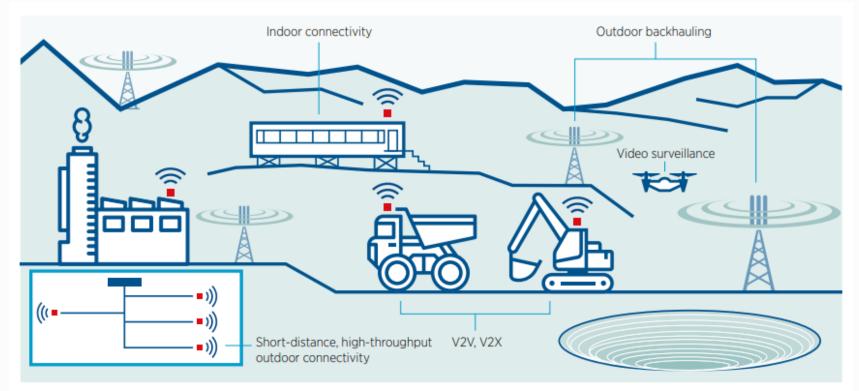
#### Agriculture and mining ICT and trade mmWave band contribution mmWave contribution 5% 15% to 5G total tax revenue to total GDP \$565bn \$152bn 29% 17% Manufacturing \$15.4bn Public services Total 5G tax and utilities revenue: \$2.2tr \$588bn Professional and financial services 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2025 2026 2033 2034 2024

ESTIMATED IMPACT ATTRIBUTABLE TO MMWAVE SPECTRUM ON GDP AND TAX REVENUE

Source: TMG.

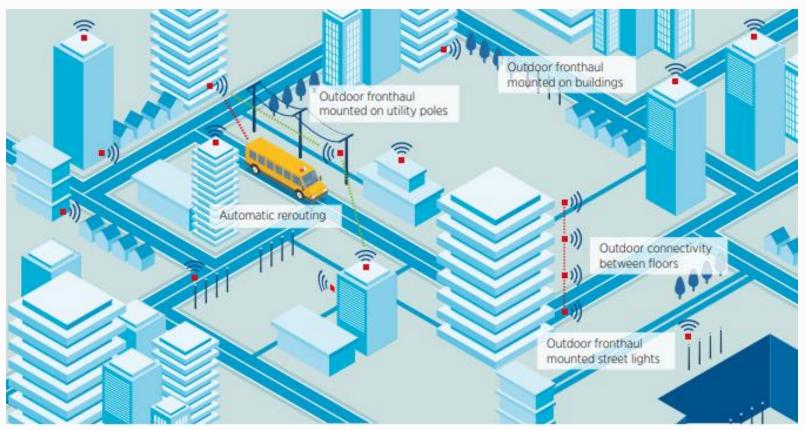


### Case Study: Extractive Industries



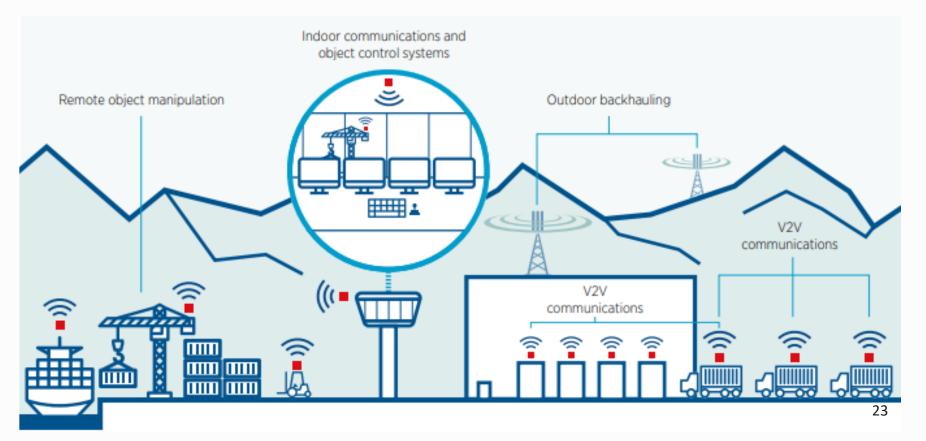


### Case Study: Connectivity





### Case Study: Smart transportation logistics hubs





**Geraldo Neto** 

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### **Mohamed Abbes**







### 26 GHz (24.25-27.5 GHz)

- Limits to protect EESS (passive)
   -28 to -32 dB(W/200MHz)
- No conditions necessary for FSS/ISS since sharing studies show significant protection margin

### **40 GHz** (37-43.5 GHz)

- Identification of whole range provides
   harmonisation with other Regions
- FSS downlink: ES sharing is a national issue
- FSS uplink: sharing studies show a significant protection margin

# **50 GHz** (45.5-52.6 GHz)

- Good options to support future 5G
  growth
- Studies have been performed and show sharing is possible

66 GHz

(66-71 GHz)

- Flexible use for unlicensed 5G systems - both IMT and non-IMT technologies
- Shared with WiGig
- Supported by APT, ATU, ASMG, CEPT



### WRC-23 supported bands

GSMA supports WRC-23 AIs for IMT in 470-960 MHz, and consideration of the bands below

3	5	7	9 1	1 13	1524 GHz
3.3-3.8 GHz 3.8-4.2 GHz	4.8-5.0 GHz 5.925-6.425 GHz	6.425-7.125 GHz 7.125-8.5 GHz		10.7-11.7 GHz	14.3-15.35 GHz



### **Experiences at the GSMA stand**



City of the Future VR experience



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